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The History Of Tom Jones, A Foundling

In Four Volumes

Fielding, Henry London, 1750

Book XVI. Containing the Space of Five Days.

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HISTORES H

which Employment we finall leave him for a

FOUNDLING.

BOOK XVI.

Containing the Space of Five Days.

CHAP. I.

Of Prologues.

Have heard of a Dramatic Writer who used to say, he would rather write a Play than a Prologue; in like manner, I think, I can with less Pains write one of the Books of this History, than the Presatory Chapter to each of them.

To fay the Truth, I believe many a hearty Curse hath been devoted on the Head of that Author, who first instituted the Method of prefixing to his Play that Portion of Matter which

is called the Prologue; and which at first was. Part of the Piece itself, but of latter Years hath had usually so little Connexion with the Drama before which it stands, that the Prologue to one Play might as well serve for any other. Those indeed of more modern Date, seem all to be written on the same three Topics, viz. an Abuse of the Taste of the Town, a Condemnation of all contemporary Authors, and, an Elogium on the Performance just about to be represented. The Sentiments in all these are very little varied, nor is it possible they should; and indeed I have often wondered at the great Invention of Authors, who have been capable of finding such various Phrases to express the same thing.

In like manner I apprehend, fome future Hifterian (if any one shall do me the Honour of imitating my Manner) will, after much scratching his Pate, bestow some good Wishes on my Memory, for having first established these several initial Chapters; most of which, like Modern Prologues, may as properly be prefixed to any other Book in this History as to that which they introduce, or indeed to any other History as to

this dwim white of purpose was my

But however Authors may fuffer by either of these Inventions, the Reader will find sufficient Emolument in the one, as the Spectator hath long found in the other.

First, it is well known, that the Prologue serves the Critic for an Opportunity to try his Faculty of Hissing, and to tune his Cat-call to the best Advantage; by which means, I have known those Musical Instruments so well prepared, that they have been able to play in full Concert at the first rising of the Curtain.

The

The fame Advantages may be drawn from these Chapters, in which the Critic will be always sure of meeting with something that may serve as a Whetstone to his noble Spirit; so that he may fall with a more hungry Appetite for Censure on the History itself. And here his Sagacity must make it needless to observe how artfully these Chapters are calculated for that excellent Purpose; for in these we have always taken Care to intersperse somewhat of the sour or acid Kind, in order to sharpen and stimulate the said Spirit of Criticism.

Again, the indolent Reader, as well as Spectator, finds great Advantage from both these; for as they are not obliged either to see the one or read the others, and both the Play and the Book are thus protracted, by the former they have a Quarter of an Hour longer allowed them to fit at Dinner, and by the latter they have the Advantage of beginning to read at the fourth or fifth Page inflead of the first; a Matter by nomeans of trivial Confequence to Persons who read Books with no other View than to fay theve have read them, a more general Motive to reading than is commonly imagined; and from which not only Law Books, and Good Books, but the Pages of Homer and Virgil, of Swift and Cervantes have been often turned over.

Many other are the Emoluments which arife from both these, but they are for the most part so obvious that we shall not at present stay to enumerate them; especially since it occurs to us that the principal Merit of both the Prologue and the Presace is that they be short.

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Parion and the Eandlord of the Herrare Parist CHAP. II

A whimfical Adventure which befel the Squire. with the distressed Situation of Sophia.

TE must now convey the Reader to Mr. Western's Lodgings which were in Piceadily, where he was placed by the Recommendation of the Landlord at the Hercules Pillars at Hide-Park Corner; for at the Inn, which was the first he faw on his Arrival in Town, he placed his Horses, and in those Lodgings, which were the first he heard of, he deposited himself.

Here when Sophia alighted from the Hackney-Coach, which brought her from the House of Lady Bellaston, she defired to retire to the Apartment provided for her, to which her Father very readily agreed, and whither he attended her himfelf. A short Dialogue, neither very material nor pleafant to relate minutely, then passed between them, in which he pressed her vehemently to give her Confent to the Marriage with Blifil, who, as he acquainted her, was to be in Town in a few Days; but instead of complying; she gave a more peremptory and resolute Refusal than the had ever done before. This fo incenfed her Father, that after many bitter Vows that he would force her to have him whether she would or no, he departed from her with many hard Words and Curfes, locked the Door and put the Key into his Pocket.

While Sophia was left with no other Company than what attend the closest State Prisoner, namely, Fire and Candle, the Squire fat down to regale himself over a Bottle of Wine, with his-

Parfon

Parson and the Landlord of the Hercules Pillars, who, as the Squire said, would make an excellent third Man, and could inform them of the News of the Town, and how Affairs went; for to be sure, says he, he knows a great deal since the Horses of many of the Quality stand at his House.

In this agreeable Society, Mr. Western past that Evening and great part of the succeeding Day, during which Period nothing happened of sufficient Consequence to find a Place in this History. All this Time Sophia past by herself; for her Father swore she should never come out of her Chamber alive, unless she first consented to marry Bliss!; nor did he ever suffer the Door to be unlocked unless to convey her Food, on which Occasions he always attended himself.

The fecond Morning after his Arrival, while he and the Parfon were at Breakfast together on a Toast and Tankard, he was informed that a

Gentleman was below to wait on him.

'A Gentleman!' quoth the Squire, 'who the Devil can he be? Do, Doctor, go down and

fee who'tis. Mr. Blifil can hardly be come to Town yet. — Go down, do, and know

what his Business is.'

The Doctor returned with an Account that it was a very well drest Man, and by the Ribbon in his Hat, he took him for an Officer of the Army; that he said he had some particular Business, which he could deliver to none but Mr. Western himself.

An Officer!' cries the Squire, what can any such Fellow have to do with me! If he

wants an Order for Baggage-Waggons, I am on Justice of Peace here, nor can I grant a

Warrant. Let un come up then, if he must

fpeak to me.'

A very genteel Man now entered the Room; who having made his Compliments to the Squire, and defired the Favour of being alone with him, delivered himself as follows.

"Sir, I come to wait upon you by the Command of my Lord *Fellamar*; but with a very
different Message from what I suppose you ex-

" pect, after what past the other Night."

'My Lord who?' cries the Squire, 'I never

heard the Name o'un.'

His Lordship,' said the Gentleman, is willing to impute every thing to the Effect of Liquor, and the most trisling Acknowledgement

of that Kind will fet every thing right; for as

he hath the most violent Attachment to your

Daughter, you, Sir, are the last Person upon Earth, from whom he would resent an Af-

front; and happy is it for you both that he

hath given fuch publick Demonstrations of his

Courage, as to be able to put up an Affair of this Kind, without Danger of any Imputation

on his Honour. All he defires therefore, is, that you will before me make fome Acknow-

ledgment; the flightest in the World will be

fufficient; and he intends this Afternoon to pay

his Respects to you, in order to obtain your

Leave of visiting the young Lady on the Footing of a Lover?

'I don't understand much of what you say, 'Sir,' said the Squire; 'but I suppose, by what

you talk about my Daughter, that this is the

Lord which my Coufin Lady Bellaston mentioned to me, and faid fomething about his

6 courting my Daughter. If fo be, that how,

that

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that be the Case—you may give my Service to his Lordship, and tell un the Girl is disposed of already.

Perhaps, Sir, faid the Gentleman, you
are not fufficiently apprized of the Greatness of
this Offer. I believe such a Person, Title, and

Fortune would be no where refused.

Lookee, Sir,' answered the Squire, ' to be very plain, my Daughter is bespoke already;

but if she was not, I would not marry her to a Lord upon any Account; I hate all Lords;

they are a Parcel of Courtiers and Hannoverians, and I will have nothing to do with them.'—

Well, Sir,' faid the Gentleman, ' if that is your Resolution, the Message I am to deliver to you, is, that my Lord desires the Favour of your

Company this Morning in Hide-Park.

You may tell my Lord,' answered the Squire, that I am busy and cannot come. I have enough to look after at home, and can't stir abroad on

any Account.'

I am fure, Sir,' quoth the other, 'you are too much a Gentleman to fend fuch a Meilage; you will not, I am convinced, have it faid of you, that after having affronted a noble Peer, you refuse him Satisfaction. His Lordship would have been willing, from his great Regard to the young Lady, to have made up Matters in another Way; but unless he is to look on you as a Father, his Honour will not fuffer his putting up such an Indignity as you must be sensible you offered him.'

