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The History Of Tom Jones, A Foundling

In Four Volumes

Fielding, Henry London, 1750

Book VI. Containing about three Weeks.

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THE

HISTORY

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FOUNDLING.

BOOK VI.

Containing about three Weeks.

CHAP. I.

Of Love.

N our last Book we have been obliged to deal pretty much with the Passion of Love; and, in our succeeding Book, shall be forced to handle this Subject still more largely. It may not, therefore, in this Place, be improper to apply ourselves to the Examination of that modern Doctrine, by which certain Philosophers, among many other wonderful Discoveries, pretend to have found out, that there is no such Passion in the human Breast.

Whether these Philosophers be the same with that surprising Sect, who are honourably men-Vol. II. B tioned tioned by the late Dr. Swift; as having, by the mere Force of Genius alone, without the least Affistance of any Kind of Learning, or even Reading, discovered that profound and invaluable Secret, That there is no God: or whether they are not rather the same with those who, some Years fince, very much alarmed the World, by shewing that there were no such Things as Virtue or Goodness really existing in Human Nature, and who deduced our best Actions from Pride, I will not here prefume to determine. In reality, I am inclined to suspect, that all these feveral Finders of Truth are the very identical Men, who are by others called the Finders of Gold. The Method used in both these Searches, after Truth and after Gold, being indeed one and the fame; viz. the fearching, rummaging, and examining into a nasty Place; indeed, in the former Instances, into the nastiest of all Places, A BAD MIND.

But though, in this Particular, and perhaps in their Succeis, the Truth-finder, and the Gold-finder, may very properly be compared together; yet in Modesty, surely, there can be no Comparison between the two; for who ever heard of a Gold-finder that had the Impudence or Folly to affert, from the ill Succeis of his Search, that there was no such thing as Gold in the World? Whereas the Truth-finder, having raked out that Jakes, his own Mind, and being there capable of tracing no Ray of Divinity, nor any thing virtuous, or good, or lovely, or loving, very fairly, honestly, and logically concludes, that no such

things exist in the whole Creation.

To avoid, however, all Contention, if poffible, with these Philosophers, if they will be called fo; and to fhew our own Disposition to accommodate Matters peaceably between us, we shall here make them some Concessions, which may possibly put an End to the Dispute.

First, we will grant that many Minds, and perhaps those of the Philosophers, are entirely free from the least Traces of such a Passion.

Secondly, That what is commonly called Love, namely, the Defire of fatisfying a voracious Appetite with a certain Quantity of delicate white human Flesh, is by no means that Passion for which I here contend. This is indeed more properly Hunger; and as no Glutton is ashamed to apply the Word Love to his Appetite, and to say he Loves such and such Dishes; so may the Lover of this Kind, with equal Propriety say, he Hungers after such and such Women.

Thirdly, I will grant, which I believe will be a most acceptable Concession, that this Love for which I am an Advocate, though it satisfies it-felf in a much more delicate Manner, doth nevertheless seek its own Satisfaction as much as

the groffest of all our Appetites.

And, Lassly, That this Love, when it operates towards one of a different Sex, is very apt, towards its complete Gratification, to call in the Aid of that Hunger which I have mentioned above; and which it is so far from abating, that it heightens all its Delights to a Degree scarce imaginable by those who have never been susceptible of any other Emotions, than what have proceeded from Appetite alone.

In return to all these Concessions, I desire of the Philosophers to grant, that there is in some (I believe in many) human Breasts, a kind and benevolent Disposition, which is gratisted by

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contributing to the Happiness of others. That in this Gratification alone, as in Friendship, in parental and filial Affection, as indeed in general Philanthrophy, there is a great and exquifite Delight. That if we will not call fuch Disposition Love, we have no Name for it. That though the Pleasures arising from such pure Love may be heightened and fweetened by the Affiftance of amorous Defires, yet the former can fubfift alone, nor are they destroyed by the Intervention of the latter. Laftly, That Efteem and Gratitude are the proper Motives to Love, as Youth and Beauty are to Defire; and therefore though fach Desire may naturally cease, when Age or Sickness overtakes its Object; yet these can have no Effect on Love, nor ever shake or remove from a good Mind, that Sensation or Paffion which hath Gratitude and Effeem for its Basis.

To deny the Existence of a Passion of which we often see manifest Instances, seems to be very strange and absurd; and can indeed proceed only from that Self-Admonition which we have mentioned above: But how unsair is this? Doth the Man who recognizes in his own Heart no Traces of Avarice or Ambition, conclude therefore that there are no such Passions in Human Nature? Why will we not modestly observe the same Rule in judging of the Good, as well as the Evil of others? Or why, in any Case, will we, as Shake-spear phrases it, seput the World in our own

Person? Predominant Vanity is, I am afraid, too much concerned here. This is one Instance of that Adulation which we bestow on our own Minds, and this almost universally. For there is scarce

any

any Man, how much foever he may despife the Character of a Flatterer, but will condescend in the meanest Manner to flatter himself.

To those, therefore, I apply for the Truth of the above Observations, whose own Minds can bear Testimony to what I have advanced.

Examine your Heart, my good Reader, and resolve whether you do believe these Matters with me. If you do, you may now proceed to their Exemplification in the following Pages; if you do not, you have, I affure you, already read more than you have understood; and it would be wifer to purfue your Bufiness, or your Pleafures (fuch as they are) than to throw away any more of your Time in reading what you can neither taste nor comprehend. To treat of the Effects of Love to you, must be as absurd as to discourse on Colours to a Man born blind; fince possibly your Idea of Love may be as abfurd as that which we are told fuch blind Man once entertained of the Colour Scarlet: that Colour feemed to him to be very much like the Sound of a Trumpet; and Love probably may, in your Opinion, very greatly refemble a Dish of Soup, or a Sir-loin of Roaft-beef.

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The Character of Mrs. Western. Her great Learning and Knowledge of the World, and an Instance of the deep Penetration which she derived from those Advantges.

HE Reader hath seen Mr. Western, his Sister and Daughter, with young Jones, and the Parson, going together to Mr. Western's B 3 House,

House, where the greater Part of the Company spent the Evening with much Joy and Festivity. Sophia was indeed the only grave Person: For as to Jones, though Love had now gotten entire Possession of his Heart, yet the pleasing Resection on Mr. Allworthy's Recovery, and the Presence of his Mistress, joined to some tender Looks which she now and then could not refrain from giving him, so elevated our Heroe, that he joined the Mirth of the other three, who were perhaps as good-humoured People as any in the

World. Sophia retained the fame Gravity of Countenance the next Morning at Breakfast; whence she retired likewise earlier than usual, leaving her Father and Aunt together. The Squire took no Notice of this Change in his Daughter's Difpofition. To fay the Truth, though he was fomewhat of a Politician, and had been twice a Candidate in the Country Interest at an Election, he was a Man of no great Observation. His Sifter was a Lady of a different Turn. She had lived about the Court, and had feen the World. Hence she had acquired all that Knowledge which the faid World usually communicates; and was a perfect Mistress of Manners, Customs, Ceremonies, and Fashions; nor did her Erudition stop her. She had confiderably improved her Mind by Study; fhe had not only read all the modern Plays, Operas, Oratorios, Poems and Romances; in all which she was a Critic; but had gone thro' Rapin's Hiftory of England, Eachard's Roman Hiftory, and many French Memoires pour servir à l' Histoire; to these she had added most of the political Pamphlets and Journals, published within the last twenty Years. From From which she had attained a very competent Skill in Politics, and could discourse very learnedly on the Affairs of Europe. She was moreover excellently well skilled in the Doctrine of Amour, and knew better than any Body who and who were together: A Knowledge which she the more easily attained, as her Pursuit of it was never diverted by any Affairs of her own; for either she had no Inclinations, or they had never been follicited; which last is indeed very probable: For her masculine Person, which was near fix Foot high, added to her Manner and Learning, possibly prevented the other Sex from regarding her, notwithstanding her Petticoats, in the Light of a Woman. However, as she had confidered the Matter scientifically, she perfectly well knew, though she had never practifed them, all the Arts which fine Ladies use when they defire to give Encouragement, or to conceal Liking, with all the long Appendage of Smiles, Ogles, Glances, &c. as they are at present practised in the Beau-monde. To fum the whole, no Species of Difguise or Affectation had escaped her Notice; but as to the plain simple Workings of honest Nature, as she had never feen any fuch, the could know but little of them.

By means of this wonderful Sagacity, Mrs. Western had now, as she thought, made a Discovery of something in the Mind of Sophia. The first Hint of this she took from the Behaviour of the young Lady in the Field of Battle: and the Suspicion which she then conceived, was greatly corroborated by some Observations which she had made that Evening and the next Morning. However, being greatly cautious to avoid being found in a Mistake, she carried the Secret a whole

whole Fortnight in her Bosom, giving only some oblique Hints, by Simpering, Winks, Nods, and now and then dropping an obscure Word, which indeed fufficiently alarmed Sophia, but did not at all affect her Brother.

Being at length, however, thoroughly fatisfied of the Truth of her Observation, she took an Opportunity, one Morning, when the was alone with her Brother, to interrupt one of his

Whiftles in the following Manner: Pray, Brother, have you not observed something very extraordinary in my Niece lately?" No, not I,' answered Western; 'Is any thing the Matter with the Girl?' 'I think there is, replies she, ' and fomething of much Consequence too." Why she doth not complain of any thing,' cries Western, 'and she hath had " the Small Pox.' Brother,' returned she, Girls are liable to other Distempers besides the Small Pox, and fometimes possibly to much worse." Here Western interrupted her with much Earnestness, and begged her, if any thing ailed his Daughter, to acquaint him immediately, adding, ' she knew he loved her more than his own Soul, and that he would fend to the World's End for the best Physician to her.' Nay, nay, answered she, smiling, 'the Diflemper is not fo terrible; but I believe, Brother, you are convinced I know the World, and I promise you I was never more deceived in my Life, if my Niece be not most despee rately in Love.' e How! in Love,' cries Western, in a Patson, 'in Love without acquainting me! I'll difinherit her, I'll turn her out of Doors, ftark naked, without a Farthing. Is all my kindness vor 'ur, and vondness o'ur 6 come come to this, to fall in Love without asking. me Leave! But you will not,' answered Mrs. Western, turn this Daughter, whom you love better than your own Soul, out of Doors, before you know whether you shall approve her Choice. Suppose she should have fixed on the very Person whom you yourself would wish, I hope you would not be angry ' then.' ' No, no,' cries Western, ' that would make a Difference. If the marries the Man I would ha' her, she may love whom she pleases, I shan't trouble my Head about that.' 'That is spoken,' answered the Sifter, 'like a fensible Man, but I believe the very Person she hath chosen, would be the very Person you would chuse for her. I will disclaim all Knowledge of the World if it is not so; and I believe, Brother, you will allow I have fome.' Why ' lookee, Sifter,' faid Western, ' I do believe you have as much as any Woman; and to be fure * those are Women's Matters. You know I don't love to hear you talk about Politics, they belong to us, and Petticoats should not meddle: But come, who is the Man?' Marry!' faid the, 'you may find him out yourfelf, if you e pleafe. You who are fo great a Politician, can be at no great Lofs. The Judgment which can penetrate into the Cabinets of Princes, and 4 discover the secret. Springs which move the great State Wheels in all the political Machines of Europe, must furely, with very little Difficulty find out what passes in the rude uninformed Mind of a Girl.' Sifter,' cries the Squire, 'I have often warned you not to talk the Court Gibberish to me. I tell you, I don't understand the Lingo; but I can read a Tour-B 5 6 nal anal, or the London Evening-Post. Perhaps indeed, there may be now and tan a Verse which · I can't make much of, because half the Letters are left out; yet I know very well what is · meant by that, and that our Affairs don't go fo well as they should do, because of Bribery and Corruption.' I pity your Country Ignorance from my Heart, cries the Lady, 'Do you?" answered Western, and I pity your Town Learning; I had rather be any thing than a · Courtier, and a Preshyterian, and a Hanove-' rian too, as some People, I believe, are.' 'If 'you mean me,' answered she, 'you know I am a Woman, Brother; and it fignifies nothing what I am. Besides ---- 'I do know you are ' a Woman,' cries the Squire, ' and its well for thee, that art one; if hadft been a Man, I pro-' mife thee I had lent thee a Flick long ago.' ' Ay there,' faid she, 'in that Flick lies all your fancied Superiority. Your Bodies, and not your Brains, are stronger than ours. Believe me, it is well for you that you are able to beat us; or, fuch is the Superiority of our Understanding, we should make all of you what the brave, and wife, and witty, and polite are already, --- our Slaves.' I am glad I know your Mind,' anfwered the Squire, 'but we'll talk more of this. Matter another Time. At prefent, do tell me what Man is it you mean about my Daughter." Hold a Moment,' faid she, 'while I digest that fovereign Contempt I have for your Sex; or else I ought to be angry too with you. There · -----I have made a Shift to gulp it down. And now, good politic Sir, what think you of Mr. Blifil? Did she not faint away on seeing him lie breathless on the Ground? Did she not, 6 after

