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## The History Of Tom Jones, A Foundling

In Four Volumes

Fielding, Henry London, 1750

Chap. VIII. What passed between Jones and old Mr. Nightingale, with the Arrival of of a Person not yet mentioned in this History.

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#### Ch. 8. a FOUNDLING.

45

it might be easier to reconcile him to the Fact after it was done; and, upon my Honour, I am so affected with what you have said, and I

love my Nancy so passionately, I almost wish it was done, whatever might be the Conse-

quence.'

Jones greatly approved the Hint, and promifed to pursue it. They then separated, Nightingale to visit his Nancy, and Jones in quest of the old Gentleman.

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What passed between Jones and old Mr. Nightingale; with the Arrival of a Person not yet mentioned in this History,

Otwithstanding the Sentiment of the Roman Satirist, which denies the Divinity of Fortune, and the Opinion of Seneca to the same Purpose; Cicero, who was, I believe, a wifer Man than either of them, expressly holds the contrary; and certain it is, there are some Incidents in Life so very strange and unaccountable, that it seems to require more than human Skill and Foreight

in producing them. I less une syed on stea guide

Of this Kind was what now happened to Jones, who found Mr. Nightingale the elder in fo critical a Minute, that Fortune, if the was really worthy all the Worship sher received at Rome, could not have contrived such another. In short, the old Gentleman and the Father of the young Lady whom he intended for his Son, had been hard at it for many Hours; and the latter was just now gone, and had left the former delighted with the Thoughts that he had succeeded in a long Contention,

tention, which had been between the two Fathers of the future Bride and Bridegroom; in which both endeavoured to over-reach the other, and, as it not rarely happens in such Cases, both had retreated fully satisfied of having obtained the

Victory.

This Gentleman whom Mr. Fones now visited, was what they call a Man of the World; that is to fay, a Man who directs his Conduct in this World, as one who being fully perfuaded there is no other, is refolved to make the most of this. In his early Years he had been bred to Trade; but having acquired a very good Fortune, he had lately declined his Business; or, to speak more properly, had changed it from dealing in Goods, to dealing only in Money, of which he had always a plentiful Fund at Command, and of which he knew very well how to make a very plentiful Advantage, fometimes of the Necessities of private Men, and fometimes of those of the Public. He had indeed converfed to entirely with Money, that it may be almost doubted, whether he imagined there was any other Thing really existing in the World: This at least may be certainly averred, that he firmly believed nothing else to have any real Value.

The Reader will, I fancy, allow, that Fortune could not have culled out a more improper Person for Mr. Jones to attack with any Probability of Success; nor could the whimfical Lady have directed this Attack at a more unseasonable Time.

As Money then was always uppermost in this Gentleman's Thoughts; so the Moment he saw a Stranger within his Doors, it immediately occurred to his Imagination, that such Stranger was either come to bring him Money, or to fetch it

from

from him. And according as one or other of these Thoughts prevailed, he conceived a favourable or unfavourable Idea of the Person who ap-

proached him. and antible trained all all

Unluckily for Fones, the latter of these was the Ascendant at present; for as a young Gentleman had visited him the Day before, with a Bill from his Son for a Play Debt, he apprehended, at the first Sight of Jones, that he was come on such another Errand. Jones therefore had no fooner told him, that he was come on his Son's Account, than the old Gentleman, being confirmed in his Suspicion, burst forth into an Exclamation, 5 That he would lose his Labour.' Is it then possible, Sir, answered Fones, that you can guess my Bufiness?' If I do guess it,' replied the other, 'I repeat again to you, you will lose your Labour. What, I suppose you are one of those Sparks who lead my Son into all those Scenes of Riot and Debauchery, which will be his Destruction; but I shall pay no more of his 6 Bills I promise you. I expect he will quit all 6 fuch Company for the future. If I had imagined otherwise, I should not have provided a Wife for him; for I would be inftrumental in the Ruin of no Body,' ' How, Sir,' faid Jones, and was this Lady of your providing? ' Pray, Sir,' answered the old Gentleman, 'how comes it to be any Concern of yours?'- 'Nay, dear Sir, replied Jones, be not offended that I interest myself in what regards your Son's Happiness, for whom I have so great an Honour and Value. It was upon that very Account I came to wait upon you. I can't express the Satisfaction you have given me by 6 what you fay; for I do affure you your Son is a Person

a Person for whom I have the highest Honour.