'I offered him! cries the Squire; 'it is a 'd-n'd Lie, I never offered him any Thing.' Upon these Words the Gentleman returned a very short verbal Rebuke, and this he accon-

panied

panied at the same time with some manual Remonstrances, which no sooner reached the Ears of Mr. Western, than that worthy Squire began to caper very briskly about the Room, bellowing at the fame time with all his Might, as if defirous to fummon a greater Number of Spectators to behold his Agility. a recommend bas school seek is

SECUNDLING

The Parson, who had left great part of the Tankard unfinished, was not retired far; he immediately attended therefore on the Squire's Vociferation, crying, 'Bless me ! Sir, what's the "Matter ?' -- Matter ?' quoth the Squire, here's a Highway-man, I believe, who wants to rob and murder me--- for he hath fallen upon. " me with that Stick there in his Hand, when I wish I may be d --- n'd if I gid un the least Provocation. Learn Lenoted such and undergin name

How, Sir,' faid the Captain, did you not

f tell me I ly'd?'not tandita bentur bom longe? No, as I hope to be faved, answered the Squire .-- I believe I might fay, 16 'T was a Lie " that I had offered any Affront to my Lord," --- but I never faid the Word you lie .--- I underfland myself better, and you might have underflood yourself better than to fall upon a naked Man. If I had a Stick in my Hand, you would onot have dared strike me. I'd have knocked thy Lantern Jaws about thy Ears. Come down into Yard this Minute, and I'll take a Bout with thee at fingle Stick for a broken Head, that I will; or I will go into naked Room and box thee for a Belly-full. At unt half a Man, at Sount I'm fure in ont gothern used behinded

The Captain, with fome Indignation, replied, 6 I fee, Sir, you are below my Notice, and I fhall inform his Lordship you are below his .---6 I am At which Words he withdrew, the Parson interposing to prevent the Squire from stopping him, in which he easily prevailed, as the other, though he made some Efforts for the Purpose, did not seem very violently bent on Success. However, when the Captain was departed, the Squire sent many Curses and some Menaces after him; but as these did not set out from his Lips till the Officer was at the Bottom of the Stairs, and grew louder and louder as he was more and more remote, they did not reach his Ears, or at least did not retard his Departure.

Poor Sophia however, who, in her Prison, heard all her Father's Outcries from first to last, began now first to thunder with her Foot, and afterwards to scream as loudly as the old Gentleman himself had done before, though in a much sweeter Voice. These Screams soon silenced the Squire, and turned all his Consideration towards his Daughter, whom he loved so tenderly, that the least Apprehension of any Harm happening to her, threw him presently into Agonies: For except in that single Instance in which the whole suture Happiness of her Life was concerned, she was sovereign Mistress of his Inclinations.

Having ended his Rage against the Captain, with swearing he would take the Law of him, the Squire now mounted up Stairs to Sophia, whom, as soon as he had unlocked and opened the Door, he found all pale and breathless. The Moment however that she saw her Father, she collected all her Spirits, and catching him hold by the Hand, she cry'd passionately, 'O my dear Sir, I am almost frightned to Death; I hope to Heaven no Harm hath happened to 'you.'

"me fpeak!"—" Why wout afk, Sophy?" cries he, "when doft know I had rather hear thy Voice, than

than the Musick of the best Pack of Dogs in England. - Hear thee, my dear little Girl! I hope I shall hear thee as long as I live: for if I was ever to lofe that Pleafure, I would not gee a Brass Varden to live a Moment longer. Indeed, Sopby, you do not know how I love you, ' indeed you don't, or you never could have run away and left your poor Father, who hath no other Joy, no other Comfort upon Earth but ' his little Sophy.' At these Words the Tears flood in his Eyes; and Sophia, (with the Tears streaming from hers) answered, ' Indeed, my dear Papa, I know you have loved me tenderby, and Heaven is my Witness how fincerely I have returned your Affection; nor could any thing but an Apprehension of being forced into the Arms of this Man, have driven me to run from a Father whom I love fo paffionately, that I would, with Pleafure, facrifice my Life to his Happiness; nay, I have endeavoured to reason myself into doing more, and had almost worked up a Resolution, to endure the most miserable of all Lives, to comply with your Inclination. It was that Refolution alone to 6 which I could not force my Mind; nor can I ever.' Here the Squire began to look wild, and the Foam appeared at his Lips, which Sophia observing, begged to be heard out, and then proceeded, 'If my Father's Life, his Health, or any real Happiness of his was at Stake, here flands your resolved Daughter, may Heaven blast me, if there is a Misery I would not suffer to preferve you. - No, that most detested, 6 most loathsome of all Lots would I embrace. "I would give my Hand to Bliftl for your Sake." - I tell thee, it will preferve me, answers the Father: Father; it will gee me Health, Happiness, Life, every thing. - Upon mySoul I shall die if dost refuse me; I shall break my Heart, I shall upon my Soul.'- Is it possible,' fays she, you can have fuch a Defire to make me miserable?' I tell thee noa,' answered he loudly, d-n me if there is a Thing upon Earth I would not do to fee thee happy.'- ' And will not my dear Papa allow me to have the least Knowe ledge of what will make me fo? If it be true that Happiness consists in Opinion; what must be my Condition, when I shall think myfelf the most miserable of all the Wretches upon Earth?' Better think yourfelf fo, faid he, than know it by being married to a poor bafstardly Vagabond.' If it will content you, Sir,' faid Sophia, ' I will give you the most 6 folemn Promise never to marry him nor any other while my Papa lives, without his Confent. Let me dedicate my whole Life to your Service; let me be again your poor Sophy, and my whole Bufiness and Pleasure be, as it hath been, to please and divert you.' Lookee, Sophy,' answered the Squire, 'I am not to be choused in this Manner. Your Aunt Western would then have Reason to think me the Fool fhe doth. No, no, Sophy, I'd have you to know I have a got more Wisdom, and know 6 more of the World than to take the Word of a Woman in a Matter where a Man is concerned.' 'How, Sir, have I deferved this Want of Confidence?' faid fhe, 'Have I ever broke a fingle Promise to you? Or have I ever been found guilty of a Falshood from my Cradle?' Lookee, Sophy,' cries he, ' that's neither here nor there. I am determin'd upon this Match, and have him you shall, d—n me if shat unt. D—n me if shat unt, though dost hang thyself the next Morning. At repeating which Wordshe clinched his Fift, knit his Brows, bit his Lips, and thundered so loud, that the poor afflicted, terrified Sophia sunk trembling into her Chair, and had not a Flood of Tears come immediately to her Relief, perhaps worse had sollowed.

Western beheld the deplorable Condition of his Daughter with no more Contrition or Remorfe, than the Turnkey of Newgate feels at viewing the Agonies of a tender Wife, when taking her last Farewell of her condemned Husband; or rather he looked down on her with the fame Emotions which arise in an honest fair Tradesman, who fees his Debtor dragged to Prison for 10%. which, though a just Debt, the Wretch is wickedly unable to pay. Or, to hit the Case still more nearly, he felt the fame Compunction with a Bawd when fome poor Innocent whom the hath enfoared into her Hands, falls into Fits at the first Proposal of what is called feeing Company. Indeed this Resemblance would be exact, was it not that the Bawd hath an Interest in what she doth, and the Father, though perhaps he may blindly think otherwise, can in Reality have none in urging his Daughter to almost an equal Prostitution.

In this Condition he left his poor Sophia, and departing with a very vulgar Observation on the Effect of Tears, he locked the Room, and returned to the Parson, who said every Thing he durst in Behalf of the young Lady, which though perhaps it was not quite so much as his Duty returned.

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quired, yet was it sufficient to throw the Squire into a violent Rage, and into many indecent Reflections on the whole Body of the Clergy, which we have too great an Honour for that sacred Function to commit to Paper.

CHAP. III.

What happened to to Sophia during her Confinement.

HE Landlady of the House where the Squire lodged had begun very early to entertain a strange Opinion of her Guests. However, as she was informed that the Squire was a Man of a vast Fortune, and as she had taken Care to exact a very extraordinary Price for her Rooms, fhe did not think proper to give any Offence; for though fhe was not without fome Concern for the Confinement of poor Sophia, of whose great Sweetness of Temper and Affability, the Maid of the House had made so favourabe a Report, which was confirmed by all the Squire's Servants, yet she had much more Concern for her own Interest, than to provoke one, whom, as she said, The perceived to be a very hastish Kind of a Gentleman.

