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The History Of Tom Jones, A Foundling

In Four Volumes

Fielding, Henry London, 1750

Chap. X. Containing several Matters natural enough perhaps, but Low.

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Containing several Matters, natural enough, perhaps, but Low.

HE Reader will be pleased to remember, that we lest Mr. Jones in the Beginning of this Book, on his Road to Brissol; being determined to seek his Fortune at Sea; or rather, indeed, to Ay away from his Fortune on Shore.

It happened, (a Thing not very unufual) that the Guide who undertook to conduct him on his Way, was unluckily unacquainted with the Road; fo that having miffed his right Track, and being ashamed to ask Information, he rambled about backwards and forwards till Night came on, and it began to grow dark. Jones suspecting what had happened, acquainted the Guide with his Apprehensions; but he insisted on it, that they were in the right Road, and added, it would be very strange if he should not know the Road to Bristal; tho', in Reality, it would have been much stranger if he had known it, having never past through it in his Life before.

Jones had not such implicit Faith in his Guide, but that on their Arrival at a Village he enquired of the first Fellow he saw, whether they were in the Road to Bristol. 'Whence did you come?' cries the Fellow. 'No Matter,' says Jones, a little hastily, 'I want to know if this be the Road to Bristol.' 'The Road to Bristol!' cries the Fellow, scratching his Head, 'Why, 'Master, I believe you will hardly get to Bristol' this Way To-night.' 'Prithee, Friend, then,'

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answered Jones, 'do tell us which is the Way.' --Why, Measter,' cries the Fellow, 'you must be come out of your Road the Lord knows whither: For thick Way goeth to Glocester.' Well, and which Way goes to Briftol?' faid Jones. Why, you be going away from Briftol, answered the Fellow -- 'Then,' faid fones, 'we must go back again.' 'Ay, you must,' faid the Fellow. Well, and when we come back to the Top of the Hill, which Way must we take?' 'Why you must keep the strait Roads' But I remember there are two Roads, one to the Right and the other to the Left.' Why vou must keep the right-hand Road, and then gu ftrait vorwards; only remember to turn firft to your Right, and then to your Left again, and then to your Right; and that brings you to the Squire's, and then you must keep strait vorwards, and twn to the Left.' - Another Fellow now came up, and asked which

May the Gentlemen were going?—of which being informed by Jones, he first scratched his Head, and then leaning upon a Pole he had in his Hand, began to tell him, That he must keep the Right-hand Road for about a Mile, or a Mile and half or such a Matter, and then he must turn short to the Lest, which would bring him round by Measter Jin Bearnes's? Ays Jones.

O Lord, cries the Fellow, why don't you know Measter Jin Bearnes? Whence then did

Syou come?' Manager and the

These two Fellows had almost conquered the Patience of Jones, when a plain well-looking Man (who was indeed a Quaker) accosted him thus: 'Friend, I perceive thou hast lost thy G 3 'Way;

Way; and if thou wilt take my Advice, thou wilt not attempt to find it To night. It is almost dark, and the Road is difficult to hit; besides there have been several Robberies committed lately between this and Brissol. Here is a very creditable good House just by, where thou may'st find good Entertainment for thyself and thy Cattle till Morning. Jones, after a little Persuasion, agreed to stay in this Place 'till the Morning, and was conducted by his Friend to the Public-House.

The Landlord, who was a very civil Fellow, told Jones, ' he hoped he would excuse the Badness of his Accommodation: For that his Wife was gone from home, and had locked up al-" most every Thing, and carried the Keys along with her.' Indeed, the Fact was, that a favourite Daughter of hers was just married, and gone, that Morning, home with her Husband; and that she and her Mother together, had almost stript the poor Man of all his Goods, as well as Money: For tho' he had feveral Children. this Daughter only, who was the Mother's Favourite, was the Object of her Consideration: and to the Humour of this one Child she would, with Pleasure have facrificed all the rest, and her Husband into the Bargain.

Tho' Jones was very unfit for any Kind of Company, and would have preferred being alone; yet he could not refift the Importunities of the honest Quaker; who was the more defirous of fitting with him, from having remarked the Melancholy which appeared both in his Countenance and Behaviour; and which the poor Quaker thought his Conversation might in some Mea-

fure relieve.

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After they had past some Time together, in fuch a Manner that my honest Friend might have thought himself at one of his Silent-Meetings, the Quaker began to be moved by some Spirit or other, probably that of Curiofity; and faid, Friend, I perceive fome fad Difafter hath befallen thee; but, pray be of Comfort. Perhaps thou hast lost a Friend. If so, thou must confider we are all mortal. And why shouldst thou grieve, when thou knowest thy Grief will do thy Friend no Good? We are all born to 6 Affliction. I myfelf have my Sorrows as well as thee, and most probably greater Sorrows. "Tho' I have a clear Estate of 100% a Year, which is as much as I want, and I have a Confcience, I thank the Lord, void of Offence. My Constitution is found and strong, and there is no Man can demand a Debt of me, nor accuse me of an Injury --- yet, Friend, I should be concerned to think thee as miserable as mys felf.