Nay, Sir, it is not easy to express the Esteem

I have for you, who could be so generous, so

good, fo kind, fo indulgent to provide fuch a

Match for your Son; a Woman who, I dare fwear, will make him one of the happiest Men

upon Earth.' an and the Charle and

There is fcarce any thing which so happily introduces Men to our good Liking, as having conceived some Alarm at their first Appearance; when once those Apprehensions begin to vanish, we soon forget the Fears which they occasioned, and look on ourselves as indebted for our present Ease, to those very Persons who at first rais'd our Fears.

Thus it happened to Nightingale, who no fooner found that Jones had no Demand on him, as he suspected, than he began to be pleased with his Prefence. Pray, good Sir, faid he, be pleased to sit down. I do not remember to have ever had the Pleasure of seeing you before; but if you are a Friend of my Son, and have any thing to fay concerning this young Lady, I shall be glad to hear you. As to her making him happy, it will be his own Fault if the doth not. I have discharged my Duty, in taking Care of the main Article. She will bring him a Fortune capable of making any reasonable, prudent, sober Man happy.' . Undoubtedly, cries Jones, for the is in herfelf a Fortune; fo beautiful, fo genteel, fo fweettempered, and fo well educated; the is indeed a most accomplished young Lady; sings ad-5 mirably well, and hath a most delicate Hand at the Harpfichord, 'I did not know any of these Matters, answered the old Gentleman, 6 for

for I never faw the Lady; but I do not like her the worfe for what you tell me; and I am the better pleased with her Father for not laying any Stress on these Qualifications in our Bargain. I shall always think it a Proof of his 6 Understanding. A filly Fellow would have brought in these Articles as an Addition to her Fortune; but to give him his due, he never mentioned any fuch Matter; though to be fure they are no Disparagements to a Woman? I do affure you, Sir, cries Jones, the hath them all in the most eminent Degree : For my Part I own I was afraid you might have been a little backward, a little less inclined to the Match': For your Son told me you had never feen the Lady; therefore I came, Sir, in that Cafe, to entreat you, to conjure you, as you value the Happiness of your Son, not to be averse to his Match with a Woman who hath not only all the good Qualities I have mentioned, but many more.'--- If that was your Bufiness, Sir,' faid the old Gentleman, we are both obliged to you; and you may be perfectly eafy; for I give you my Word I was very well fatisfied with her Fortune.' 'Sir, answered Jones, I honour you every Moment more and more. To be fo eafily fatisfied, fo very moderate on th t Account, is a Proof of the Soundness of vour Understanding, as well as the Nobleness of your Mind.'--- Not fo very moderate, 'young Gentleman, not fo very moderate,' anfwered the Father. --- Still more and more noble, replied Jones, and give me Leave to add, fenfible: For fure it is little less than Mad. e ness to consider Money as the sole Foundation of Happiness. Such a Woman as this with Vol. IV. 6 her

her little, her nothing of a Fortune.'- I find, cries the old Gentleman, you have a pretty just Opinion of Money, my Friend, or elfe you are better acquainted with the Person of the Lady than with her Circumstances. Why pray, what Fortune do you imagine this Lady to have ?'--- What Forutne ? cries Jones, why too contemptible a one to be named for your Son. Well, well, faid the other, perhaps he might have done better.'- That I deny, faid Jones, for she is one of the best of Women.' 'Ay, ay, but in Point of Fortune I mean-answered the other. - And e yet as to that now, how much do you imagine vour Friend is to have?'- How much, cries Jones, how much !- Why at the utmost, perhaps, 200 l.' Do you mean to banter me, young Gentleman? faid the Father a little angry.'- No, upon my Soul, answered Fones, Lam in Earnest; nay I believe I have gone to the utmost Farthing. If I do the Lady an Iniury, I ask her Pardon.' Indeed you do, cries the Father. I am certain she hath fifty Times that Sum, and she shall produce fifty to that, before I confent that she shall marry my Son.' Nay, faid Jones, it is too late to talk of Confent now-If the had not fifty Farthings your Son is married.'- My Son married! answered the old Gentleman with Surprize.' Nay, faid Jones, I thought you was unacquainted with it.'--- My Son married to Miss Harris! answered he again' --- To Miss Harris ! said Jones; no, Sir, to Miss Nancy Miller, the Daughter of Mrs. Miller, at whose House he lodged; a young Lady, who, though her Mother is reduced to let Lodgings' --- Are you bantering, or are you in Earnest?' cries the Father with a most folemn Voice. 'In-

deed, Sir, answered Jones, I scorn the Character for a Banterer. I came to you in most serious

Earnest, imagining, as I find true, that your

Son had never dared acquaint you with a Match
 fo much inferior to him in Point of Fortune, tho

the Reputation of the Lady will fuffer it no

Ionger to remain a Secret.'