Though Sophia eat but little, yet she was regularly served with her Meals; indeed I believe if she had liked any one Rarity, that the Squire, however angry, would have spared neither Pains nor Cost to have procured it for her; since, however strange it may appear to some of my Readers, he really doated on his Daughter, and to give her any Kind of Pleasure was the highest

Satisfaction of his Life.

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The Dinner Hour being arrived, black George carried her up a Pullet, the Squire himself (for he had sworn not to part with the Key) attending the Door. As George deposited the Dish, some Compliments passed between him and Sophia (for he had not seen her since she left the Country, and she treated every Servant with more Respect than some Persons shew to those who are in a very slight Degree their Inseriors) Sophia would have had him take the Pullet back, saying, she could not eat; but George begged her to try, and particularly recommended to her the Eggs, of which he faid it was full.

All this Time the Squire was waiting at the Door; but George was a great Favourite with his Mafter, as his Employment was in Concerns of the highest Nature, namely, about the Game, and was accustomed to take many Liberties. He had officiously carried up the Dinner, being, as he faid, very desirous to see his young Lady; he made therefore no Scruple of keeping his Master standing above ten Minutes, while Civilities were passing between him and Sophia, for which he received only a good-humoured Rebuke at the

The Eggs of Pullets, Partridges, Pheafants, &c. were, as George well knew, the most favourite Dainties of Sophia. It was therefore no Wonder, that he who was a very good-natured Fellow, should take Care to supply her with this Kind of Delicacy, at a Time when all the Servants in the House were assaid she would be starved; for she had scarce swallowed a single Morsel in the last forty Hours.

Door when he returned.

Though Vexation hath not the fame Effect on all Perfons, as it usually hath on a Widow, whose

H 2 Appetite

Appetite it often renders sharper than it can be rendered by the Air on Banfted Downs, or Salifbury Plain; yet the fublimedt Grief, notwithstanding what some People may say to the conrary, will eat at last. And Sophia herself, after fome little Consideration, began to diffect the Fowl, which she found to be as full of Eggs as

George had reported it.

But if the was pleafed with thefe, it contained fomething which would have delighted the Royal Society much more; for if a Fowl with three Legs be so invaluable a Curiofity, when perhaps Time hath produced a Thousand such, at what Price shall we esteem a Bird which so totally contradicts all the Laws of Animal (Economy, as to contain a Letter in its Belly? Ovid tells us of a Flower into which Hyacinthus was metamorphofed, that bears Letters on its Leaves, which Virgil recommended as a Miracle to the Royal Society of his Day; but no Age nor Nation hath ever recorded a Bird with a Letter in its Maw.

But though a Miracle of this Kind mght have engaged all the Academies des Sciences in Europe, and perhaps in a fruitless Enquiry; yet the Reader by barely recollecting the last Dialogue which passed between Messieurs Jones and Partridge, will be very eafily fatisfied from whence this Letter came, and how it found its Passage into the

Fowl.

Sophia, notwithstanding her long Fast, and notwithstanding her favourite Dish was there beforeher, no fooner faw the Letter than she immediately fnatched it up, tore it open, and read as follows.

· Madam,

Was I not fensible to whom I have the Honour of writing, I should endeavour, however difficult, to paint the Horrors of my Mind, at the Account brought me by Mrs. · Honour: But as Tenderness alone can have any true Idea of the Pangs which Tenderness is capable of feeling; fo can this most amiable Quality which my Sophia possesies in the most eminent Degree, sufficiently inform her what her Jones must have suffered on this melancholy Occasion. Is there a Circumstance in the World which can heighten my Agonies, when I hear of any Misfortune which hath befallen vou? Surely there is one only, and with that I am accurfed. It is, my Sophia, the dreadful Confideration that I am myself the wretchel Cause. Perhaps I here do myself too much Honour, but none will envy me an Honour which costs me so extremely dear. Pardon me this Presumption, and pardon me a greater fill, if I alk you whether my Advice, my Affistance, my Presence, my Absence, my Death, or my Tortures can bring you any Re-' lief? Can the most perfect Admiration, the most watchful Observance, the most ardent Love, the most melting Tenderness, the most resigned Submission to your Will, make you Amends for what you are to facrifice to my Happiness? If they can, fly, my lovely Angel, to those Arms which are ever open to receive and protect you; and to which, whether you bring yourself alone, or the Riches of the World with you, is, in my Opinion, an Alternative not worth regarding. If, on the contrary,

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Wisdom shall predominate, and, on the most

mature Reflection, inform you, that the Sacrifice is too great; and if there be no Way

left to reconcile your Father, and restore the

Peace of your dear Mind, but by abandoning me, I conjure you drive me for ever from your

Thoughts, exert your Resolution, and let no

Compassion for my Sufferings bear the least

Weight in that tender Bosom. Believe me,

Madam, I fo fincerely love you better than myfelf, that my great and principal End is your

Happiness. My first Wish (why would not

Fortune indulge me in it?) was, and pardon

"me if I say, still is to see you every Moment the happiest of Women; my second Wish is to

hear you are so; but no Misery on Earth can

equal mine, while I think you owe an uneasy

" Moment to him who is,

Madam,

In every Sense, and to every Purpose,

S Your devoted

"Thomas Jones?"

What Sophia faid, or did, or thought upon this Letter, how often she read it, or whether more than once, shall all be left to our Reader's Imagination. The Answer to it he may perhaps see hereafter; but not at present; for this Reason, among others, that she did not now write any, and that for several good Causes, one of which was this, she had no Paper, Pen, nor Ink.

In the Evening while Sophia was meditating on the Letter she had received, or on something else, a violent Noise from below disturbed her-Meditations. This Noise was no other than a round Bout at Altercation between two Persons. One of the Combatants, by his Voice, she immediately distinguished to be her Father; but she did not so soon discover the shriller Pipes to belong to the Organ of her Aunt Western, who was just arrived in Town, where having, by means of one of her Servants, who stopt at the Hercules Pillars, learnt where her Brother lodged, she drove directly to his Lodgings.

We shall therefore take our Leave at present of Sophia, and with our usual Good Breeding,

attend her Ladyship.

CHAP. IV.

In which Sophia is delivered from her Confinement.

HE Squire and the Parson (for the Landlord was now otherwise engaged) were smoaking their Pipes together, when the Arrival of the Lady was first signified. The Squire no sooner heard her Name, than he immediately ran down to usher her up Stairs; for he was a great Observer of such Ceremonials, especially to his Sister, of whom he stood more in Awe than of any other human Creature, though he never would own this, nor did he perhaps know it himself.

Mrs. Western, on her Arrival in the Dining-Room, having slung herself into a Chair, began thus to harangue. Well, surely no one ever had such an intolerable Journey. I think the

H 4. Roads,

Roads, fince fo many Turnpike Acts, are grown worse than ever. La, Brother, how could you get into this odious Place? No Perfon of Condition, I dare swear, ever set Foot here before.' 'I don't know,' cries the Squire, I think they do well enough; it was Landlord recommended them. I thought as he knew most of the Quality, he could best shew me where to get among um.' 'Well, and where's my Niece?' fays the Lady, ' have you been to wait upon Lady Bellaston yet?', 'Ay, ay,' cries the Squire, ' your Niece is fafe enough; fhe is up Stairs in Chamber.' 'How,' anfwered the Lady, ' is my Niece in this House, and doth she not know of my being here?' No, no Body can well get to her,' fays the Squire, ' for the is under Lock and Key. I have her fafe; I vetched her from my Lady Coufin the first Night I came to Town, and I have taken Care o' her ever fince; she is as secure as a Fox in a Bag, I promise you.' Good Heaven!' returned Mrs. Western; ' what do I hear! I thought what a fine Piece of Work would be the Consequence of my Consent to vour coming to Town yourfelf; nay, it was 's indeed your own headstrong Will, nor can I charge myself with having ever consented to it. Did not you promise me, Brother, that you would take none of these headstrong Measures? Was it not by these headstrong Measures that vou forced my Niece to run away from you in the Country? Have you a Mind to oblige her to take fuch another Step?' Z-ds and the Devil,' cries the Squire, dashing his Pipe on the Ground, ' did ever Mortal hear the like? when I expected you would have commended

me for all I have done, to be fallen upon in this Manner!' ' How! Brother,' faid the Lady, ' have I ever given you the least Reason to imagine I should commend you for locking up your Daughter? Have I not often told you, that Women in a free Country are not to be treated with such arbitrary Power? We are as free as the Men, and I heartily wish I could not fay we deferve that Freedom better. If you expect I should stay a Moment longer in this wretched House, or that I should ever own you again as my Relation, or that I should ever trouble myself again with the Affairs of your Family, I infift upon it that my Niece be fet at Liberty this Instant.' This she spoke with fo commanding an Air, standing with her Back to the Fire, with one Hand behind her, and a Pinch of Snuff in the other, that I question whether Thalestris at the Head of her Amazons ever made a more tremendous Figure. It is no Wonder therefore that the poor Squire was not Proof against the Awe which she inspired. There', he cried, throwing down the Key, ' There it is, do whatever you please. I intended only to have kept her up till Blifil came to Town; which can't be long; and now if any Harm happens in the mean Time, remember who is to be blamed for it.'