after he was recovered, turn pale again the Moment we came up to that Part of the Field where he flood? And pray what elfe should bethe Occasion of all her Melancholy that Night at Supper, the next Morning, and indeed ever ' fince ?' 'Fore George!' cries the Squire, 'now you mind me on't, I remember it all. It is certainly fo, and I am glad on't, with all my · Heart. I knew Sophy was a good Girl, and would not fall in Love to make me angry. was never more rejoiced in my Life: For nothing can lie fo handy together as our two-· Estates. I had this Matter in my Head some Time ago; for certainly the two Estates are in a Manner joined together in Matrimony already, and it would be a thousand Pities to part them. It is true indeed, there be larger Estates in the Kingdom, but not in this County, and I had rather bate fomething, than 6 marry my Daughter among Strangers and Foreigners. Besides most o' zuch great Estates be in the Hands of Lords, and I heate the very Name of themmun. Well but, Sifter, what would you advise me to do: For I tell you Women know these Matters better than we do? O your humble Servant, Sir,' answered the Lady, 'we are obliged to you for allowing us a Capacity in any Thing. Since you are pleafed then, most politic Sir, to ask my Advice, I think you may propose the Match to Allworthy vourself. There is no Indecorum in the Proopofal's coming from the Parent of either Side: King Alcinous, in Mr. Pope's Odysley, offers his Daughter to Ulystes. I need not caution for politic a Person not to say that your Daughter is in Love; that would indeed be against all B 6 6 Rules

Rules.' Well,' faid the Squire, 'I will proopose it; but I shall certainly lend un a Flick, if he should refuse me.' Fear not,' cries Mrs. Western, 'the Match is too advantageous to be refused.' I don't know that,' answered the Squire, ' Allworthy is a queer B-ch, and Mo-' ney hath no Effect o'un.' ' Brother,' faid the Lady, your Politics aftonish me. Are you really to be imposed on by Professions? Do you think Mr. Allworthy hath more Contempt for Money than other Men, because he professes more? Such Credulity would better become one of us weak Women, than that wife Sex which Heaven hath formed for Politicians. Indeed, Brother, you would make a fine Pleinipo to negotiate with the French. They would foon perfuade you, that they take Towns out of mere defensive Principles,' 'Sifter,' anfwered the Squire, with much Scorn, 'let your Friends at Court answer for the Towns taken; as you are a Woman, I shall lay no Blame upon you: For I suppose they are wifer than to trust "Women with Secrets." He accompanied this with fo farcastical a Laugh, that Mrs. Western could bear no longer. She had been all this Time fretted in a tender Part (for the was indeed very deeply skilled in these Matters, and very violent in them) and therefore burst forth in a Rage, declared her Brother to be both a Clown and a Blockhead, and that the would flay no longer in his House.

The Squire, tho' perhape he had never read Machiavel, was, however, in many Points, a perfect Politician. He strongly held all those wife Tenets, which are so well inculcated in that Politico Peripatetic School of Exchange-

Alley. He knew the just Value and only Use of Money, viz. to lay it up. He was likewise well skilled in the exact Value of Reversions, Expectations, &c. and had often confidered the Amount of his Sifter's Fortune, and the Chance which he or his Posterity had of inheriting it. This he was infinitely too wife to facrifice to a trifling Resentment. When he found, therefore, he had carried Matters too far, he began to think of reconciling them; which was no very difficult Task, as the Lady had great Affection for her Brother, and still greater for her Niece; and tho' too susceptible of an Affront offered to her Skill in Politics, on which the much valued herfelf, was a Woman of a very extraordinary good and fweet Disposition.

Having first, therefore, laid violent Hands on the Horses, for whose Escape from the Stable no Place but the Window was left open; he next applied himself to his Sister, softened and soothed her, by unsaying all he had faid, and by Assertions directly contrary to those which had incensed her. Lastly, he summoned the Eloquence of Sophia to his Assistance, who, besides a most graceful and winning Address, had the Advantage of being heard with great Favour and Par-

tiality by her Aunt.

The Refult of the Whole was a kind Smile from Mrs. Western, who said, 'Brother, you are absolutely a perfect Croat; but as those have their Use in the Army of the Empress Queen, so you likewise have some Good in you. I will therefore once more sign a Treaty

of Peace with you, and fee that you do not infringe it on your Side; at least, as you are so excellent a Politician, I may expect you will

· keep

keep your Leagues, like the French, till your Interest calls upon you to break them.'

CHAP. III.

Containing two Defiances to the Critics.

HE Squire having fettled Matters with his Sifter, as we have feen in the last Chapter, was fo greatly impatient to communicate the Proposal to Allworthy, that Mrs. Western had the utmost Difficulty to prevent him from visiting that Gentleman in his Sickness, for this Purpose.

Mr. Allworthy had been engaged to dine with Mr. Western at the Time when he was taken ill. He was, therefore, no sooner discharged out of the Custody of Physic, but he thought (as was usual with him on all Occasions, both the highest and the lowest) of fulfilling his Engagement.

In the Interval between the Time of the Dialogue in the last Chapter, and this Day of public Entertainment, Sophia had, from certain obscure Hints thrown out by her Aunt, collected some Apprehension that the sagacious Lady suspected her Passion for Jones. She now resolved to take this Opportunity of wiping out all such Suspicion, and for that Purpose to put an entire Constraint on her Behaviour.

First, she endeavoured to conceal a throbbing melancholy Heart with the utmost Sprightlines in her Countenance, and the highest Gaiety in her Manner. Secondly, she addressed her whole Discourse to Mr. Blist, and took not the least Notice of poor Yones the whole Day.

The Squire was fo delighted with this Conduct of his Daughter, that he scarce eat any

Dinner,

Dinner, and spent almost his whole Time in watching Opportunities of conveying Signs of his Approbation by Winks and Nods to his Sister; who was not at first altogether so pleased

with what she faw as was her Brother.

In short, Sophia so greatly overacted her Part, that her Aunt was at first staggered, and began to fuspect some Affectation in her Niece; but as she was herfelf a Woman of great Art, fo she foon attributed this to extreme Art in Sophia. She remembered the many Hints she had given her Niece concerning her being in Love, and imagined the young Lady had taken this Way to rally her out of her Opinion, by an overacted Civility; a Notion that was greatly corroborated by the excessive Gaiety with which the whole was accompanied. We cannot here avoid remarking that this Conjecture would have been better founded, had Sophia lived ten Years in the Air of Grosvenor-square, where young Ladies do learn a wonderful Knack of rallying and playing with that Passion, which is a mighty serious Thing in Woods and Groves an hundred Miles distant from London.

To fay the Truth, in discovering the Deceit of others, it matters much that our own Art be wound up, if I may use the Expression, in the same Key with theirs: For very artful Men sometimes miscarry by fancying others wiser, or in other Words, greater Knaves than they really are. As this Observation is pretty deep, I will illustrate it by the following short Story. Three Countrymen were pursuing a Wiltshire Thief through Brentford. The simplest of them seeing the Wiltshire House written under a Sign, advised his Companions to enter it, for there most probably

bably they would find their Countryman. The fecond, who was wifer, laughed at this Simplicity; but the third, who was wifer ftill, answered, Let us go in, however, for he may think we fhould not suspect him of going amongst his own Countrymen.' They accordingly went in and searched the House, and by that Means missed overtaking the Thief, who was, at that Time, but a little Way before them; and who, as they all knew, but had never once resected, could not read.

The Reader will pardon a Digreffion in which fo invaluable a Secret is communicated, fince every Gamester will agree how necessary it is to know exactly the Play of another, in order to countermine him. This will, moreover, afford a Reason why the wiser Man, as is often seen, is the Bubble of the weaker, and why many simple and innocent Characters are so generally misunderstood and misrepresented; but what is most material, this will account for the Deceit which

Sophia put on her politic Aunt.

Dinner being ended, and the Company retired into the Garden, Mr. Western, who was thoroughly convinced of the Certainty of what his Sister had told him, took Mr. Allworthy aside, and very bluntly proposed a Match between So-

phia and young Mr. Blifil.

Mr. Allworthy was not one of those Men, whose Hearts flutter at any unexpected and sudden Tidings of worldly Profit. His Mind was, indeed, tempered with that Philosophy which becomes a Man and a Christian. He affected no absolute Superiority to all Pleasure and Pain, to all Joy and Grief; but was not at the same time to be discomposed and russed by every accidental Blast;

Blaft; by every Smile or Frown of Fortune. He received, therefore, Mr. Western's Proposal without any visible Emotion, or without any Alteration of Countenance. He said, the Alliance was such as he sincerely wished, then launched forth into a very just Encomium on the young Lady's Merit; acknowledged the Offer to be advantageous in Point of Fortune; and after thanking Mr. Western for the good Opinion he had profes'd of his Nephew, concluded, that if the young People liked each other, he should be very desirous to complete the Affair.

Western was a little disappointed at Mr. Allworthy's Answer; which was not so warm as he expected. He treated the Doubt whether the young People might like one another with great Contempt; saying, 'That Parents were the best Judges of proper Matches for their Children; that, for his Part, he should insist on the most resigned Obedience from his Daughter; and if any young Fellow could resuse such a Bedsel- low, he was his humble Servant, and hoped

there was no Harm done."

Allworthy endeavoured to soften this Resentment by many Elogiums on Sophia; declaring, he had no Doubt but that Mr. Blissil would very gladly receive the Offer; but all was inessectual, he could obtain no other Answer from the Squire but—'I say no more—I humbly hope there's no 'Harm done—that's all.' Which Words he repeated at least a hundred Times before they parted.

Allworthy was too well acquainted with his Neighbour to be offended at this Behaviour; and tho' he was fo averse to the Rigour which some Parents exercise on their Children in the Article

of Marriage, that he had refolved never to force his Nephew's Inclinations, he was nevertheless much pleased with the Prospect of this Union: For the whole Country refounded the Praises of Sophia, and he had himfelf greatly admired the uncommon Endowments of both her Mind and To which, I believe we may add, the Confideration of her vast Fortune, which, tho' he was too fober to be intoxicated with it, he was too fensible to despise.

And here, in Defiance of all the barking Critics in the World, I must and will introduce a Digreffion concerning true Wisdom, of which Mr. Allworthy was in Reality as great a Pattern

as he was of Goodness.

True Wisdom then, notwithstanding all which Mr. Hogarth's poor Poet may have writ against Riches, and in Spite of all which any rich, well-fed Divine may have preached against Pleasure, consists not in the Contempt of either of thefe. A Man may have as much Wisdom in the Possession of an affluent Fortune, as any Beggar in the Streets; or may enjoy a handsome Wife or a hearty Friend, and still remain as wife as any four Popish Recluse, who buries all his focial Faculties, and starves his Belly while he well lashes his Back.

To fay Truth, the wifest Man is the likeliest to possess all worldly Blessings in an eminent Degree: For as that Moderation which Wisdom prescribes is the surest Way to useful Wealth; so can it alone qualify us to tafte many Pleafures. The wife Man gratifies every Appetite and every Passion, while the Fool facrifices all the rest to pall and fatiate one.

It may be objected, That very wife Men have been notoriously avaricious. I answer, Not wife in that Instance. It may likewise be said, That the wifest Men have been, in their Youth, immoderately fond of Pleasure. I answer, They were not wife then.

Wisdom, in short, whose Lessons have been represented as so hard to learn by those who never were at her School, only teaches us to extend a simple Maxim universally known and followed even in the lowest Life, a little farther than that Life carries it. And this is not to buy at too

dear a Price.

Now, whoever takes this Maxim abroad with him into the grand Market of the World, and constantly applies it to Honours, to Riches, to Pleasures, and to every other Commodity which that Market affords, is, I will venture to affirm, a wise Man; and must be so acknowledged in the worldly Sense of the Word: For he makes the best of Bargains; since in Reality he purchases every Thing at the Price only of a little Trouble, and carries home all the good Things I have mentioned, while he keeps his Health, his Innocence, and his Reputation, the common Prices which are paid for them by others, entire and to himself.