While the Father stood like one struck suddenly dumb at this News, a Gentleman came into the Room, and saluted him by the Name of Brother.

With this Woman he had, during twenty-five Years, lived a Life more refembling the Model which certain Poets afcribe to the Golden Age, than any of those Patterns which are furnished by the present Times. By her he had four Children, but none of them arrived at Maturity except only one Daughter, whom in vulgar Language he and his Wife had spoiled; that is, had educated with the utmost Tenderness and Fondness; which she returned to such a Degree, that she had actually refused a very extraordinary Match with

pends

a Gentleman a little turned of forty, because she could not bring herfelf to part with her Parents.

The young Lady whom Mr. Nightingale had intended for his Son was a near Neighbour of his Brother, and an Acquaintance of his Niece; and in reality it was upon the Account of his projected Match, that he was now come to Town; not indeed to forward, but to diffuade his Brother from a Purpose which he conceived would inevitably ruin his Nephew; for he forefaw no other Event from a Union with Miss Harris, notwithstanding the Largeness of her Fortune, as neither her Person nor Mind seemed to him to promise any Kind of matrimonial Felicity; for the was very tall, very thin, very ugly, very affected, very filly, and very ill-natured.

His Brother therefore no fooner mentioned the Marriage of his Nephew with Miss Miller, than he exprest the utmost Satisfaction; and when the Father had very bitterly reviled his Son, and pronounced Sentence of Beggary upon him, the

Uncle began in the following Manner.

If you was a little cooler, Brother, I would ask you whether you love your Son for his Sake, or for your own. You would answer, I suppose, and so I suppose you think, for his Sake; and doubtless it is his Happiness which vou intended in the Marriage you proposed for s him.

Now, Brother, to prescribe Rules of Happiness to others, hath always appeared to me very abfurd, and to infift on doing this very tyrannical. It is a vulgar Error I know; but it is nevertheless an Error. And if this be abfurd in other Things, it is mostly fo in the Affair of Marriage, the Happiness of which dee pends pends entirely on the Affection which fubfifts

between the Parties.

I have therefore always thought it unreasonbe able in Parents to desire to chuse for their
Children on this Occasion; since to force Asbe fection is an impossible Attempt; nay, so much
be doth Love abhor Force, that I know not whether
be through an unfortunate but uncurable Pervers
be ness in our Natures, it may not be even impatient of Persuasion.

It is, however, true, that though a Parent will not, I think, wifely prescribe, he ought 6 to be consulted on this Occasion; and in Strictness perhaps should at least have a negative Voice. My Nephew therefore, I own, in marrying without asking your Advice, hath been guilty of a Fault. But honeftly speaking, Brother, have you not a little promoted this Fault? Have not your frequent Declarations on this Subject, given him a moral Certainty of your Refusal, where there was any De-6 ficiency in Point of Fortune? nay, doth not vour present Anger arise solely from that Deficiency? And if he hath failed in his Duty here, did you not as much exceed that Authority, when you abfolutely bargained with him for a Woman without his Knowledge, whom you yourfelf never faw, and whom if vou had feen and known as well as I, it must have been Madness in you, to have ever thought of bringing her into your Family. Still I own my Nephew in a Fault; but

furely it is not an unpardonable Fault. He hath acted indeed without your Confent, in a Matter in which he ought to have asked it;

but it is in a Matter in which his Interest is

principally concerned; you yourself must and will acknowledge, that you consulted his Interest only, and if he unfortunately differed from you, and hath been mistaken in his Notion of Happiness, will you, Brother, if you love your Son, carry him still wider from the Point? Will you increase the ill Consequences of his simple Choice? Will you endeavour to make an Event certain Misery to him, which may accidentally prove so? In a Word, Brother, because he hath put it out of your Power

to make his Circumstances as affluent as you would, will you distress them as much as you

can ?'

By the Force of the true Catholick Faith, St. Antony won upon the Fishes. Orpheus and Amphion went a little farther, and by the Charms of Music enchanted Things merely inanimate. Wonderful both! But neither History nor Fable have ever yet ventured to record an Instance of any one, who by Force of Argument and Reason

hath triumphed over habitual Avarice.

Mr. Nightingale, the Father, instead of attempting to answer his Brother, contented himfelf with only observing, that they had always differed in their Sentiments concerning the Education of their Children. I wish, said he, Brother, you would have confined your Care to your own Daughter, and never have troubled yourself with my Son, who hath, I believe, as little profited by your Precepts, as by your Example: For young Nightingale was his Uncle's Godson, and had lived more with him than with his Father. So that the Uncle had often declared, he loved his Nephew almost equally with his own Child.