'I will answer it with my Life,' cried Mrs. Western, 'but I shall not intermeddle at all, un'less upon one Condition, and that is, that you
'will commit the whole entirely to my Care,
'without taking any one Measure yourself, un'less I shall eventually appoint you to act. If
'you ratify these Preliminaries, Brother, I yet

T 5 wi

will endeavour to preferve the Honour of your

Family; if not, I shall continue in a neutral State.

I pray you, good Sir,' faid the Parson, permit yourself this once to be admonished by her Ladyship; peradventure by communing with

young Madam Sophia, the will effect more than

you have been able to perpetrate by more rigo-

rous Meafures.'

What doft thee open upon me?' cries the Squire. 'If thee dost begin to babble, I shall

whip thee in prefently.'

' Fie, Brother,' answered the Lady, ' is this Language to a Clergyman? Mr. Supple is a " Man of Sense, and gives you the best Advice; and the whole World, I believe, will concur in his Opinion; but I must tell you, I expect an immediate Answer to my categorical Propofals. Either cede your Daughter to my Dispofal, or take her wholly to your own furprizing Discretion, and then I here, before Mr. Supple, evacuate the Garrison, and renounce you and

vour Family for ever,' 'I pray you let me be a Mediator,' cries the

Parson; ' let me supplicate you.'

Why there lies the Key on the Table,' cries the Squire. ' She may take un up, if she pleases; who hinders her?

' No, Brother,' answered the Lady, 'I infift on the Formality of its being delivered me, with a full Ratification of all the Concessions stipu-" lated '

Why then I will deliver it to you. - There '' 'tis,' cries the Squire. 'I am sure, Sister, you

can't accuse me of ever denying to trust my Daughter to you. She hath a lived wi' you a

6 whole

whole Year and muore to a Time, without my

ever zeeing her.'

'And it would have been happy for her,' anfwered the Lady, 'if she had always lived with 'me. Nothing of this Kind would have hap-'pened under my Eye.'

'Av, certainly,' cries he, 'I only am to

blame.

Why, you are to blame, Brother,' answered she, 'I have been often obliged to tell you so, and shall alway be obliged to tell you so. However, I hope you will now amend, and gather for much Experience from past Errors, as not to defeat my wisest Machinations by your Blunders. Indeed, Brother, you are not qualified for these Negotiations. All your whole Scheme of Politics is wrong. I once more, therefore, infist, that you do not intermeddle. Remember only what is past.'—

'Z—ds and Bl—d, Sifter,' cries the Squire,

What would you have me fay? You are enough

' to provoke the Devil.'

'There now,' faid the, 'just according to the old Custom. I fee, Brother, there is no talking to you. I will appeal to Mr. Supple, who is a Man of Sense, if I said any Thing which could put any human Creature into a Passion; but you are so wrong-headed every Way.'

'Let me beg you, Madam,' said the Parson,

onot to irritate his Worship.'

Irritate him?' faid the Lady;—' Sure you are as great a Fool as himfelf. Well, Brother, fince you have promifed not to interfere, I will once more undertake the Management of my Niece. Lord have Mercy upon all Affairs which are under the Directions of Men. The

H 6 Head

Head of one Woman is worth a thousand of yours.' And now having summoned a Servant to shew her to Sophia, she departed, bearing the

Key with her.

She was no fooner gone, than the Squire (having first shut the Door) ejaculated twenty Bitches, and as many hearty Curses against her, not sparing himself for having ever thought of her Estate; but added, 'Now one hath been a Slave fo long, it would be pity to lose it at last, for want of holding out a little longer. The Bitch can't live for ever, and I know I am down for

it upon the Will.'

The Parson greatly commended this Resolution; and now the Squire having ordered in another Bottle, which was his usual Method when any Thing either pleased or vexed him, did, by drinking plentifully of this medicinal Julap, so totally wash away his Choler, that his Temper was become perfectly placid and serene, when Mrs. Western returned with Sophia into the Room. The young Lady had on her Hat and Capuchin, and the Aunt acquainted Mr. Western, 'that she intended to take her Niece with her to her own Lodgings; for, indeed, Brother,' says she,

these Rooms are not fit to receive a Christian Soul in.'

Very well, Madam,' quoth Western, 'whatever you please. The Girl can never be in bet-

ter Hands than yours; and the Parson here can do me the Justice to say, that I have said fifty

Times behind your Back, that you was one of the most sensible Women in the World.

To this, cries the Parson, I am ready to

* bear Testimony.'

· Nay

Nay, Brother,' fays Mrs. Western, 'I have always, I'm sure, given you as favourable a Character. You must own you have a little too much Hastiness in your Temper; but when you will allow yourself Time to reseast, I never

knew a Man more reasonable.'

Why then, Sister, if you think so,' faid the Squire, 'here's your good Health with all my Heart. I am a little passionate sometimes, but I scorn to bear any Malice. Sophy, do you be a good Girl, and do every Thing your Aunt

orders you.'

' I have not the least Doubt of her,' answered Mrs. Western. 'She hath had already an Ex-' ample before her Eyes, in the Behaviour of that Wretch her Cousin Harriet, who ruined herfelf by neglecting my Advice .- O Brother, what think you? You was hardly gone out of · Hearing, when you fet out for London, when who should arrive but that impudent Fellow with the odious Irish Name-that Fitzpatrick. · He broke in abruptly upon me without Notice. or I would not have feen him. He ran on a 6 long, unintelligible Story about his Wife, to which he forced me to give him a Hearing; but I made him very little Answer, and delivered 6 him the Letter from his Wife, which I bid him answer himself. I suppose the Wretch will endeavour to find us out; but I beg you will not fee her, for I am determined I will not.'

Izee her?' answered the Squire; 'you need not fear me. I'll ge no Encouragemant to such undutiful Wenches. It is well for the Fellow her Husband, I was not at Huome. Od rabbit it, he should have taken a Dance thru the Horse-pond, I promise un. You zee, Sophy, 'what

what Undutifulness brings Volks to. You

have an Example in your own Family.'

'Brother,' cries the Aunt, 'you need not fhock my Niece by fuch odious Repetitions.

Why will you not leave every Thing entirely to me?' 'Well, well; I wull, I wull,' faid

the Squire.

And now Mrs. Western, luckily for Sephia, put an End to the Conversation, by ordering Chairs to be called. I say luckily; for had it continued much longer, fresh Matter of Dissension would, most probably, have arisen between the Brother and Sister; between whom Education and Sex made the only Difference; for both were equally violent, and equally positive; they had both a vast Affection for Sephia, and both a sovereign Contempt for each other.

CHAP. V.

In which Jones receives a Letter from Sophia, and goes to a Play with Mrs. Miller and Partridge.

the good Offices which that grateful Fellow had promifed to do for his old Benefactor, greatly comforted Jones in the midst of all the Anxiety and Uneasiness which he had suffered on the Account of Sophia; from whom, by the Means of the said George, he received the following Answer to his Letter, which Sophia, to whom the Use of Pen, Ink, and Paper was restored with her Liberty, wrote the very Evening when she departed from her Consinement.