Here the Quaker ended with a deep Sigh; and Jones presently answered, 'I am very sorry, Sir, for your Unhappiness, whatever is the Occasion of it.' 'Ah! Friend,' replied the Quaker, 'one only Daughter is the Occasion. One who was my greatest Delight upon Earth, and who within this Week is run away from me, and is married against my Consent. I had provided her a proper Match, a fober Man; and one of Substance; but she, forsooth, would chuse for herself, and away she is gone with a young Fellow not worth a Groat. If she had been dead, as I suppose thy Friend is, I should have been happy!' 'That is very strange, Sir,' said Jones. 'Why, would it not be better.

f ter for her to be dead, than to be a Beggar?' replied the Quaker: For, as I told you, the Fellow is not worth a Groat; and furely fhe cannot expect that I shall ever give her a Shilling. No, as the hath married for Love, let her live on Love if the can; let her carry her Love to Market, and fee whether any one will change it into Silver, or even into Half-pence.' You know your own Concerns best, Sir, faid Jones. 'It must have been,' continued the Quaker, a long premeditated Scheme to cheat ome: For they have known one another from their Infancy; and I always preached to her against Love---and told her a thousand Times over it was all Folly and Wickedness. Nay, the cunning Slut pretended to hearken to me. and to despise all wantonness of the Flesh; and yet, at last, broke out at a Window two Pair of Stairs: For I began, indeed, a little to fuspect her, and had locked her up carefully, intending the very next Morning to have married her up to my Liking. But she disappointed me within a few Hours, and escaped away to 4 the Lover of her own chufing, who lost no 'Time: For they were married and bedded, and all within an Hour.

But it shall be the worst Hour's Work for them both that ever they did; for they may farve, or beg, or steal together for me. I will e never give either of them a Farthing." Here Jones starting up, cry'd, ' I really must be excufed; I wish you would leave me.' 'Come, come, Friend,' faid the Quaker, 'don't give Way to Concern. You fee there are other People miserable, besides yourfelf.' I see there e are Madmen and Fools and Villains in the World,

World,' cries Jones...' But let me give you a Piece of Advice; fend for your Daughter and Son-in-law home, and don't be yourfelf the only Caufe of Mifery to one you pretend to love.' Send for her and her Husband home! cries the Quaker loudly, 'I would fooner fend for the two greatest Enemies I have in the World!' Well, go home yourfelf, or where you please,' said Jones: 'For I will sit no longer in such Company.'... Nay, Friend,' answered the Quaker, 'I feorn to impose my Company on any one.' He then offered to pull Money from his Pocket, but Jones pushed him with some Violence out of the Room.

The Subject of the Quaker's Difeourse had so deeply affected Fones, that he stared very wildly all the Time he was speaking. This the Quaker had observed, and this; added to the rest of his Behaviour, inspired honest Broadbrim with a Conceit, that his Companion was, in Reality, out of his Senses. Instead of resenting the Assertion, therefore, the Quaker was moved with Compassion for his unhappy Circumstances; and having communicated his Opinion to the Landlord, he desired him to take great Care of his Guest, and to treat him with the highest Civility.

'Indeed,' fays the Landlord, 'I shall use no fuch Civility towards him: For it seems, for

all his laced Waste-coat there, he is no more a

Gentleman than myself; but a poor Parish

Baftard bred up at a great Squire's about 30 Miles off, and now turned out of Doors, (not

for any Good to be fure.) I shall get him out

of my House as soon as possible. If I do

lose my Reckoning, the first Loss is always

the best. It is not above a Year ago that I tolt a Silver-spoon.

What dost thou talk of a Parish Bastard, Robin?' answered the Quaker. Thou must

certainly be mistaken in thy Man.'

'Not at all,' replied Robin, 'the Guide, who 'knows him very well, told it me.' For, indeed, the Guide had no fooner taken his Place at the Kitchin-Fire, than he acquainted the whole Company with all he knew, or had ever heard concerning Jones.

The Quaker was no sooner affired by this Fellow of the Birth and low Fortune of Jones, than all Compassion for him vanished; and the honest, plain Man went home fired with no less Indignation than a Duke would have felt at re-

ceiving an Affront from fuch a Person.

The Landlord himfelf conceived an equal Disdain for his Guest; so that when Jones rung the Bell in order to retire to Bed, he was acquainted that he could have no Bed there. Befides Disdain of the mean Condition of his Guest, Rabin entertained violent Suspicion of his Intentions, which were, he supposed, to watch some favourable Opportunity of robbing the House. In reality, he might have been very well eafed of these Apprehensions by the prudent Precautions of his Wife and Daughter, who had already removed every thing which was not fixed to the Freehold; but he was by Nature suspicious, and had been more particularly fo fince the Lofs of his Spoon. In short, the Dread of being robbed totally absorbed the comfortable Consideration that he had nothing to lofe.

Jones being affured that he could have no Bed, wery contentedly betook himself to a great Chair

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