From this Moderation, likewife, he learns two other Lessons, which complete his Character. First, never to be intoxicated when he hath made the best Bargain, nor dejected when the Market is empty, or when its Commodities are

too dear for his Purchase.

But I must remember on what Subject I am writing, and not trespass too far on the Patience

The HISTORY of Book VI. of a good-natured Critic. Here therefore I put an End to the Chapter.

CHAP. IV.

Containing fundry curious Matters.

S foon as Mr. Alworthy returned home, he took Mr. Blifil apart, and after some Preface, communicated to him the Proposal which had been made by Mr. Western, and, at the same Time, informed him how agreeable this Match

would be to himself.

The Charms of Sophia had not made the least Impression on Blifil; not that his Heart was preengaged; neither was he totally infenfible of Beauty, or had any Aversion to Women; but his Appetites were, by Nature, fo moderate, that he was able, by Philosophy or by Study, or by fome other Method, eafily to subdue them; and as to that Passion which we have treated of in the first Chapter of this Book, he had not the least Tincture of it in his whole Composition.

But tho' he was so entirely free from that mixed Passion, of which we there treated, and of which the Virtues and Beauty of Sophia formed fo notable an Object; yet was he altogether as well furnished with some other Passions, that promised themselves very full Gratification in the young Lady's Fortune. Such were Avarice and Ambition, which divided the Dominion of his Mind between them. He had more than once confidered the Possession of this Fortune as a very defirable Thing, and had entertained fome distant Views concerning it: But his own Youth and that of the young Lady, and indeed principally a

Reflection that Mr. Western might marry again, and have more Children, had restrained him from

too hasty or eager a Pursuit.

This last and most material Objection was now in great Measure removed, as the Proposal came from Mr. Western himself. Blist, therefore, after a very short Hesitation, answered Mr. Allworthy, that Matrimony was a Subject on which he had not yet thought: But that he was so sensible of his friendly and fatherly Care, that he should in all Things submit himself to his Pleasure.

Allworthy was naturally a Man of Spirit, and his prefent Gravity arose from true Wisdom and Philosophy, not from any original Phlegm in his Disposition: For he had possessed much Fire in his Youth, and had married a beautiful Woman for Love. He was not, therefore, greatly pleased with this cold Answer of his Nephew; nor could he help launching forth into the Praises of Sophia, and expressing some Wonder that the Heart of a young Man could be impregnable to the Force of such Charms, unless it was guarded by some prior Affection.

Blifil assured him he had no such Guard; and then proceeded to discourse so wisely and religiously on Love and Marriage, that he would have stopt the Mouth of a Parent much less devoutly inclined than was his Uncle. In the End, the good Man was satisfied, that his Nephew, far from having any Objections to Sophia, had that Esteem for her, which in sober and virtuous Minds is the sure Foundation of Friendship and Love. And as he doubted not but the Lover would, in a little Time, become altogether as agreeable to his Mistress, he foresaw great Happiness

The HISTORY of Book VI.

piness arising to all Parties by so proper and defirable an Union. With Mr. Bliss's Consent, therefore, he wrote the next Morning to Mr. Western, acquainting him that his Nephew had very thankfully and gladly received the Proposal, and would be ready to wait on the young Lady, whenever she should be pleased to accept his Visit.

Western was much pleased with this Letter, and immediately returned an Answer; in which, without having mentioned a Word to his Daughter, he appointed that very Afternoon for open-

ing the Scene of Courtship.

22

As foon as he had dispatched this Messenger, he went in Quest of his Sister, whom he found reading and expounding the Gazette to Parson Supple. To this Exposition he was obliged to attend near a Quarter of an Hour, the with great Violence to his natural Impetuosity, before he was suffered to speak. At length, however, he found an Opportunity of acquainting the Lady, that he had Business of great Consequence to impart to her; to which she answered, 'Brother, 'I am entirely at your Service. Things look so well in the North that I was never in a better 'Humour.'

The Parfon then withdrawing, Western acquainted her with all which had passed, and defired her to communicate the Affair to Sophia, which she readily and chearfully undertook; tho' perhaps her Brother was a little obliged to that agreeable Northern Aspect which had so delighted her, that he heard no Comment on his Proceedings: for they were certainly somewhat too hasty and violent.

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

In which is related what passed between Sophia and her Aunt.

SOPHIA was in her Chamber reading, when her Aunt came in. The Moment she faw Mrs. Western, she shut the Book with so much Eagerness, that the good Lady could not forbear asking her, What Book that was which fhe feemed fo much afraid of shewing? ' Upon ' my Word, Madam,' answered Sophia, ' it is a Book which I am neither ashamed nor afraid to own I have read. It is the Production of a young Lady of Fashion, whose good Underflanding, I think, doth Honour to her Sex, and whose good Heart is an Honour to Human Na-' ture.' Mrs. Western then took up the Book, and immediately after threw it down, faying---'Yes, the Author is of a very good Family; but fhe is not much among People one knows. I have never read it; for the best Judges say, 6 there is not much in it.' 6 I dare not, Ma-6 dam, fet up my own Opinion,' fays Sophia, against the best Judges, but there appears to 6 me a great deal of human Nature in it; and in 6 many Parts, fo much true Tenderness and De-' licacy, that it hath cost me many a Tear.' Ay, and do you love to cry then?' fays the Aunt. 'I love a tender Senfation,' answered the Niece, 'and would pay the Price of a Tear for it at any Time.' Well, but shew me,' faid the Aunt, 'what was you reading when I came in; there was fomething very tender in 6 that, I believe, and very loving too. You blufh.

Book VI. The HISTORY of blush, my dear Sophia. Ah! Child, you should read Books, which would teach you a little Hypocrify, which would inftruct you how to hide your Thoughts a little better.' 'I hope, Madam, answered Sophia, 'I have no Thoughts which I ought to be ashamed of discovering.' Ashamed! no,' cries the Aunt, 'I don't think you have any Thoughts which you ought to be ashamed of; and yet, Child, you blushed just o now when I mentioned the Word Loving. Dear Sophy, be affured you have not one Thought which I am not well acquainted with; as well, Child, as the French are with our Motions, long before we put them in Execution. Did you think, Child, because you have been able to impose upon your Father, that you could impose upon me? Do you imagine I did onot know the Reason of your over-acting all that Friendship for Mr. Blifil yesterday? I have feen a little too much of the World, to be fo deceived. Nay, nay, do not blush again. I tell you it is a Paffion you need not be ashamed of, --- It is a Paffion I myfelf approve, and have already brought your Father into the Approbation of it. Indeed, I folely confider your Inclianation; for I would always have that gratified, if possible, though one may facrifice higher Prospects. Come, I have News which will des light your very Soul. Make me your Confident, and I will undertake you shall be happy to the very Extent of your Wishes.' La, Madam, fays Sophia, looking more foolifhly than ever fhe did in her Life, 'I know not what to fay---Why, Madam, should you suspect?' --Nay, no Dishonesty,' returned Mrs. Western. Confider, you are speaking to one of your own

Sex,

Sext, to an Aunt, and I hope you are convinced you speak to a Friend. Consider, you are only e revealing to me what I know already, and what I plainly faw yesterday through that most artful of all Difguises, which you had put on, and which must have deceived any one who had not perfectly known the World. Laftly, " confider it is a Paffion which I highly approve." La, Madam,' fays Sophia, ' you come upon one fo unawares, and on a fudden. To be fure, Madam, I am not blind --- and certainly, if it be a Fault to fee all human Perfections affembled together --- But is it possible my Father and you, Madam, can fee with my Eyes?' I tell 'you,' answered the Aunt, 'we do entirely approve; and this very afternoon your Father hath appointed for you to receive your Lover.? " My Father, this Afternoon!' cries Sophia, with the Blood starting from her Face .-- 'Yes, Child,' faid the Aunt, 'this Afternoon. You know the Impetuofity of my Brother's Temper. I acquainted him with the Passion which I first difcovered in you that Evening when you fainted away in the Field. I faw it in your Fainting. I saw it immediately upon your Recovery. faw it that Evening at Supper, and the next Morning at Breakfast : (you know, Child, I have feen the World). Well, I no fooner acquainted my Brother, but he immediately wanted to propose it to Allworthy. He proposed it Yesterday, Allworthy consented, (as to be fure he must with Joy) and this Afternoon, I tell you, you are to put on all your best Airs.' 'This afternoon!' cries Sophia. 'Dear Aunt, 'you frighten me out of my Senses.' 'O, my Dear,' faid the Aunt, 'you will foon come to Vol. II. e your elf

vourself again; for he is a charming young Fellow, that's the Truth on't.' ' Nay, I will own, fays Sophia, I know none with fuch Perfections. So brave, and yet so gentle; so witty, yet so inoffensive; so humane, so civil, fo genteel, fo handsome! What fignifies his being base born, when compared with such Qualifications as these?' 'Base born! what do vou mean?' faid the Aunt, 'Mr. Blifil base born!' Sophia turned instantly pale at this Name, and faintly repeated it. Upon which the Aunt cried, 'Mr. Blifil, ay Mr. Blifil, of whom else have we been talking?' Good Heavens, answered Sophia, ready to fink, of Mr. Jones, I thought; I am fure I know no other who deferves ---- ' I protest,' cries the Aunt, 'you frighten me in your Turn. Is it Mr. Jones, and not Mr. Blifil, who is the Object of your Affection?' 'Mr. Blifil!' repeated Sophia. Sure it is impossible you can be in earnest; if you are, I am the most miserable Woman alive.' Mrs. Western now stood a few Moments filent. while Sparks of fiery Rage flashed from her Eyes. At length, collecting all her Force of Voice, the thundered forth in the following articulate Sounds:

And is it possible you can think of disgracing your Family by allying yourself to a Bastard?

Can the Blood of the Westerns submit to such Contamination! If you have not Sense suffi-

cient to restrain such monstrous Inclinations, I thought the Pride of our Family would have

prevented you from giving the least Encouragement to so base an Affection; much less did I

imagine you would ever have had the Affur-

ance to own it to my Face.'

6 Madam,

Madam, answered Sophia, trembling, what I have said you have extorted from me. I do not remember to have ever mentioned the Name of Mr. Jones, with Approbation, to any one before; nor should I now, had I not conceived he had your Approbation. Whatever were my Thoughts of that poor unhappy young Man, I intended to have carried them with me to my Grave---To that Grave where only now, I find, I am to seek Repose.'--Here she sunk down in her Chair, drowned in her Tears, and, in all the moving Silence of unutterable Grief, presented a Spectacle which must

have affected almost the hardest Heart

All this tender Sorrow, however, raifed no Compassion in her Aunt. On the contrary, she now fell into the most violent Rage--- And I would rather,' she cried, in a most vehement Voice, 'follow you to your Grave, than I would fee you disgrace yourself and your Family by fuch a Match. O Heavens! could I have ever fuspected that I should live to hear a Niece of mine declare a Passion for such a Fellow? You are the first --- yes, Miss Western, you are the first of your Name who ever entertained so grovelling a Thought. A Family fo noted for the Prudence of its Women'---Here she run on a full Quarter of an Hour, till having exhausted her Breath rather than her Rage, she concluded with threatning to go immediately and acquaint her Brother.

Sophia then threw herfelf at her Feet, and laying hold of her Hands, 'begged her, with Tears, 'to conceal what she had drawn from her; urging the Violence of her Father's Temper, and protesting that no Inclinations of hers

2 6 should

c should ever prevail with her to do any thing

' which might offend him.'

Mrs. Western stood a Moment looking at her, and then having recollected herself, said, that on one Consideration only she would keep the Secret from her Brother; and this was, that Sphia should promise to entertain Mr. Blist that very Afternoon as her Lover, and to re-

gard him as the Perfon who was to be her Huf-

Poor Sophia was too much in her Aunt's Power to deny her any thing positively; she was obliged to promise that she would see Mr. Blift, and be as civil to him as possible; but begged her Aunt that the Match might not be hurried on. She said, 'Mr. Blift was by no means agreeable to her, and she hoped her Father would be prevailed on not to make her the most wretched of Women.'

Mrs. Western assured her, 'that the Match was entirely agreed upon, and that nothing could or should prevent it.' 'I must own,' said she, 'I looked on it as on a Matter of Indisference; nay, perhaps, had some Scruples about it before, which were actually got over by my thinking it highly agreeable to your own Inclinations; but now I regard it as the most eligible thing in the World; nor shall there be, if I can prevent it, a Moment of Time lost on the Occasion.'