& Sir,

6 Sir,

As I do not doubt your Sincerity in what you write, you will be pleafed to hear that fome of my Afflictions are at an End, by the Arrival of my Aunt Western, with whom I am at prefent, and with whom I enjoy all the Liberty I can desire. One Promise my Aunt hath insisted on my making, which is, that I will not fee or converse with any Person without her Knowledge and Confent. This Promife I have most folemnly given, and shall most inviolably keep: And tho' fhe had not expresly forbidden me Writing, yet that must be an Omission from Forgetfulness; or this, perhaps, is included in the Word converfing. However, as I cannot but confider this as a Breach of her generous Confidence in my Honour, you cannot expect that I shall, after this, continue to write myfelf, or to receive Letters, without her Knowledge. A Promise is with me a very facred 'Thing, and to be extended to every Thing understood from it, as well as to what is expressed by it; and this Confideration may perhaps, on Reflection, afford you fome Comfort. But why flould I mention a Comfort to you of this Kind? For though there is one Thing in which I can never comply with the best of Fathers, yet am I firmly refolved never to act in Defiance of him, or to take any Step of Consequence without his Confent. A firm Persuasion of this, must teach you to divert your Thoughts from what Fortune hath (perhaps) made impossible. This your own Interest persuades you. may reconcile, I hope, Mr. Aliworthy to you; and if it will, you have my Injunctions to pur-

- fue it. Accidents have laid fome Obligations on
- me, and your good Intentions probably more.
- Fortune may, perhaps, be sometimes kinder to
- us both than at prefent. Believe this, that I
- fhall always think of you as I think you deferve, and am.

and ann,

Sir, and Coldsholmon vanion A

Vour Obliged Humble Servant,

the state of state of

I charge you write to me no more—at prefent at least; and accept this, which is now of

on Service to me, which I know you must

want, and think you owe the Trifle only to

* that Fortune by which you found it *.'

A Child who hath just learnt his Letters, would have spelt this Letter out in less Time than Jones took in reading it. The Sensations it occasioned. were a Mixture of Joy and Grief; fomewhat like what divide the Mind of a good Man, when he peruses the Will of his deceased Friend, in which a large Legacy, which his Diffresses make the more welcome, is bequeathed to him. Upon the whole, however, he was more pleafed than difpleased; and indeed the Reader may probably wonder that he was displeased at all; but the Reader is not quite fo much in Love as was poor Fones: And Love is a Disease, which, though it may in some Inflances resemble a Consumption, (which it sometimes causes) in others proceeds in direct Opposition to it, and particularly in this,

^{*} Meaning, perhaps, the Bank-bill for 100%.

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that it never flatters itself, or sees any one Symp-

tom in a favourable Light.

One Thing gave him complete Satisfaction, which was, that his Mistress had regained her Liberty, and was now with a Lady where she might at least assure herself of a decent Treatment. Another comfortable Circumstance, was the Reference which the made to her Promife of never marrying any other Man: For however difinterested he might imagine his Passion, and notwithstanding all the generous Overtures made in his Letter, I very much question whether he could have heard a more afflicting Piece of News, thin that Sophia was married to another, though the Match had been never fo great, and never fo likely to end in making her completely happy. That refined Degree of Platonic Affection which is abfolutely detached from the Flesh, and is indeed entirely and purely spiritual, is a Gift confined to the female Part of the Creation; many of whom I have heard declare, (and doubtless with great Truth) that they would, with the utmost Readiness, resign a Lover to a Rival, when such Refignation was proved to be necessary for the temporal Interest of such Lover. Hence, therefore, I conclude, that this Affection is in Nature, though I cannot pretend to fay, I have ever feen an Instance of it.

Mr. Jones having spent three Hours in reading and kissing the aforesaid Letter, and being, at last, in a State of good Spirits, from the last mentioned Considerations, he agreed to carry an Appointment, which he had before made, into Execution. This was to attend Mrs. Miller, and her younger Daughter, into the Gallery at the Playhouse, and to admit Mr. Partridge as one of the Company.

For as Jones had really that Taste for Humour which many affect, he expected to enjoy much Entertainment in the Criticisms of Partridge; from whom he expected the simple Dictates of Nature, unimproved indeed, but likewise unadul-

terated by Art.

In the first Row then of the first Gallery did Mr. Jones, Mrs. Miller, her youngest Daughter, and Partridge, take their Places. Partridge immediately declared, it was the finest Place he had ever been in. When the first Music was played, he faid, 'It was a Wonder how fo many Fidlers could play at one Time, without putting one another out.' While the Fellow was lighting the upper Candles, he cried out to Mrs. Miller, ' Look, look, Madam, the very Picture of the Man in the End of the common-Prayer Book, before the Gunpowder-Treason Service.' Nor could he help observing, with a Sigh, when all the Candles were lighted, 'That here were Candles enough burnt in one Night, to keep an honest opoor Family for a whole Twelve-month.'

As foon as the Play, which was Hamlet Prince of Denmark, began, Partridge was all Attention, nor did he break Silence till the Entrance of the Ghoft; upon which he asked fones, 'What 'Man that was in the strange Dress; something,' said he, 'like what I have seen in a Picture. 'Sure it is not Armour, is it?' fones answered, 'That is the Ghost.' To which Partridge replied with a Smile, 'Persuade me to that, Sir, 'if you can. Though I can't say I ever actually faw a Ghost in my Life, yet I am certain I should know one, if I saw him, better than 'that comes to. No, no, Sir, Ghosts don't appear in such Dresses as that, neither.' In this Mistake,

Mistake, which caused much Laughter in the Neighbourhood of Partridge, he was suffered to continue, 'till the Scene between the Ghoft and Hamlet, when Partridge gave that Credit to Mr. Garrick, which he had denied to Jones, and fell into fo violent a Trembling, that his Knees knocked against each other. Jones asked him what was the Matter, and whether he was afraid of the Warrior upon the Stage? 'O la! Sir,' faid he, I perceive now it is what you told me. I ' am not afraid of any Thing; for I know it is but a Play. And if it was really a Ghoft, it could do one no Harm at fuch a Distance, and ' in fo much Company; and yet if I was frightened, I am not the only Person.' Why, " who,' cries 'fones, ' dost thou take to be such ' a Coward here besides thyself!' 'Nay, you ' may call me Coward if you will; but if that ' little Man there upon the Stage is not frightned, 'I never faw any Man frightned in my Life. Ay, ay; go along with you! Ay, to be fure! Who's Fool then? Will you? Lud have Mercy upon fuch Fool-hardiness !- Whatever happens it is good enough for you. - Follow you? 'I'd follow the Devil as foon. Nay, perhaps, it is the Devil--for they fay he can put on what Likeness he pleases. Oh! here he is again. " No farther! No, you have gone far enough ' already; farther than I'd have gone for all the "King's Dominions.' Jones offered to speak, but Partridge cried, 'Hush, hush, dear Sir, don't ' you hear him!' And during the whole Speech of the Ghost, he sat with his Eyes fixed partly on the Ghost, and partly on Hamlet, and with his Mouth open; the fame Passions which suc-

ceeded each other in Hamlet, fucceeding likewife in him.

When the Scene was over, Jones faid, 'Why, · Partridge, you exceed my Expectations. You enjoy the Play more than I conceived possible.' 'Nay, Sir,' answered Partridge, 'if you are ' not afraid of the Devil, I can't help it; but to be fure it is natural to be furprized at fuch Things, though I know there is nothing in them: Not that it was the Ghoft that surprized " me neither; for I should have known that to have been only a Man in a strange Dress: But when I faw the little Man fo frightned himfelf, it was that which took hold of me.' And dost thou imagine then, Partridge, cries Jones, that he was really frightened?' 'Nay, Sir,' faid Partridge, ' did not you yourself observe afterwards, when he found it was his own Father's Spirit, and how he was murdered in the Garden, how his Fear forfook him by Degrees; and he was flruck dumb with Sorrow, as it were, just as I should have been, had it been my own Case. - But hush! O la! What Noise is that? There he is again. - Well, to be certain, though I know there is nothing at all in it, I am glad I am not down yonder, where those Men are.' Then turning his Eyes again upon Hamlet, 'Ay, you may draw your Swore; what fignifies a Sword against the Power of the 6 Devil?

During the fecond Act, Partridge made very few Remaks. He greatly admired the Fineness of the Dresses; nor could he help observing upon the King's Countenance. 'Well,' said he, how People may be deceived by Faces? Nulla fides fronti is, I find a true Saying. Who would

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would think, by looking in the King's Face, ' that he had ever committed a Murder?' He then enquired after the Ghost; but Jones, who intended he should be surprized, gave him no other Satisfaction, than ' that he might possibly see him

again foon, and in a Flash of Fire.'

Partridge fat in fearful Expectation of this; and now, when the Ghost made his next Appearance, Partridge cried out, 'There, Sir, now; what fay you now? Is he frightened now or no? As much frightened as you think me, and, to be fure, no Body can helpfome Fears, I would not be in fo bad a Condition as what's his Name, Squire Hamlet, is there, for all the World. Bess me! What's become of the Spirit? As I am a living Soul, I thought I faw him fink into the Earth.' Indeed, you faw ' right,' answered Jones. 'Well, well,' cries Partridge, 'I know it is only a Play; and befides, if there was any Thing in all this, Madam Miller would not laugh so: For as to you, Sir, you would not be afraid, I believe, if the Devil was here in Person. There, there Ay, 6 no Wonder you are in such a Passion; shake the vile wicked Wretch to Pieces. If the was my own Mother I should serve her so. To be fure, all Duty to a Mother is forfeited by fuch ' wicked Doings .- Ay, go about your Bufiness; I hate the Sight of you.

Our Critic was now pretty filent till the Play, which Hamlet introduces before the King. he did not at first understand, 'till fones explained it to him; but he no fooner entered into the Spirit of it, than he began to bless himself that he had never committed Murder. Then turning to Mrs. Miller, he asked her, 'If she did not imagine the King looked as if he was touched; though he is, faid he, a good Actor, and

doth all he can to hide it. Well, I would not

have formuch to answer for, as that wicked Man there hath, to fit upon a much higher Chair

than he fits upon.—No wonder he run away;

for your Sake I'll never trust an innocent Face

again.'

The Grave-digging Scene next engaged the Attention of Partridge, who expressed much Surprize at the Number of Skulls thrown upon the Stage. To which Jones answered, That it was one of the most famous Burial-places about 'Town.' No wonder then,' cries Partridge, that the Place is haunted. But I never faw in ' my Life a worfe Grave-digger. I had a Sexton when I was Clerk, that should have dug three Graves while he is digging one. Fellow handles a Spade as if it was the first Time he had ever had one in his Hand. ay, you may fing. You had rather fing than work, I believe.'-Upon Hamlet's taking up the Skull, he cried out, 'Well it is strange to fee how fearless some Men are: I never could bring myfelf to touch any Thing belonging to a dead Man on any Account.—He feemed 's frightened enough too at the Ghoft I thought. · Nemo omnibus horis sapit.'

Little more worth remembring occurred during the Play; at the End of which Jones afked him, which of the Players he had liked best?' To this he answered, with some Appearance of Indignation at the Question, 'The King without Doubt.' Indeed, Mr. Partridge,' says Mrs. Miller, 'you are not of the same Opinion with the Town; for they are all agreed, that Ham-

' let is acted by the best Player who ever was on the Stage.' He the best Player!' cries Partridge, with a contemptuous Sneer, 'Why I could act as well as he myfelf. I am fure if I had feen a Ghoft, I should have looked in the very fame Manner, and done just as he did. And then, to be fure, in that Scene, as you called it, between him and his Mother, where you told me he acted fo fine, why, Lord help me, any Man, that is, any good Man, that ' had fuch a Mother, would have done exactly the fame. I know you are only joking with " me; but, indeed, Madam, though I was never ' at a Play in London, yet I have feen acting before in the Country; and the King for my Mo-' ney; he speaks all his Words distinctly, half as ' loud again as the other .- Any Body may fee he is an Actor.'

While Mrs. Miller was thus engaged in Conversation with Partridge, a Lady came up to Mr. Jones, whom he immediately knew to be Mrs. Fitzpatrick. She said, she had seen him from the other Part of the Gallery, and had taken that Opportunity of speaking to him, as she had something to say, which might be of great Service to himself. She then acquainted him with her Lodgings, and made him an Appointment the next Day in the Morning; which, upon Recollection, she presently changed to the Afternoon; at which Time Jones promised to attend her.

Thus ended the Adventure at the Play-house; where Partridge had afforded great Mirth, not only to Jones and Mrs. Miller, but to all who sat within Hearing, who were more attentive to

what

The HISTORY of Book XVI:

what he faid than to any Thing that paffed on

the Stage.

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He durst not go to Bed all that Night, for Fear of the Ghost; and for many Nights after, sweated two or three Hours before he went to sleep, with the same Apprehensions, and waked several Times in great Horrors, crying out, 'Lord have Mercy upon us! there it is.'

CHAP. VI.

In which the History is obliged to look back.

T is almost impossible for the best Parent to observe an exact Impartiality to his Children, even though no superior Merit should bias his Affection; but sure a Parent can hardly be blamed, when that Superiority determines his Preference.

As I regard all the Personages of this History in the Light of my Children; so I must confess the same inclination of Partiality to Sophia; and for that I hope the Reader will allow me the same Excuse, from the Superiority of her Character.

This extraordinary Tenderness, which I have for my Heroine, never suffers me to quit her any long Time without the utmost Reluctance. I could now, therefore, return impatiently to enquire, what hath happened to this lovely Creature since her Departure from her Father's, but that I am obliged first to pay a short Visit to Mr. Bliss.

Mr. Western, in the first Confusion into which his Mind was cast, upon the sudden News he received of his Daughter, and in the first Hurry to go after her, had not once thought of sending

any Account of the Discovery to Blifit. He had not gone far, however, before he recollected himfelf, and accordingly stopt at the very first Inn he came to, and dispatched away a Messenger to acquaint Blifit with his having found Sophia, and with his firm Resolution to marry her to him immediately, if he would come up after him to Town.

As the Love which Blift had for Sophia was of that violent Kind, which nothing but the Loss of her Fortune, or fome such Accident, could lessen, his Inclination to the Match was not at all altered by her having run away, though he was obliged to lay this to his own Account. He very readily, therefore, embraced this Offer. Indeed, he now proposed the Gratification of a very strong Passion besides Avarice, by marrying this young Lady, and this was Hatred: For he concluded that Matrimony afforded an equal Opportunity of fatisfying either Hatred or Love; and this Opinion is very probably verified by much Experience. To fay the Truth, if we are to judge by the ordinary Behaviour of married Persons to each other, we shall perhaps be apt to conclude, that the Generality feek the Indulgence of the former Paffion only in their Union of every Thing but of Hearts.

There was one Difficulty, however, in his Way, and this arose from Mr. Allworthy. That good Man, when he found by the Departure of Sophia, (for neither that, nor the Cause of it, could be concealed from him) the great Aversion which she had for his Nephew, began to be seriously concerned that he had been deceived into carrying Matters so far. He by no Means concurred with the Opinion of those Parents, who think it as im-

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material to confult the Inclinations of their Children in the Affair of Marriage, as to follicit the good Pleasure of their Servants when they intend to take a Journey; and who are, by Law or Decency at least, with-held often from using absolute Force. On the contrary, as he esteemed the Institution to be of the most facred Kind, he thought every preparatory Caution necessary to preserve it holy and inviolate; and very wisely concluded, that the surest Way to effect this, was by laying the Foundation in previous Affection.

Blifit indeed foon cured his Uncle of all Anger on the Score of Deceit, by many Vows and Protestations that he had been deceived himself, with which the many Declarations of Western very well tallied; but now to persuade Allworthy to consent to the renewing his Addresses, was a Matter of such apparent Difficulty, that the very Appearance was sufficient to have deterred a less enterprizing Genius; but this young Gentleman so well knew his own Talents, that nothing within the Province of Cunning seemed to him hard

to be atchieved.

Here then he represented the Violence of his own Affection, and the Hopes of subduing Aversion in the Lady by Perseverance. He begged that in an Affair on which depended all his suture Repose, he might at least be at Liberty to try all fair Means for Success. Heaven forbid, he said, that he should ever think of prevailing by any other than the most gentle Methods! 'Besides, 'Sir, said he, if they sail, you may then (which will be surely Time enough) deny your Consent.' He urged the great and eager Desire which Mr. Western had for the Match, and lastly, he made great Use of the Name of Jones, to whom he

imputed all that had happened; and from whom, he faid, to preferve fo valuable a young Lady was

even an Act of Charity.

All these Arguments were well seconded by Thwackum, who dwelt a little stronger on the Authority of Parents than Mr. Blifil himself had done. He ascribed the Measures which Mr. Blifil was desirous to take, to Christian Motives; and though, fays he, the good young Gentleman hath mentioned Charity last, I am al-" most convinced, it is his first and principal

6 Confideration.

Square, possibly, had he been present, would have fung to the fame Tune, though in a different Key, and would have discovered much moral Fitness in the Proceeding; but he was now gone

to Bath for the Recovery of his Health.