Sophia replied, 'Delay at least, Madam, I may expect from both your Goodness and my Fa-

ther's. Surely you will give me Time to endeavour to get the better of fo ft ong a Difin-

clination as I have at prefent to this Person.'
The

The Aunt answered, 'She knew too much of the World to be fo deceived; that as the was fenfible another Man had her Affections, the fhould perfuade Mr. Western to hasten the Match as much as possible. It would be bad Politics indeed,' added the, 'to protract a Siege when the Enemy's Army is at Hand, and in Danger of relieving it. No, no, Sopby,' faid she, 'as I am convinced you have a violent Paffion, which you can never fatisfy with Hoonour, I will do all I can to put your Honour out of the Care of your Family: For when vou are married, those Matters will belong on-Iy to the Confideration of your Husband. I 6 hope, Child, you will always have Prudence enough to act as becomes you; but if you fhould not, Marriage hath faved many a Wo-6 man from Ruin.'

Sophia well understood what her Aunt meant; but did not think proper to make her an Answer. However, she took a Resolution to see Mr. Blist, and to behave to him as civilly as she could: For on that Condition only she obtained a Promise from her Aunt to keep secret the Liking which her ill Fortune, rather than any Scheme of Mrs. Western, had unhappily drawn from her.

CHAP. VI.

Containing a Dialogue between Sophia and Mrs. Honour, which may a little relieve those tender Affections which the foregoing Scene may have raised in the Mind of a good-natured Reader.

RS. Western having obtained that Promise from her Niece which we have seen in the last Chapter, withdrew; and presently after C 3 arrived

arrived Mrs. Honour. She was at Work in a neighbouring Apartment, and had been fummoned to the Key-hole by fome Vociferation in the preceding Dialogue, where the had continued during the remaining Part of it. At her Entry into the Room, the found Sophia Standing motionless, with the Tears trickling from her Eyes. Upon which the immediately ordered a proper Quantity of Tears into her own Eyes, and then began, 'O Gemini, my dear Lady, what is the " Matter?' ' Nothing,' cries Sophia. ' Nothing! O dear Madam, answers Mrs. Honour, vou must not tell me that, when your Ladyship is in this Taking, and when there hath been ' fuch a Preamble between your Ladyship and ' Madam Western.' ' Don't teaze me,' cries Sophia, 'I tell you nothing is the Matter .---Good Heavens! Why was I born!'--- 'Nay, Madam,' fays Mrs. Honour, 'you shall never e persuade me, that your La'ship can lament 4 yourself so for nothing. To be sure, I am but a Servant; but to be fure I have been always faithful to your Ladyship, and to be sure I " would ferve your La'fhip with my Life.' ' My dear Honour,' fays Sophia, 'tis not in thy 4 Power to be of any Service to me. I am irretrievably undone.' Heaven forbid,' anfwered the Waiting-woman; 'but if I can't be of any fervice to you, pray tell me, Madam, it will be fome Comfort to me to know: Pray dear Ma'am, tell me what's the Matter.' My Father,' cries Sophia, 'is going to marry me to a Man I both despise and hate.' O, dear " Ma'am,' answered the other, " who is this wicked Man? For to be fure he is very bad, or your La'ship would not despise him.' 'His · Name

Name is Poison to my Tongue,' replied Sophia, thou wilt know it too foon.' Indeed, to confefs the Truth, she knew it already, and therefore was not very inquisitive as to that Point. She then proceeded thus: 'I don't pretend to give your La'fhip Advice, whereof your La'fhip 6 knows much better than I can pretend to, being but a Servant; but, i-fackins! no Father in · England should marry me against my Consent. And to be fure, the Squire is fo good, that if he 6 did but know your La'fhip despises and hates the young Man, to be fure he would not defire ' you to marry him. And if your La'ship would but give me Leave to tell my Master so-To be fure, it would be more properer to come from ' your own Mouth; but as your La'ship doth onot care to foul your Tongue with his nafty Name.' 'You are mistaken, Honour,' says Sophia, 'my Father was determined before he ever thought fit to mention it to me.' ' More Shame for him, cries Honour, ' you are to go to Bed to him, and not Master. And that a Man may be a very proper Man, yet every Woman mayn't think him handsome alike. am fure my Mafter would never act in this 6 Manner of his own Head. I wish some Peof ple would trouble themselves only with what belongs to them; they would not, I believe, 6 like to be ferved for, if it was their own Cafe : For tho' I am a Maid, I can eafily believe as how all Men are not equally agreeable. And what fignifies your La'fhip having fo great a Fortune, if you can't please yourself with the Man you think most handsomest? Well, I say onothing, but to be fure it is Pity fome Folks had not been better born; nay, as for that Matter,

" Matter, I should not mind it myself: But then there is not fo much Money, and what of that? ' your La'ship hath Money enough for both; and where can your La'ship bestow your Fortune better? For to be fure every one must allow, that he is the most handsomest, charmingest, finest, tallest, properest Man in the World.' What do you mean by running on in this Manner to me?' cries Sophia, with a very grave Countenance. ' Have I ever given any Encouragement for these Liberties?' Nay ' Ma'am, I ask Pardon; I meant no Harm,' anfwered she; 'but to be fure the poor Gentleman hath run in my Head ever fince I faw him this " Morning .--- To be fure, if your Ladyship had but feen him just now, you must have pitied 6 him. Poor Gentleman! I wishes some Misfortune hath not happened to him: For he hath been walking about with his Arms a-cross, and ' looking fo melancholy all this Morning; I vow and protest it made me almost cry to see him.' "To fee whom?' fays Sophia. 'Poor Mr. ' fones,' answered Honour. ' See him! Why, ' where did you fee him?' cries Sophia. ' the Canal, Ma'am,' fays Honour. 'There he hath been walking all this Morning, and at aft there he laid himself down; I believe he ' lies there still. To be sure, if it hath not been for my Modesty, being a Maid as I am, I should have gone and spoke to him. Do, Ma'am, let " me go and fee, only for a Fancy, whether he ' is there still.' 'Pugh!' fays Sophia, 'There! ono, no, what should he do there? He is gone before this Time to be fure. Befides, why--what--why should you go to see ?---Besides, I want you for fomething elfe. Go, fetch me

" my Hat and Gloves. I shall walk with my 'Aunt in the Grove before Dinner.' Honour did immediately as she was bid, and Sophia put her Hat on; when looking in the Glass, she fancied the Ribbon with which her Hat was tied, did not become her, and so fent her Maid back again for a Ribbon of a different Colour; and then giving Mrs. Honour repeated Charges not to leave her Work on any Account, as she said it was in violent Haste, and must be finished that very Day; she muttered something more about going to the Grove, and then sallied out the contrary Way, and walked as sast as her tender trembling Limbs could carry her, directly towards the Canal.

Jones had been there, as Mrs. Honeur had told her: He had indeed spent two Hours there that Morning in melancholy Contemplation on his Sophia, and had gone out from the Garden at one Door, the Moment she entered it at another. So that those unlucky Minutes which had been spent in changing the Ribbons, had prevented the Lovers from meeting at this Time. A most unfortunate Accident, from which my fair Readers will not fail to draw a very wholesom Lesson. And here I strictly forbid all Male Critics to intermeddle with a Circumstance, which I have recounted only for the sake of the Ladies, and upon which they only are at Liberty to comment.

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CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

A Picture of formal Courtship in Miniature, as it always ought to be drawn, and a Scene of a tenderer Kind, painted at full Length.

T was well remarked by one, (and perhaps by more) that Misfortunes do not come fingle. This wife Maxim was now verified by Sophia, who was not only difappointed of feeing the Man she loved; but had the Vexation of being obliged to dress herself out, in order to receive a

Visit from the Man she hated.

That Afternoon, Mr. Western, for the first Time, acquainted h's Daughter with his Intention; telling her, he knew very well that she had heard it before from her Aunt. Sophia looked very grave upon this, nor could she prevent a few Pearls from stealing into her Eyes. 'Come, 'come, says Western, 'none of your Maidenish 'Airs; Il know all; I assure you, Sister hathat told me all.

Is it possible,' says Sophia, 'that my Aunt' can have betrayed me already?' Ay, ay,' says Western, 'betrayed you! ay. Why, you betrayed yourself Yesterday at Dinner. You shewed your Fancy very plainly, I think. But you young Girls never know what you would be at. So you cry because I am going to marry you to the Man you are in Love with! Your Mother, I remember, whimpered and whined just in the same Manner; but it was all over within twenty-four Hours after we were married: Mr. Blissi a brisk young Man, and will soon put an End to your Squeamishness. Come,

6 chear

chear up, chear up, I expect un every Minute.'

Sophia was now convinced that her Aunt had behaved honourably to her; and she determined to go through that disagreeable Afternoon with as much Resolution as possible, and without giving the least Suspicion in the World to her Father.

Mr. Blifil foon arrived; and Mr. Western soon after withdrawing, left the young Couple together.

Here a long Silence of near a Quarter of an Hour enfued: For the Gentleman who was to begin the Conversation had all that unbecoming Modesty which confists in Bashfulness. He often attempted to speak, and as often suppressed his Words just at the very Point of Utterance. At last out they broke in a Torrent of far-fetched and high-strained Compliments, which were anfwered on her Side, by downcast Looks, half Bows and civil Monofyllables. Blift from his Inexperience in the Ways of Women, and from his Conceit of himfelf, took this Behaviour for a modest Assent to his Courtship; and when to shorten a Scene which she could no longer support, Sophia rose up and left the Room, he imputed that too, merely to Balhfulness, and comforted himfelf, that he should soon have enough of her Company.

He was indeed perfectly well fatisfied with his Prospect of Success: For as to that entire and absolute Possessin of the Heart of his Mistress, which romantic Lovers require, the very Idea of it never entered his Head. Her Fortune and her Person were the sole Objects of his Wishes, of which he made do Doubt soon to obtain the ab-

folute Property; as Mr. Western's Mind was so earnestly bent on the Match; and as he well knew the strict Obedience which Sophia was always ready to pay to her Father's Will, and the greater still which her Father would exact, if there was Occasion. This Authority, therefore, together with the Charms which he fancied in his own Person and Conversation, could not fail, he thought, of succeeding with a young Lady, whose Inclinations, were, he doubted not, entirely dis-

engaged.

Of Jones he certainly had not even the least Jealoufy; and I have often thought it wonderful that he had not. Perhaps he imagined the Character which Jones bore all over the Country, (how justly let the Reader determine) of being one of the wildest Fellows in England, might render him odious to a Lady of the most exemplary Modesty. Perhaps his Suspicions might be laid afleep by the Behaviour of Sophia, and of fones himself, when they were all in Company together. Laffly, and indeed principally, he was well affured there was not another Self in the Case. He fancied that he knew fones to the Bottom, and had in reality a great Contempt for his Understanding, for not being more attached to his own Interest. He had no Apprehension that Jones was in Love with Sophia; and as for any lucrative Motives, he imagined they would fway very little with fo filly a Fellow. moreover, thought the Affair of Molly Seagrim still went on, and indeed believed it would end in Marriage: For Yones really loved him from his Childhood, and had kept no Secret from him, till his Behaviour on the Sickness of Mr. Allwerthy had entirely alienated his Heart; and it was

by Means of the Quarrel which had ensued on this Occasion, and which was not yet reconciled, that Mr. Blifil knew nothing of the Alteration which had happened in the Affection which fones had formerly borne towards Molly.

From these Reasons, therefore, Mr. Bliss saw no Bar to his Success with Sophia. He concluded, her Behaviour was like that of all other young Ladies on a first Visit from a Lover, and it had indeed entirely answered his Expectations.

Mr. Western took Care to way-lay the Lover at his Exit from his Mistress. He found him so elevated with his Success, so enamoured with his Daughter, and so satisfied with her Reception of him, that the old Gentleman began to caper and dance about his Hall, and by many other antic Actions, to express the Extravagance of his Joy: For he had not the least Command over any of his Passions: and that which had at any Time the Ascendant in his Mind, hurried him to the wildest Excesses.

As foon as Blifil was departed, which was not till after many hearty Kisses and Embraces bestowed on him by Western, the good Squire went instantly in quest of his Daughter, whom he no fooner found than he poured forth the most extravagant Raptures, bidding her chuse what Clothes and Jewels she pleased; and declaring that he had no other Use for Fortune but to make her happy. He then caressed her again and again with the utmost Profusion of Fondness, called her by the most endearing Names, and protested she was his only Joy on Earth.