Allworthy, though not without Reluctance, at last yielded to the Desires of his Nephew. He faid, he would accompany him to London, where he might be at Liberty to use every honest Endeavour to gain the Lady: 'But I declare, ' faid he, I will never give my Confent to any absolute Force being put on her Inclinations, onor shall you ever have her, unless she can be brought freely to Compliance.'

Thus did the Affection of Allworthy for his Nephew betray the superior Understanding to be triumphed over by the inferior; and thus is the Prudence of the best of Heads often defeated, by

the Tenderness of the best of Hearts.

Blifil having obtained this unhoped for Acquiefcence in his Uncle, rested not till he carried his Purpose into Execution. And as no immediate Bufiness required Mr. Allworthy's Presence in the Country, and little Preparation is necessary to Men for a Journey, they fet out the very next Day, and arrived in Town that Evening, when Mr. Jones, as we have feen, was diverting him-

felf with Partridge, at the Play.

The Morning after his Arrival, Mr. Blifil waited on Mr. Western, by whom he was most kindly and graciously received, and from whom he had every possible Assurance (perhaps more than was possible) that he should very shortly be as happy as Suphia could make him; nor would the Squire suffer the young Gentleman to return to his Uncle, till he had, almost against his Will, carried him to his Sister.

CHAP. VII.

In which Mr. Western pays a Visit to his Sister, in Company with Mr. Blisil.

RS. Western was reading a Lecture on Prudence, and Matrimonial Politics to her Niece, when her Brother and Bliss broke in with less Ceremony than the Laws of Visiting require. Sophia no sooner saw Bliss, than she turned pale, and almost lost the Use of all her Faculties; but her Aunt on the contrary waxed red, and having all her Faculties at Command began to exert her Tongue on the Squire.

Brother,' faid fhe, 'I am aftonifhed at your' Behaviour, will you never learn any Regard to

Decorum? Will you still look upon every
Apartment as your own, or as belonging to one

of your Country Tenants? Do you think yourfelf at Liberty to invade the Privacies of Wo-

men of Condition, without the least Decency

or Notice?' -- Why, what a Pox! is

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the Matter now? quoth the Squire, one would think, I had caught you at None of your Brutality, Sir, I befeech you, answered she.

You have surprized my poor Niece so, that she can hardly, I see, support herself.....
Go, my Dear, retire, and endeavour to recruit your Spirits: for I see you have Occasion? At

'your Spirits; for I see you have Occasion.' At which Words, Sophia, who never received a more welcome Command, hastily withdrew.

To be fure, Sifter, cries the Squire, you are mad, when I have brought Mr. Blifil here

to court her, to force her away."

Sure, Brother, fays she, 'you are worse than mad, when you know in what Situation Affairs are, to---- I am sure, I ask Mr. Blift Pardon, but he knows very well to whom to impute so disagreeable a Reception. For my own Part, I am sure, I shall always be very glad to see Mr. Blift; but his own good Sense would not have suffered him to proceed so abtruptly, had you not compelled him to it.'

Blifil bowed and stammered and looked like a Fool; but Western, without giving him Time to form a Speech for the Purpose, answered, Well, well, I am to blame if you will, I always am, certainly; but come, let the Girl be fetched back again, or let Mr. Blisse go to her----He's come up on Purpose, and there is no Time to be lost."

Brother, cries Mrs. Western, Mr. Bliss, I am consident, understands himself better than to think of seeing myNieceany more this Morning after what hath happened. Women are of a nice Contexture; and our Spirits when disordered, are not to be recomposed in a Moment. Had you suffered Mr. Bliss to have

fent his Compliments to my Niece, and to have defired the Favour of waiting on her in the Af-

fternoon, I should possibly have prevailed on her to have feen him; but now I despair of bring-

ing about any fuch Matter.'

Iam very forry, Madam, cried Blifil, that Mr. Western's extraordinary Kindness to me, which I can never enough acknowledge, should have

occasioned --- ' Indeed, Sir, said she, interrupting him, you need make no Apologies, we

all know my Brother fo well.'

I don't care what any Body knows of me,' anfwered the Squire, - but when must be come to fee her? for confider, I tell you, he is come up on Purpose, and so is Allworthy, Brother, faid she, whatever Message Mr. 6 Blifil thinks proper to fend to my Niece, shall be delivered to her; and I suppose, she will want no Instructions to make a proper Answer. I am convinced she will not refuse to fee Mr. Blifil at a proper Time.' The Devil she won't, answered the Squire. - Odsbud! - Don't we know, - I fay nothing, but some Volk are wifer than all the World. - If I might have had my Will, she had not run away before: And now I expect to hear every Moment she is guone again. For as great a Fool as fome Volk think me, I know very well she hates --- No Matter, Brother, replied Mrs. Western, 'I will not hear my Niece abused. It is a Reflection on my Fami-6 ly. She is an Honour to it; and she will be an Honour to it, I promise you. I will pawn my whole Reputation in the Worldon her Conduct. - I shall be glad to see you, Brother, in the 6 Afternoon; for I have somewhat of Importance to mention to you. -- At present Mr. Blifil,

as

as well as you, must excuse me; for I am in hafte to dress.'--Well but,' faid the Squire, do appoint a Time.' - ' Indeed, faid she, I can appoint no Time .- I tell you, I will fee you in the Afternoon.' - What the Devil would you have me do?' cries the Squire, turning to Blifil, 'I can no more turn her, than a Beagle can turn an old Hare. Perhaps, she will be in a better Humour in the Afternoon.' - 'I am condemned, I fee, Sir, to Misfortune,' answered Blifil, 'but I shall always own my Ob-· ligations to you.' --- He then took a ceremonious Leave of Mrs. Western, who was altogether as ceremonious on her Part; and then they departed, the Squire muttering to himself with an Oath, that Blifil should see his Daughter in the Afternoon.

If Mr. Western was little pleased with this Interview, Blisil was less. As to the former, he imputed the whole Behaviour of his Sister to her Humour only, and to her Distaitsfaction at the Omission of Ceremony in the Visit; but Blisil saw a little deeper into Things. He suspected somewhat of more Consequence, from two or three Words which dropt from the Lady; and, to say the Truth, he suspected right, as will appear when I have unfolded the several Matters which will be contained in the following Chapter.

CHAP. VIII.

Schemes of Lady Bellaston for the Ruin of Jones;

OVE had taken too deep a Root in the Mind of Lord Fellamar to be plucked up by the rude Hands of Mr. Western. In the Heat of I 4 Re-

Refentment he had indeed given a Commission to Captain Egglane, which the Captain had far exceeded in the Execution; nor had it been executed at all, had his Lordship been able to find the Captain after he had feen Lady Bellaston, which was in the Afternoon of the Day after he had received the Affront; but so industrious was the Captain in the Discharge of his Duty, that having after long Enquiry found out the Squire's: Lodgings very late in the Evening, he fat up all Night at a Tavern, that he might not miss the Squire in the Morning, and by that Means miffed the Revocation which my Lord had fent to

his Lodgings.

In the Afternoon then next after the intended Rape of Sophia, his Lordship, as we have said, made a Visit to Lady Bellaston, who laid open fo much of the Character of the Squire, that his Lordship plainly saw the Absurdity he had been guilty of in taking any Offence at his Words, especially as he had those honourable Designs on his Daughter. He then unbosomed the Violence of his Passion to Lady Bellaston, who readily undertook the Cause, and encouraged him with certain Affurance of a most favourable Reception, from all the Elders of the Family, and from the Father himself when he should be sober, and should be made acquainted with the Nature of the Offer made to his Daughter. The only Danger, she faid, lay in the Fellow she had formerly mentioned, who, though a Beggar and a Vagabond, had by some Means or other, she knew not what, procured himself tolerable Cloaths, and past for a Gentleman. 'Now,' says she, 'as I have, for the Sake of my Coufin, made it my Buliness to enquire after this Fellow, I have luckily

luckily found out his Lodgings; with which she then acquainted his Lordship. I am thinking, 'my Lord,' added she, ' (for this Fellow is too " mean for your personal Resentment) whether it would not be possible for your Lordship to contrive some Method of having him pressed and fent on board a Ship. Neither Law nor Conscience forbid this Project: for the Fellow, I promise you, however well drest, is but a Vagabond, and as proper as any Fellow in the Streets to be preffed into the Service; and as for the conscientious Part, surely the Preservation of a young Lady from fuch Ruin is a most meritorious Act; nay, with Regard to the Kellowhimself, unless he could succeed (which Heaven forbid) with my Coufin, it may probably be the " Means of preserving him from the Gallows, and perhaps may make his Fortune in an honest Way.