Sophia perceiving her Father in this Fit of Affection, which she did not absolutely know the Reason of (for Fits of Fondness were not unusual

to him, tho' this was rather more violent than ordinary) thought she should never have a better Opportunity of disclosing herself than at present; as far at least, as regarded Mr. Blifil; and she too well forefaw the Necessity which she should soon be under of coming to a full Explanation. After having thanked the Squire, therefore for all his Professions of Kindness, the added, with a Look full of inexpressible Softness, 'And is it possible my Papa can be fo good to place all his Joy in his Sophy's Happiness?' which Western having confirmed by a great Oath, and a Kiss; she then laid hold of his Hand, and falling on her Knees, after many warm and paffionate Declarations of Affection and Duty, the begged him, 'not tomake her the most miserable Creature on Earth, by forcing her to marry a Man whom the detested. This I entreat of you, dear Sir, said fhe, ' for your Sake, as well as my own, fince vou are fo very kind to tell me your Happiness depends on mine.' 'How! what!' fays Western, staring wildly. 'O Sir,' continued she, not only your poor Sopby's Happiness, her very Life, her Being depends upon your granting her Request. I cannot live with Mr. Elifil. To force me into this Marriage, would be 6 killing me.' 6 You can't live with Mr. Blifil!" fays Western. ' No, upon my Soul I can't, an, fwered Sophia. 'Then die and be d-ned,' cries he, spurning her from him. 'Oh! Sir,' cries Sophia, catching hold of the Skirt of his Coat, take Pity on me, I befeech you. Don't look, and fay fuch cruel-Can you be unmoved while you fee your Sophy in this dreadful Condition? Can the best of Fathers break my Heart? Will 6 he kill me by the most painful, cruel, lingering 6 Death?"

Death?' Pooh! Pooh!' cries the Squire, all Stuff and Nonsense, all maidenish Tricks. Kill

you indeed! Will Marriage kill you?'— 'Oh! Sir,' answered Sophia, 'fuch a Marriage is worse

than Death---He is not even indifferent, I hate and detest him.'--- If you detest un never so

'much,' cries Western, 'you shall ha' un.' This he bound by an Oath too shocking to repeat, and after many violent Asseverations, concluded in these Words: 'I am resolved upon the Match,

and unless you confent to it, I will not give you a Groat, not a fingle Farthing; no, tho

I faw you expiring with Famine in the Street,
I would not relieve you with a Morfel of Bread.

This is my fixed Refolution, and fo I leave you to confider on it. He then broke from her with fuch Violence, that her Face dashed against the Floor, and he burst directly out of the Room, leaving poor Sophia prostrate on the Ground.

When Western came into the Hall, he there found Jones; who feeing his Friend looking wild, pale, and almost breathless, could not forbear enquiring the Reason of all these melancholy Appearances. Upon which the Squire immediately acquainted him with the whole Matter, concluding with bitter Denunciations against Sophia, and very pathetic Lamentations of the Misery of all Fathers who are so unfortunate to have Daughters.

Jones, to whom all the Refolutions which had been taken in Favour of Blifil were yet a Secret, was at first almost struck dead with this Relation; but recovering his Spirits a little, mere Despair, as he afterwards said, inspired him to mention a Matter to Mr. Western, which seemed to require more Impudence than a human Forehead was

ever gifted with. He defired Leave to go to Sophia, that he might endeavour to obtain her Con-

currence with her Father's Inclinations.

If the Squire had been as quick-fighted, as he was remarkable for the contrary, Paffion might at prefent very well have blinded him. He thanked Jones for offering to undertake the Office, and faid, 'Go, go, prithee, try what canst 'do;' and then swore many execrable Oaths that he would turn her out of Doors unless she consented to the Match.

CHAP. VIII.

The Meeting between Jones and Sophia.

NES departed instantly in Quest of Sophia, whom he found just rifen from the Ground where her Father had left her, with the Tears trickling from her Eyes, and the Blood running from her Lips. He presently ran to her, and with a Voice full at once of Tenderness and Terrour, cried, 'O my Sophia, what means this dreadful Sight!---She looked foftly at him for a Moment before she spoke, and then said, 'Mr. ' Yones, for Heaven's Sake, how came you here? -Leave me, I befeech you, this Moment.' Do not,' fays he, ' impose so harsh a Com-6 mand upon me-my Heart bleeds faster than those Lips. O Sophia, how easily could I drain ' my Veins to preserve one Drop of that dear Blood.' I have too many Obligations to you already,' answered she, for sure you meant them fuch.'-Here she looked at him tenderly almost a Minute, and then bursting into an Agony, cried, -- OMr. Fones, -- why did you fave my

'my Life?-my Death would have been hap-' pier for us both.' -- ' Happier for us both!' cried he, 'Could Racks or Wheels kill me fo ' painfully as Sophia's ! - I cannot bear the dread-' ful Sound-Do I live but for her?'-Both his Voice and Look were full of inexpressible Tenderness when he spoke these Words, and at the fame Time he laid gently hold on her Hand, which she did not withdraw from him; to fay the Truth, she hardly knew what she did or suffered. A few Moments now passed in Silence between these Lovers, while his Eyes were eagerly fixed on Sophia, and hers declining towards the Ground; at last she recovered Strength enough to defire him again to leave her; for that her certain Ruin would be the Confequence of their being found together; adding, - 'O Mr. " Jones, you know not, you know not what hath paffed this cruel Afternoon.' I know all, " my Sophia,' answered he; 'your cruel Father hath told me all, and he himself hath sent me ' hither to you.' ' My Father fent you to me!' replied she, fure you dream.' 'Would to Hea-" ven,' cries he, ' it was but a Dream. O Sobhia, your Father hath fent me to you, to be an Advocate for my odious Rival, to folicite 'you in his Favour-I took any Means to get Access to you-O speak to me, Sophia, comfort my bleeding Heart. Sure no one everloved, ever doated like me. Do not unkindly withhold this dear, this foft, this gentle Hand-One Moment, perhaps, tears you for ever from me-Nothing less than this cruel Occafion could, I believe, have ever conquered the Respect and Awe, with which you have infpired me.' She ftood a Moment filent and co-6 vered

vered with Confusion, then lifting up her Eyes gently towards him, the cried, What would Mr. Jones have me fay?' Odo but promise,' cries he, 'that you never will give yourfelf to 6 Blifil.' 6 Name not,' answered she, 6 the detested Sound. Be affured I never will give him what is in my Power to with-hold from him.' ' Now then,' cries he, ' while you are fo perfeetly kind, go a little farther, and add that I ' may hope.'- ' Alas,' fays she, Mr. Jones, whither will you drive me? What Hope have I to bestow? You know my Father's Intentions.'- But I know,' answered he, 'your Compliance with them cannot be compelled. What,' fays she, 'must be the dreadful Consequence of my Disobedience? My own Ruin is my least Concern. I cannot bear the Thoughts of being the Cause of my Father's Misery.' He is himself the Cause,' cries Jones, by exacting a Power over you which Nature hath not given him. Think on the Mifery which I am to fuffer, if I am to lofe you, and fee on which Side Pity will turn the Balance.' 'Think of it!' replied she, can you imagine I do not feel the Ruin which I must bring on you, fhould I comply with your Defire—It is that 6 Thought which gives me Resolution to bid you 6 fly from me for ever, and avoid your own Deftruction.' 'I fear no Destruction,' cries he, but the Lofs of Sophia; if you would fave me from the most bitter Agonies, recall that cruel Sentence-Indeed, I can never part with you, ' indeed I cannot.'

The Lovers now flood both filent and trembling, Sophia being unable to withdraw her Hand from Jones, and he almost as unable to hold

Ch. g. a FOUNDLING.

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hold it; when the Scene, which I believe fome of my Readers will think had lasted long enough, was interrupted by one of so different a Nature, that we shall reserve the Relation of it for a different Chapter.

CHAP. IX.

Being of a much more tempestuous Kind than the former.

DEFORE we proceed with what now happened to our Lovers. it may be proper to recount what had past in the Hall, during their tender Interview.

Soon after *Jones* had left Mr. Western in the Manner above-mentioned, his Sister came to him; and was presently informed of all that had past between her Brother and Sophia, relating to Bliss.

This Behaviour in her Niece the good Lady construed to be an absolute Breach of the Condition, on which she had engaged to keep her Love for Mr. Jones a Secret. She considered herself, therefore, at full Liberty to reveal all she knew to the Squire, which she immediately did in the most explicite Terms, and without any Ceremony or Preface.

The Idea of a Marriage between Jones and his Daughter, had never once entered into the Squire's Head, either in the warmest Minutes of his Affection towards that young Man, or from Suspicion, or on any other Occasion. He did indeed consider a Parity of Fortune and Circumstances, to be physically as necessary an Ingredient in Marriage, as Difference of Sexes, or any other

other Effential; and had no more Apprehension of his Daughter's falling in Love with a poor Man, than with any Animal of a different Species.

He became, therefore, like one Thunderstruck at his Sister's Relation. He was, at first, incapable of making any Answer, having been almost deprived of his Breath by the Violence of the Surprize. This, however, foon returned, and, as is usual in other Cases after an Intermission, with redoubled Force and Fury.

The first Use he made of the Power of Speech, after his Recovery from the sudden Effects of his Astonishment, was to discharge a round Volley of Oaths and Imprecations. After which he proceeded hastily to the Apartment, where he expected to find the Lovers, and murmured, or indeed, rather roared forth Intentions of Revenge

every Step he went.

As when two Doves, or two Wood-pigeons, or as when Strephon and Phyllis (for that comes nearest to the Mark) are retired into some pleafant solitary Grove, to enjoy the delightful Conversation of Love; that bashful Boy who cannot speak in Public, and is never a good Companion to more than two at a Time. Here while every Object is serene, should hoarse Thunder burst suddenly through the shattered Clouds, and rumbling roll along the Sky, the frightened Maid starts from the mossy Bank or verdant Turs; the pale Livery of Death succeeds the red Regimentals in which Love had before dress the red Regimentals in which Love had before dress the Cheeks; Fear shakes her whole Frame, and her Lover scarce supports her trembling, tottering Limbs.

Or as when the two Gentlemen, Strangers to the wonderous Wit of the Place, are cracking a

Bottle

Ch. 9. a FOUNDLING.

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Bottle together at some Inn or Tavern at Salifbury, if the great Dowdy who acts the Part of a Madman, as well as some of his Setters-on do that of a Fool, should rattle his Chains, and dreadfully hum forth the grumbling Catch along the Gallery; the frighted Strangers stand aghast, scared at the horrid Sound, they seek some Place of Shelter from the approaching Danger, and if the well-barred Windows did admit their Exit, would venture their Necks to escape the threatning Fury now coming upon them.

So trembled poor Sophia, so turned she pale at the Noise of her Father, who in a Voice most dreadful to hear, came on swearing, cursing and vowing the Destruction of Jones. To say the Truth, I believe the Youth himself would, from some prudent Considerations, have preferred another Place of Abode at this Time, had his Terror on Sophia's Account given him Liberty to reslect a Moment on what any otherways concerned himself, than as his Love made him par-

take whatever affected her.

And now the Squire having burst open the Door, beheld an Object which instantly suspended all his Fury against Jones; this was the ghastly Appearance of Sophia, who had fainted away in her Lover's Arms. This tragical Sight Mr. Western no sooner beheld, than all his Rage forsook him, he roared for Help with his utmost Violence; ran first to his Daughter, then back to the Door, calling for Water, and then back again to Sophia, never considering in whose Arms she then was, nor perhaps once recollecting that there was such a Person in the World as Jones: For, indeed, I believe, the present Circumstances

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of his Daughter were now the fole Confideration

which employed his Thoughts.

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Mrs. Western and a great Number of Servants foon came to the Assistance of Sophia with Water, Cordials, and every Thing necessary on those Occasions. These were applied with success, that Sophia in a very sew Minutes began to recover, and all the Symptoms of Life to return. Upon which she was presently led off by her own Maid and Mrs. Western; nor did that good Lady depart without leaving some wholesome Admonitions with her Brother, on the dreadful Effects of his Passion, or, as she pleased to call it, Madness.

The Squire, perhaps, did not understand this good Advice, as it was delivered in obscure Hints, Shrugs, and Notes of Admiration; at least, if he did understand it, he profited very little by it: For no sooner was he cured of his immediate Fears for his Daughter, than he relapsed into his former Frenzy, which must have produced an immediate Battle with Jones, had not Parson Supple, who was a very strong Man, been present, and by mere Force restrained the

Squire from Acts of Hostility.

The Moment Sophia was departed, Jones advanced in a very fuppliant Manner to Mr. Western, whom the Parson held in his Arms, and begged him to be pacified; for that, while he continued in such a Passion, it would be impossible to give

him any Satisfaction.

'I wull have Satisfaction o'thee,' answered the Squire, 'fo doff thy Clothes. At unt half a 'Man, and I'll lick thee as well as wast ever 'licked in thy Life.' He then bespattered the Youth with Abundance of that Language, which

passes

passes between Country Gentlemen who embrace opposite Sides of the Question; with frequent Applications to him to falute that Part which is generally introduced into all Controversies, that arise among the lower Orders of the English Gentry, at Horse-races, Cock-matches, and other public Places. Allusions to this Part are likewise often made for the Sake of the Jest. And here, I believe, the Wit is generally misunderstood. In Reality, it lies in desiring another to kisk your A--- for having just before threatned to kick his: For I have observed very accurately, that no one ever desires you to kick that which belongs to himself, nor offers to kisk this Part in another.

It may likewise seem surprizing, that in the many thousand kind Invitations of this Sort, which every one who hath conversed with Country Gentlemen must have heard, no one, I believe, hath ever seen a single Instance where the Desire hath been complied with. A great Instance of their Want of Politeness: For in Town, nothing can be more common than for the finest Gentlemen to perform this Ceremony every Day to their Superiors, without having that Favour once re-

quested of them.

To all fuch Wit, Jones very calmly answered,
Sir, this Usage may, perhaps, cancel every
other Obligation you have conferred on me;
but there is one you can never cancel; nor
will I be provoked by your Abuse, to lift my

' Hand against the Father of Sophia.'

At these Words the Squire grew still more outrageous than before; so that the Parson begged Fones to retire, saying, You behold, Sir, how he waxeth wroth at your Abode here; therefore let me pray you not to tarry any longer.

"His

6 His Anger is too much kindled for you to com-

mune with him at prefent. You had better,
 therefore, conclude your Vifit, and refer what

Matters you have to urge in your Behalf to

fome other Opportunity.'

Jones accepted this Advice with Thanks, and immediately departed. The Squire now regained the Liberty of his Hands, and so much Temper as to express some Satisfaction in the Restraint which had been laid upon him; declaring that he should certainly have beat his Brains out; and adding, 'It would have vexed one consoundedly to have been hanged for such a Rascal.'

The Parson now began to triumph in the Success of his Peace-making Endeavours, and proceeded to read a Lecture against Anger, which might perhaps rather have tended to raise than to quiet that Passion in some hasty Minds. This Lecture he enriched with many valuable Quotations from the Antients, particularly from Seneca; who hath, indeed, so well handled this Passion, that none but a very angry Man can read him without great Pleasure and Profit. The Doctor concluded this Harangue with the samous Story of Alexander and Clitus; but as I find that entered in my Common-Place under Title Drunkenness, I shall not insert it here.

The Squire took no Notice of this Story, nor perhaps of any Thing he faid: For he interrupted him before he had finished, by calling for a Tankard of Beer; observing (which is perhaps as true as any Observation on this Fever of the Mind) that Anger makes a Man dry.

No fooner had the Squire swallowed a large Draught than he renewed the Discourse on Jones, and declared a Resolution of going the next

Morn-

Morning early to acquaint Mr. Allworthy. Friend would have diffuaded him from this, from the mere Motive of Good-nature; but his Diffuafion had no other Effect than to produce a large Volley of Oaths and Curfes, which greatly shocked the pious Ears of Supple; but he did not dare to remonstrate against a Privilege, which the Squire claimed as a free-born Englishman. To fay Truth, the Parson submitted to please his Palate at the Squire's Table, at the Expence of fuffering now and then this Violence to his Ears. He contented himself with thinking he did not promote this evil Practice, and that the Squire would not fwear an Oath the lefs, if he never entered within his Gates. However, tho' he was not guilty of ill Manners by rebuking a Gentleman in his own House, he paid him off obliquely in the Pulpit; which had not, indeed, the good Effect of working a Reformation in the Squire himfelf; yet it so far operated on his Conscience, that he put the Laws very feverely in Execution against others, and the Magistrate was the only Person in the Parish who could swear with Impunity.

CHAP. X.

In which Mr. Western visits Mr. Allworthy.

R. Allworthy was now retired from Breakfast with his Nephew, well satisfied with the Report of the young Gentleman's successful Visit to Sophia, (for he greatly desired the Match, more on Account of the young Lady's Character than of her Riches) when Mr. Western broke Vol. II. Dabrupt-

abruptly in upon them, and without any Cere-

mony began as follows.

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'There, you have done a fine Piece of Work struly. You have brought up your Bastard to a fine Purpose; not that I believe you have had any Hand in it neither, that is, as a Man may fay, defignedly; but there is a fine Kettle of Fish made on't up at our House.' 'What canbe the Matter, Mr. Western?' faid Allworthy. 6 O Matter enow of all Confcience; my Daughster hath fallen in Love with your Baftard, that's all; but I won't ge her a Hapenny, not the Twentieth Part of a Brass Varden. I always s thought what would come o' breeding up a Baftard like a Gentleman, and letting un come about to Vok's Houses. Its well vor un I could onot get at un, I'd a licked un, I'd a spoil'd his, Caterwauling, I'd a taught the Son of a Whore to meddle with Meat for his Master. He shan't ever have a Morsel of Meat of mine, or a Varden to buy it: If the will ba un, one Smock shall be her Portion. I'll sooner ge my Esteate to the zinking Fund, that it may be sent to Hannover to corrupt our Nation with.' I am heartily forry, cries Allworthy. Pox o' your Sorrow,' fays Western, ' it will do me Abundance of Good, when I have loft my only " Child, my poor Sophy, that was the Joy of my · Heart, and all the Hope and Comfort of my · Age; but I am refolved I will turn her out o' Doors; she shall beg and starve, and rot in the Streets. Not one Hapenny, not a Hapenny ' shall she ever bae o' mine. The Son of a Bitch was always good at finding a Hare fitting; an be rotted to'n, I little thought what Puss he was 6 looking after; but it shall be the worst he ever

6 wound

vound in his Life. She shall be no better than ' Carrion; the Skin o'er is all he shall ha, and " zu you may tell un.' " I am in Amazement," cries Allworthy, 'at what you tell me, after what passed between my Nephew and the young Lady no longer ago than Yesterday.' Yes, ' Sir,' answered Western, ' it was after what e paffed between your Nephew and she that the whole Matter came out. Mr. Blifil there was ono fooner gone than the Son of a Whore came · lurching about the House. Little did I think, when I used to love him for a Sportsman, that he was all the while a poaching after my Daughter.' ' Why, truly,' fays Allworthy, I could wish you had not given him so many · Opportunities with her; and you will do me the Tuffice to acknowledge, that I have always been averse to his staying so much at your 6 House, tho' I own I had no Suspicion of this " Kind." Why, Zounds!" cries Western, who could have thought it? What the Devil ' had she to do wi'n? He did not come there a courting to her; he came there a hunting " with me." But was it possible, fays Allworthy, ' that you should never discern any 6 Symptoms of Love between them, when you have feen them fo often together?' Never in my Life, as I hope to be faved,' cries Weftern. I never so much as zeed him kiss her in all my Life; and fo far from courting her, he " used rather to be more filent when she was in . Company than at any other Time: And as for the Girl, she was always less civil to'n than to any young Man that came to the House. As to that Matter, I am not more easy to be deceived than another; I would not have you D 2 6 think

think I am, Neighbour.' Allworthy could scarce refrain Laughter at this; but he resolved to do a Violence to himself: For he perfectly well knew Mankind, and had too much good Breeding and good Nature to offend the Squire in his present Circumstances. He then asked Western what he would have him do upon this Occasion. To which the other answered, 'That he would " have him keep the Rascal away from his House, and that he would go and lock up the Wench: For he was refolved to make her marry Mr. " Blifil in Spite of her Teeth' He then shook Blift by the Hand, and fwore he would have no other Son-in law. Prefently after which he took his Leave, faying, his House was in fuch Diforder, that it was necessary for him to make hafte home, to take care his Daughter did not give him the Slip; and as for Yones, he fwore, if he caught him at his House, he would qualify him to run for the Gelding's Plate.

When Allworthy and Blift were again left together, a long Silence enfued between them; all which Interval the young Gentleman filled up with Sighs, which proceeded partly from Difappointment, but more from Hatred: For the Success of Yones was much more grievous to him

than the Lofs of Sophia.

At length his Uncle asked him what he was determined to do, and he answered in the following Words. 'Alas, Sir, can it be a Question what Step a Lover will take, when Reason and

- Paffion point different Ways? I am afraid it is too certain he will, in that Dilemma, always
- follow the latter. Reason dictates to me, to quit all Thoughts of a Woman who places her
- Affections on another; my Passion bids me

· hope

hope the may, in Time, change her Inclinations in my Favour. Here, however, I conceive an Objection may be raifed, which, if it could not fully be answered, would totally deter me from any further Pursuit. I mean the Infulfice of endeavouring to supplant another, in a Heart, of which he feems already in Poffession; but the determined Resolution of Mr. Western shews, that in this Case I shall, by so doing, promote the Happiness of every Party; only that of the Parent, who will thus be * preserved from the highest Degree of Misery, but of both the others, who must be undone by this Match. The Lady, I am fure, will be undone in every Sense: For, besides the Loss of most Part of her own Fortune, she will be only married to a Beggar, but the little Fortune which her Father cannot with-hold from her, will be squandered on that Wench, with whom I know he yet converfes --- Nay, that is a Trifle: For I know him to be one of the worst Men in the World: For had my dear Uncle known what I have hitherto endeavoured to conceal, he must have long fince ' abandoned so profligate a Wretch.' ' How,' faid Allworthy, ' hath he done any Thing worse 'than I already know? Tell me, I befeech you.' No, replied Bl'fil, it is now past, and perhaps he may have repented of it.' I com-' mand you, on your Duty,' faid Allworthy, ' to tell me what you mean.' You know, Sir,' favs Blifil, I never disobeyed you; but I am forry I mentioned it, fince it may now look blike Revenge, whereas, I thank Heaven, no fuch Motive ever entered my Heart; and if you oblige me to discover it, I must be his Pe-D 3

titioner to you for your Forgiveness.' 'I will have no Conditions,' answered Allworthy, 'I think I have shewn Tenderness enough towards him, and more perhaps than you ought to thank me for.' More, indeed, I fear than he deferved, cries Blifil; for in the very Day of your utmost Danger, when myself and all the Family were in Tears, he filled the House with Riot and Debauchery. He drank and fung and roared; and when I gave him a gentle " Hint of the Indecency of his Actions, he fell into a violent Passion, swore many Oaths, called " me Rascal, and struck me.' 'How!' cries Allworthy, 'did he dare to flrike you?' 'I am ' fure,' cries Blifil, ' I have forgiven him that ' long ago. I wish I could so easily forget his Ingratitude to the best of Benefactors; and yet, even that I hope you will forgive him, fince he must have certainly been possessed with the Devil: For that very Evening, as Mr. Thwackum and myfelf were taking the Air in the Fields, and exulting in the good Symptoms which then first began to discover themselves, we un-' luckily faw him engaged with a Wench in a Manner not fit to be mentioned. Mr. · Thwackum, with more Boldnessthan Prudence, advanced to rebuke him, when (I am forry to fay it) he fell upon the worthy Man, and beat him fo outrageously, that I wish he may have · yet recovered the Bruises. Nor was I without my Share of the Effects of his Malice, while I endeavoured to protect my Tutor: But that I have long forgiven; nay, I prevailed with Mr. "Thwackum to forgive him too, and not to inform you of a Secret which I feared might be fatal to him. And now, Sir, fince I have unadvisedly

advisedly dropped a Hint of this Matter, and

your Commands have obliged me to discover the Whole, let me intercede with you for him.

" O Child,' faid Allworthy, 'I know not whether

I should blame or applaud your Goodness, in

concealing fuch Villany a Moment: Butwhere

is Mr. Thwackum? Not that I want any Con-

firmation of what you fay; but I will examine

all the Evidence of this Matter, to justify to

the World the Example I am resolved to make

6 of fuch a Monster.'

Thwackum was now fent for, and prefently appeared. He corroborated every Circumstance which the other had deposed; nay, he produced the Record upon his Breast, where the Handwriting of Mr. Jones remained very legible in Black and Blue. He concluded with declaring to Mr. Allworthy, that he should have long since informed him of this Matter, had not Mr. Bliss, by the most earnest Interpositions, prevented him.

4 He is,' says he, 'an excellent Youth; though such Forgiveness of Enemies is carrying the Matter too far.'

In Reality, Blifil had taken some Pains to prevail with the Parson, and to prevent the Discovery at that Time; for which he had many Reasons. He knew that the Minds of Men are apt to be softened and relaxed from their usual Severity by Sickness. Besides, he imagined that if the Story was told when the Fact was so recent, and the Physician about the House, who might have unravelled the real Truth, he should never be able to give it the malicious Turn which he intended. Again, he resolved to hoard up this Business, till the Indiscretion of Jones should afford some additional Complaints; for he thought.

the joint Weight of many Facts falling upon him together, would be the most likely to crush him; and he watched therefore some such Opportunity as that with which Fortune had now kindly prefented him. Lastly, by prevailing with Thwackum to conceal the Matter for a Time, he knew he should confirm an Opinion of his Friendship to Jones, which he had greatly laboured to establish in Mr. Allworthy.

CHAP. XI.

A short Chapter; but which contains sufficient Matter to affect the good-natured Reader.

T was Mr. Allworthy's Custom never to punish any one, not even to turn away a Servant, in a Passion. He resolved, therefore, to delay pass-

ing Sentence on Jones till the Afternoon.

The poor young Man attended at Dinner, as usual; but his Heart was too much loaded to suffer him to eat. His Grief too was a good deal aggravated by the unkind Looks of Mr. Allworthy; whence he concluded that Western had discovered the whole Affair between him and Sophia: But as to Mr. Blifil's Story, he had not the least Apprehension; for of much the greater Part he was entirely innocent; and for the Refidue, as he had forgiven and forgotten it himfelf, so he suspected no Remembrance on the other Side. When Dinner was over, and the Servants departed, Mr. Allworthy began to harangue. He set forth, in a long Speech, the many Iniquities of which Jones had been guilty, particularly those which this Day had brought to Light; and concluded by telling him, ' That un' less he could clear himself of the Charge, he was resolved to banish him his Sight for ever.'

Many Difadvantages attended poor Jones in making his Defence; nay, indeed, he hardly knew his Accusation: For as Mr. Alworthy, in: recounting the Drunkenness, &c. while he lay ill, out of Modesty sunk every thing that related particularly to himself, which indeed principally constituted the Crime; Jones could not deny the Charge. His Heart was, besides, almost broken already; and his Spirits were fo funk, that he. could fay nothing for himfelf; but acknowledged the Whole, and, like a Criminal in Despair, threw himself upon Mercy; concluding, 'That: tho' he must own himself guilty of many Follies and Inadvertencies, he hoped he had done "nothing to deferve what would be to him the greatest Punishment in the World.'

Allworthy answered, 'That he had forgiven him too often already, in Compassion to his 'Youth, and in Hopes of his Amendment: That he now found he was an abondoned Reprobate, and fuch as it would be criminal in any one to fupport and encourage. Nay,' faid Mr. Allworthy to him, 'your audacious Attempt to fleal away the young Lady calls upon me to juffify my own Character in punishing you. The . World, who have already cenfured the Regard . I have shewn for you, may think, with some Colour at least of Justice, that I connive at so base and barbarous an Action. An Action of which you must have known my Abhorrence; and which, had you had any Concern for my · Ease and Honour, as well as for my Friend-6 ship, you would never have thought of undertaking. Fie upon it, young Man! indeed there is scarce any Punishment equal to your Crimes, and I can fcarce think myfelf justifiable in what I am now going to bestow on byou. However, as I have educated you like a Child of my own, I will not turn you naked into the World. When you open this Paper, therefore, you will find fomething which may enable you, with Industry, to get an honest Livelihood; but if you employ it to worfe Purposes, I shall not think myself obliged to fupply you farther, being refolved, from this Day forward, to converse no more with you on any Account. I cannot avoid faying, There is no Part of your Conduct which I refent more than your ill Treatment of that good voung Man (meaning Blifil) who hath behaved with fo much Tenderness and Honour towards vou.'

These last Words were a Dose almost too bitter to be swallowed. A Flood of Tears now gushed from the Eyes of Jones, and every Faculty of Speech and Motion seemed to have deserted him. It was some Time before he was able to obey Allwerthy's peremptory Commands of departing; which he at length did, having first kissed his Hands with a Passion difficult to be affected, and as difficult to be described.

The Reader must be very weak, if, when he considers the Light in which Jones then appeared to Mr. Allworthy, he should blame the Rigour of his Sentence. And yet all the Neighbourhood, either from this Weakness, or from some worse Motive, condemned this Justice and Severity as the highest Cruelty. Nay, the very Persons who had before censured the good Man for the Kind-

ness

ness and Tenderness shewn to a Bastard (his own, according to the general Opinion) now cried out as loudly against turning his own Child out of Doors. The Women especially were unanimous in taking the Part of Jones, and raised more Stories on the Occasion than I have Room, in this Chapter, to set down.

One Thing must not be omitted, that in their Censures on this Occasion, none ever mentioned the Sum contained in the Paper which Allworthy gave Jones, which was no less than Five hundred Pounds; but all agreed that he was sent away Pennyless, and some said, naked from the House of his inhuman Father.

CHAP. XII.

Containing Love-Letters, &c.,

JONES was commanded to leave the House immediately, and told, that his Clothes and every Thing else should be sent to him whither-soever he should order them.

He accordingly fet out, and walked above as Mile, not regarding, and indeed fearce knowing whither he went. At length a little Brook obstructing his Passage, he threw himself down by the Side of it; nor could he help muttering, with some little Indignation, 'Sure my Father's will not deny me this Place to rest in?'

Agonies, tearing his Hair from his Head, and using most other Actions which generally accompany Fits of Madness, Rage, and Despair.

When he had in this Manner vented the first.
Emotions of Passion, he began to come a little.

to himself. His Grief now took another Turn, and discharged itself in a gentler Way, till he became at last cool enough to reason with his Passion, and to consider what Steps were proper to be taken in his deplorable Condition.

And now the great Doubt was, how to act with regard to Sophia. The Thoughts of leaving her, almost rent his Heart afunder; but the Confideration of reducing her to Ruin and Beggary still racked him, if possible, more; and if the violent Defire of poffessing her Person could have induced him to liften one Moment to this Alternative, still he was by no means certain of her Refolution to indulge his Wishes at so high an Expence. The Resentment of Mr. Allworthy, and the Injury he must do to his Quiet, argued strongly against this latter; and lastly, the apparent Impossibility of his Success, even if he would facrifice all these Considerations to it, came to his Assistance; and thus Honour at last, backed with Despair, with Gratitude to his Benefactor, and with real Love to his Mistress, got the better of burning Desire, and he resolved rather to quit Sophia than to pursue her to her Ruin.

It is difficult for any who have not felt it, to conceive the glowing Warmth, which filled his Breast on the first Contemplation of this Victory over his Passion. Pride flattered him so agreeably, that his Mind perhaps enjoyed perfect Happiness; but this was only momentary; Sophia soon returned to his Imagination, and allayed the Joy of his Triumph with no less bitter Pangs than a good natured General must feel when he surveys the bleeding Heaps, at the Price of whose Blood he hath purchased his Laurels; for thou-

shirt weered I ove obliges me to perm. Parden my

Ch. 12. a FOUNDLING. OGR

fands of tender Ideas lay murdered before our

Conqueror. strang a m libitibegradolib bna

Being refolved, however, to purfue the Paths of this Giant Honour, as the gigantic Poet Lee calls it, he determined to write a farewell Letter to Sophia; and accordingly proceeded to a House not far off, where, being furnished with proper Materials, he wrote as follows.

Madam, neddled thin, if bedleter nimadaM

Hen you reflect on the Situation in which I write, I am fure your Goodnature will pardon any Inconfishency or Ab-

furdity which my Letter contains; for every thing here flows from a Heart fo full, that no

Language can express its Dictates, Language

- 'I have refolved, Madam, to obey your Commands, in flying for ever from your dear, your
- ' lovely Sight: Cruel indeed those Commands
- are; but it is a Cruelty which proceeds from
- Fortune, not from my Sophia. Fortune hath made it necessary, necessary to your Preserva
 - tion, to forget there ever was such a Wretch as-

. I am.

- Believe me, I would not hint all my Sufferings to you, if I imagined they could possibly
- escape your Ears. I know the Goodness and
 - Tenderness of your Heart, and would avoid
 - giving you any of those Pains which you al-
 - ways feel for the Miserable. O let nothing, which you shall hear of my hard Fortune,
- cause a Moment's Concern; for after the Loss
- of you, every Thing is to me a Trifle.
- O Sophia! it is hard to leave you; it is harder fill to defire you to forget me; yet the
 - s fincerest Love obliges me to both. Pardon my

CODE

He was now fearching his Pockets for his Wax, but found none, nor indeed any thing else, therein; for in Truth he had, in his frantic Disposition, tossed every thing from him, and, amongst the rest, his Pocket-book, which he had received from Mr. Allworthy, which he had never opened, and which now first occurred to his

Memory.

The House supplied him with a Waser for his present Purpose, with which having sealed his Letter, he returned hastily towards the Brook Side, in order to search for the Things which he had there lost. In his Way he met his old Friend Black George, who heartily condoled with him on his Missortune; for this had already reached his Ears, and indeed those of all the Neighbourhood.

Jones acquainted the Game-keeper with his Loss, and he as readily went back with him to the Brook, where they fearched every Tuft of Grass in the Meadow, as well where Jones had not been, as where he had been; but all to no Purpose, for they found nothing: For indeed, though the Things were then in the Meadow, they omitted to search the only Place where they were deposited; to wit, in the Pockets of the said George; for he had just before found them,

the transfer of the

and

and being luckily apprized of their Value, had very carefully put them up for his own Use.

The Game-keeper having exerted as much Diligence in Quest of the lost Goods, as if he had hoped to find them, desired Mr. Jones to recollect if he had been in no other Place; 'For sure,' said he, 'if you had lost them here so lately, the 'Things must have been here still; for this is a 'very unlikely Place for any one to pass by;' and indeed it was by great Accident that he himself had passed through that Field, in order to lay Wires for Hares, with which he was to supply a Poulterer at Bath the next Morning.

Jones now gave over all Hopes of recovering his Loss, and almost all Thoughts concerning it, and turning to Black George, asked him earnestly, If he would do him the greatest Favour in the

World?

George answered, with some Hesitation, Sir, you know you may command me whatever isin my Power, and I heartily wish it was in my ' Power to do you any Service.' In fact, the Question staggered him; for he had, by felling Game, amassed a pretty good Sum of Money in Mr. Western's Service, and was afraid that Fones. wanted to borrow fome small Matter of him; but he was prefently relieved from his Anxiety, by being defired to convey a Letter to Sophia, which with great Pleasure he promised to do. And indeed, I believe there are few Favours. which he would not have gladly conferred on Mr. Yones; for he bore as much Gratitude towards him as he could, and was as honest as Men who love Money better than any other Thing in the Universe, generally are.

erMu more that he had made use of the lateryal

Mrs. Honour was agreed by both to be the proper Means by which this Letter should pass to Sophia. They then separated; the Game-keeper returned home to Mr. Western's, and Jones walked to an Alehouse at half a Mile's Distance, to

wait for his Messenger's Return.

George no fooner came home to his Master's House, than he met with Mrs. Honour; to whom, having first sounded her with a sew previous Questions, he delivered the Letter for her Mistress, and received at the same Time another from her for Mr. Jones; which Honour told him she had carried all that Day in her Bosom, and began to despair of finding any Means of delivering it.

The Game-keeper returned hastily and joyfully to Jones, who having received Sophia's Letter from him instantly withdrew, and eagerly

breaking it open read as follows:

SIR.

Tr is impossible to express what I have felt fince I saw you. Your submitting, on my

Account, to such cruel Insults from my Father, hays me under an Obligation I shall ever own.

As you know his Temper, I beg you will, for my Sake, avoid him. I wish I had any Com-

fort to fend you; but believe this, that nothing but the last Violence shall ever give my Hand

or Heart where you would be forry to fee them

bestowed.

Jones read this Letter a hundred Times over, and kissed it a hundred Times as often. His Passion now brought all tender Desires back into his Mind. He repented that he had writ to Sophia in the Manner we have seen above; but he repented more that he had made use of the Interval

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of his Messenger's Absence to write and dispatch a Letter to Mr. Allworthy, in which he had faithfully promised and bound himself to quit all Thoughts of his Love. However, when his cool Reslections returned, he plainly perceived that his Case was neither mended nor altered by Sophia's Billet, unless to give him some little Glimpse of Hope from her Constancy, of some favourable Accident hereafter. He therefore resumed his Resolution, and taking leave of Black George, set forward to a Town about five Miles distant, whither he had desired Mr. Allworthy, unless he pleased to revoke his Sentence, to send his Things after him.

CHAP, XIII.

The Behaviour of Sophia on the present Occasion; which none of her Sex will blame, who are capable of behaving in the same Manner. And the Discussion of a knotty Point in the Court of Conscience.

Hours in no very desirable Manner. During a large Part of them she had been entertained by her Aunt, with Lectures of Prudence, recommending to her the Example of the polite World, where Love (so the good Lady said) is at present entirely laughed at, and where Women consider Matrimony, as Men do Offices of public Trust, only as the Means of making their Fortunes, and of advancing themselves in the World. In commenting on which Text Mrs. Western had displayed her Eloquence during several Hours.

Thefe

These sagacious Lectures, though little suited either to the Taste or Inclination of Sophia, were, however, less irksome to her than her own Thoughts, that formed the Entertainment of the Night, during which she never once closed

her Eyes.

But though she could neither sleep nor rest in her Bed; yet, having no Avocation from it, she was found there by her Father at his Return from Allworthy's, which was not till past Ten o'Clock in the Morning. He went directly up to her Apartment, opened the Door, and seeing she was not up---cried--- Oh! you are safe then, and I am resolved to keep you so.' He then locked the Door, and delivered the Key to Honour, having first given her the strictest Charge, with great Promises of Rewards for her Fidelity, and most dreadful Menaces of Punishment, in case she should betray her Trust.

Honour's Orders were not to fuffer her Mistress to come out of her Room without the Authority of the Squire himself, and to admit none to her but him and her Aunt; but she was herself to attend her with whatever Sophia pleased, except only Pen, Ink, and Paper, of which she was

forbidden the Use.

The Squire ordered his Daughter to dress herfelf and attend him at Dinner; which she obeyed; and having sat the usual Time, was again con-

ducted to her Prison.

In the Evening, the Goaler Honour brought her the Letter which she received from the Game-keeper. Sophia read it very attentively twice or thrice over, and then threw herself upon the Bed, and burst into a Flood of Tears. Mrs. Honour expressed great Astonishment at this Be-

haviour in her Mistress; nor could she forbear very eagerly begging to know the Cause of this Passion. Sophia made her no Answer for some Time, and then flarting fuddenly up caught her Maid by the Hand, and cried, "O Honour! I am undone.' Marry forbid,' cries Honour, I wish the Letter had been burnt before I had brought it to your La'fhip. I'm fure I thought it would have comforted your La'ship, or I would have feen it at the Devil before I would ' have touch'd it.' ' Honour,' fays Sophia, ' you are a good Girl, and it is vain to attempt concealing longer my Weakness from you; I have thrown away my Heart on a Man who hath ' forfaken me.' 'And is Mr. Jones,' answered ' the Maid, fuch a Perfidy Man?' ' He hath taken his Leave of me, fays Sophia, for ever in that Letter. Nay, he hath defired me to forget him. Could he have defired that, if he had loved me? Could he have borne fuch a 1 Thought? Could he have written fuch a Word?' No certainly, Ma'm,' cries Honour, ' and to be fure, if the best Man in Eng-' land was to defire me to forget him, I'd take him at his Word. Marry come up! I am fure your La'fhip hath done him too much 6 Honour ever to think on him. A young Lady who may take her Choice of all the young Men in the Country .--- And to be fure, if I may be fo prefumptuous as to offer my poor Opinion, there is young Mr. Blifil, who befides that he is come of honest Parents, and will be one of the greatest Squires all hereabouts, he is to be fure, in my poor Opinion, a more handsomer, and a more politer Man by half; and befides, he is a young Gentleman of

a fober Character, and who may defy any of the Neighbours to fay black is his Eye: He follows no dirty Trollops, nor can any Bastards be laid at his Door. Forget him indeed! I thank Heaven I myself am not so much at my alast Prayers, as to suffer any Man to bid me forget him twice. If the best He that wears a Head was for to go for to offer to fay fuch an affronting Word to me, I would never give him my Company afterwards, if there was another young Man in the Kingdom. And as I was a faying, to be fure, there is young Mr. Blifil' --- 'Name not his detested Name,' cries. Sophia. ' Nay, Ma'am,' fays Honour, 'if your La'ship doth not like him, there be more jolity handsome young Men that would court your La'ship, if they had but the least Encouragement. I don't believe there is arrow young Gentleman in this Country, or in the next to it, that if your La'ship was but to look as if 4 you had a Mind to him, would not come about to make his Offers directly.' What a Wretch dost thou imagine me, cries Saphia, by affronting my Ears with fuch Stuff! I deteft 'all Mankind.' 'Nay, to be fure, Ma'am,' answered Honour 'your La'ship hath had enough to give you a Surfeit of them. To be used ill by fuch a poor beggarly baftardly Fellow:' Hold your blasphemous Tongue, cries Sophia, how dare you mention his Name with Difrefpect before me? He use me ill? No, his poor bleeding Heart suffered more when he writ the cruel Words, than mine from reading them. O! he is all heroic Virtue, and angelic Goode ness. I am ashamed of the Weakness of my a own Passion, for blaming what I ought to admire.

' mire .- O Honour! it is my Good only which he consults. To my Interest he sacrifices both ' himfelf and me- The Apprehension of ruining me hath driven him to Despair.' I am very glad, fays Honcur,' to hear your La'ship takes that into your Consideration: for to be fure, it must be nothing less than Ruin, 6 to give your Mind to one that is turned out of Doors, and is not worth a Farthing in the World.' Turned out of Doors l' cries Sophia hastily, 'how! what dost thou mean?' Why, to be fure, Ma'm, my Master no Gooner told Squire Allworthy about Mr. Fones having offered to make Love to your Ladyship, than the Squire stripped him stark naked, and ' turned him out of Doors.' 'Ha!' fays Sophia, I have been the curfed, wretched Caufe of his Destruction?-Turn'd naked out of Doors! · Here, Honour, take all the Money I have; take the Rings from my Fingers.—Here my Watch, carry him all.-Go, find him im-' mediately.' 'For Heaven's Sake, Ma'am,' anfwered Mrs. Honour, 'do but confider, if my · Master should miss any of these Things, I 6 should be made to answer for them. Therefore let me beg your Ladyship not to part with your Watch and Jewels. Besides the Money, I ' think, is enough of all Conscience; and as for that, my Master can never know any thing

ont a Moment.'
Mrs. Honour departed according to Orders, and finding Black George below Stairs, delivered him the Purfe which contained Sixteen Guineas, being

of the Matter.' Here then,' cries Sophia, take every Farthing I am worth, find him out immediately and give it him. Go, go, lose

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being indeed the whole Stock of Sophia: For tho' her Father was very liberal to her, the was

much too generous to be rich.

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Black George having received the Purfe, fet forward towards the Alehouse; but in the Way a Thought occurred to him, whether he should not detain this Money likewise. His Conscience, however, immediately started at this Sugarfion, and began to upbraid him with Ingratitude to his' Benefactor. To this his Avarice answered, That his Conscience should have considered the Matter before, when he deprived poor Fones of his 500%. That having quietly acquiesced in what was of so much greater Importance, it was abfurd, if not downright Hypocrify, to affect any Qualms at this Trifle.' In return to which, Confcience, like a good Lawyer, attempted to distinguish between an absolute Breach of Truft, as here where the Goods were delivered, and a bare Concealment of what was found, as in the former Cafe. Avarice prefently treated this with Ridicule, called it a Distinction without a Difference, and absolutely infilled. that when once all Pretentions of Honour and Virtue were given up in any one Instance, that there was no Precedent for reforting to them upon a fecond Occasion. In short, poor Conscience had certainly been defeated in the Argument, had not Fear stept in to her Assistance, and very strenuously urged, that the real Distinction between the two Actions, did not lie in the different Degrees of Honour, but of Safety: For that the secreting the 500 l. was a Matter of ver little Hazard; whereas the detaining the Sixteen Guineas was liable to the utmost Danger of Diff covery.

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By this friendly Aid of Fear, Conscience obtained a compleat Victory in the Mind of Black George, and, after making him a few Compliments on his Honesty, forced him to deliver the Money to Jones.

CHAP. XIV.

A short Chapter, containing a short Dialogue between Squire Western and his Sister.

TRS. Western had been engaged abroad all that Day. The Squire met her at her Return home; and when she enquired after Sophia, he acquainted her that he had fecured her fafe enough. ' She is locked up in Chamber,' cries he, 'and Honour keeps the Key.' As his Looks were full of prodigious Wisdom and Sagacity when he gave his Sifter this Information, it is probable he expected much Applause from her for what he had done; but how was he difappointed! when with a most disdainful Aspect, she cried, Sure, Brother you are the weakest of all Men. Why will you not confide in me for the Management of my Niece? Why will 6 you interpose? You have now undone all that I have been spending my Breath in order to bring about While I have been endeavouring to fill her Mind with Maxims of Prudence, you have been provoking her to reject them. Eng-6 lift Women, Brother, I thank Heaven, are no Slaves. We are not to be locked up like the Spanish and Italian Wives. We have as good a Right to Liberty as yourselves. We are to be convinced by Reason and Persuasion only, and not governed by Force. I have feen the World,

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World, Brother, and know what Arguments

to make Use of; and if your Folly had not prevented me, should have prevailed with her to form her Conduct by those Rules of Prudence and Discretion which I formerly taught

dence and Discretion which I formerly taught her.' To be sure,' said the Squire, I am always in the Wrong.' Brother,' answered

always in the Wrong.' Brother,' answered the Lady, 'you are not in the Wrong, unless when you meddle with Matters beyond your

Knowledge. You must agree, that I have feen most of the World? and happy had it

been for my Niece, if the had not been taken from under my Care. It is by living at home

with you that she hath learnt romantic Notions

of Love and Nonsense.' You don't imagine,
I hope,' cries the Squire, that I have taught

her any fuch Things.' Your Ignorance,

Brother,' returned the, 'as the great Milton fays, almost subdues my Patience.'* 'D—n

fays, almost subdues my Patience. * D—n
Milton,' answered the Squire, 'if he had the

Impudence to fay fo to my Face, I'd lend him

a Douse, thos he was never so great a Man.
Patience! an you come to that, Sister, I have

more Occasion of Patience, to be used like an

overgrown School-boy; as I am by you. Do you think no one hath any Understanding, un-

· less he hath been about at Court? Pox! the

World is come to a fine Pass indeed, if we are all Fools, except a Parcel of Roundheads and

Hannover Rats. Pox! I hope the Times are a

coming that we shall make Fools of them, and every Man shall enjoy his own. That's

all, Sifter, and every Man shall enjoy his own.

I hope to zee it, Sister, before the Hannever

6 Rats

^{*} The Reader may perhaps subdue his own Patience, if he fearches for this in Milton.

Rats have eat up all our Corn, and left us nothing but Turneps to feed upon.' I proteft, Brother,' cries she, 'you are now got beyond 6 my Understanding, Your Jargon of Turneps and Hannover Rats, is to me perfectly unintel-'ligible.' 'I believe,' cries he, 'you don't care to hear o'em; but the Country Interest may " fucceed one Day or other for all that." " I " wish,' answered the Lady, " you would think a little of your Daughter's Interest: For be-· lieve me, she is in greater Danger than the Na-'tion.' 'Just now,' said he, 'you chid me ' for thinking on her, and would ha' her left to 'you.' 'And if you will promife to interpole ' no more,' answered she, ' I will out of my ' Regard to my Niece, undertake the Charge.' Well, do then,' faid the Squire, ' for you know I always agreed, that Women are the ' properest to manage Women.'

Mrs. Western then departed, muttering something with an Air of Difdain, concerning Women and Management of the Nation. immediately repaired to Sophia's Apartment, who was now, after a Day's Confinement, released

again from her Captivity.