Lord Fellamar very heartily thanked her Ladyfhip, for the Part which she was pleased to take in the Affair, upon the Success of which his whole future Happiness entirely depended. He said, he faw at prefent no Objection to the preffing Scheme, and would confider of putting it in Execution. He then most earnestly recommended to her Ladyship, to do him the Honour of immediately mentioning his Propofals to the Family; to whom, he faid, he offered a Carte Blanche, and would fettle his Fortune in almost any Manner they should require. And after uttering many Ecstafies and Raptures concerning Sophia, he took his Leave and departed, but not before he had received the strongest Charge to beware of Jones, and to lose no Time in securing his Person where

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he should no longer be in a Capacity of making any Attempts to the Ruin of the young Lady.

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The Moment Mrs. Western was arrived at her Lodgings, a Card was dispatched with her Compliments to Lady Bellasson; who no sooner received it, than with the Impatience of a Lover, she slew to her Cousin, rejoiced at this sair Opportunity, which beyond her Hopes offered itself: for she was much better pleased with the Prospect of making the Proposals to a Woman of Sense, and who knew the World, than to a Gentleman whom she honoured with the Appellation of Hottentot; though indeed from him she apprehended no Danger of a Resultal.

The two Ladies being met, after very fhort previous Ceremonials, fell to Bufiness, which was indeed almost as soon concluded as begun; for Mrs. Western no sooner heard the Name of Lord Fellamar than her Cheeks glowed with Pleasure; but when she was acquainted with the Eagerness of his Passion, the Earnestness of his Proposals, and the Generosity of his Offer, she declared her full Satisfaction in the most explicit Terms.

In the Progress of their Conversation, their Discourse turned to Jones, and both Cousins very pathetically lamented the unfortunate Attachment which both agreed Sophia had to that young Fellow; and Mrs. Western entirely attributed it to the Folly of her Brother's Management. She concluded however at last, with declaring her Confidence in the good Understanding of her Niece, who though she would not give up her Affection in Favour of Bliss, will, I doubt not, says she, soon be prevailed upon to facrifice a simple Inclination to the Addresses of a fine Gentleman, who brings her both a Title and a large

Ch. 8. a FOUNDLING.

Estate: For indeed,' added she, 'I must do Soby the Justice to confess, this Blifil is but a hideous kind of Fellow, as you know, Bellaston,

all Country Gentlemen are, and hath nothing

but his Fortune to recommend him.' ' Nay, faid Lady Bellaston, 'I don't then fo much wonder at my Coufin; for I promise you, this Jones is a very agreeable Fellow, and hath one Virtue which the Men fay is a great Recommendation to us. What do you think, Bell-Ishall certainly make you laugh; nay, I can hardly tell you myfelf for laughing - Will you believe that the Fellow hath had the Affurance to make Love to me? But if you should be inclined to disbelieve it, here is Evidence e-' nough, his own Hand-writing, I affure you.' She then delivered her Coufin the Letter with the Propofals of Marriage, which if the Reader hath a Defire to fee, he will find already on Record

in the XVth Book of this History.

' Upon my Word, I am aftonished,' faid Mrs. Western, ' this is indeed a Master-piece of Affurance. With your Leave, I may possibly ' make some Use of this Letter.' ' You have my full Liberty,' cries Lady Bellaston,' to apbly it to what Purpose you please. However, I would not have it shewn to any but Miss Wef-' tern, nor to her unless you find Occasion.' Well. and how did you use the Fellow?' returned Mrs. Western. ' Not as a Husband,' faid the Lady, 'I am not married, I promife you, my Dear. You know, Bell, I have try'd the · Comforts once already; and once I think is enough for any reasonable Woman.'

This Letter, Lady Bellaston thought would certainly turn the Balance against Jones in the Mind

But perhaps the Reader may wonder why Lady Bellaston, who in her Heart hated Sophia, should be so desirous of promoting a Match, which was fo much to the Interest of the young Lady. Now, I would defire fuch Readers to look carefully into human Nature, Page almost the last, and there he will find in scarce legible Characters, that Women, notwithstanding the preposterous Behaviour of Mothers, Aunts, &c. in matrimonial Matters, do in Reality think it fo great a Misfortune to have their Inclinations in Love thwarted, that they imagine, they ought: never to carry Enmity higher than upon these Disappointments; again, he will find it written much about the same Place, that a Woman who hath once been pleased with the Possession of a Man, will go above half way to the Devil, to prevent any other Woman from enjoying the same.

If he will not be contented with these Reasons, I freely consess I see no other Motive to the Actions of that Lady, unless we will conceive she was bribed by Lord Fellamar, which for my own Part

I fee no Cause to suspect.

Now this was the Affair which Mrs. Western was preparing to introduce to Sophia, by some presatory Discourse on the Folly of Love, and on the Wisdom of legal Prossitution for Hire, when her Brother and Bliss broke abruptly in upon her; and hence arose all that Coldness in her Behaviour to Bliss, which tho' the Squire, as was usual

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usual with him, imputed to a wrong Cause, infused into Bliss himself (he being a much more cunning Man) a Suspicion of the real Truth.

CHAP. IX.

In which Jones pays a Visit to Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

HE Reader may now perhaps be pleafed to return with us to Mr. Jones, who at the appointed Hour attended on Mrs. Fitzpatrick; but before we relate the Conversation which now past, it may be proper, according to our Method to return a little back, and to account for so great an Alteration of Behaviour in this Lady, that from changing her Lodging principally to avoid Mr. Jones, she had now industriously, as hath been

feen, fought this Interview.

And here we shall need only to refort to what happened the preceding Day, when hearing from Lady Bellaston, that Mr. Western was arrived in. Town, she went to pay her Duty to him, at his Lodgings at Piccadilly, where she was received with many fcurvy Compellations too coarfe to be repeated, and was even threatned to be kicked out of Doors. From hence an old Servant of her Aunt Western, with whom she was well acquainted, conducted her to the Lodgings of that Lady, who treated her not more kindly, but more politely; or, to fay the Truth, with Rudeness in another Way. In short, she returned from both, plainly convinced not only that her Scheme of Reconciliation had proved abortive, but that: the must for ever give over all Thoughts of bringing it about by any Means whatever. From this Moment Defire of Revenge only filled her Mind.

Mind; and in this Temper meeting Jones at the Play, an Opportunity feemed to her to occur of

effecting this Purpose.

The Reader must remember, that he was acquainted by Mrs. Fitzpatrick, in the Account she gave of her own Story, with the Fondness Mrs. Western had formerly shewn for Mr. Fitzpatrick at Bath, from the Disappointment of which, Mrs. Fitzpatrick derived the great Bitterness her Aunt had expressed toward her. She had therefore no Doubt but that the good Lady would as easily listen to the Addresses of Mr. Jones, as she had before done to the other; for the Superiority of Charms was clearly on the Side of Mr. Jones; and the Advance which her Aunt had since made in Age, she concluded, (how justly I will not say) was an Argument rather in Favour of her Project than against it.

Therefore, when Jones attended after a previous Declaration of her Desire of serving him, arising, as the faid, from a firm Assurance how much she should by so doing oblige Sophia; and after some Excuses for her former Disappointment, and after acquainting Mr. Jones in whose Custody his Mistress was, of which she thought him ignorant; she very explicitly mentioned her Scheme to him, and advised him to make sham Addresses to the older Lady, in order to procure an easy Access to the younger, informing him at the same Time of the Success which Mr. Fitzpatrick had sormerly owed to the very same Strapatrick had sormerly owed to the very same Strapatrick had some strapatrick strapatrick strapatrick had some strapatrick str

tagem.

Mr. Yones expressed great Gratitude to the Lady for the kind Intentions towards him which she had expressed, and indeed testified, by this Propofal; but besides intimating some Diffidence of Success Success from the Lady's Knowledge of his Love to her Niece, which had not been her Case in Regard to Mr. Fitzpatrick, he said, he was afraid Miss Western would never agree to an Imposition of this Kind, as well from her utter Detestation of all Fallacy, as from her avowed Duty to her Aunt.

Mrs. Fitzpatrick was a little nettled at this; and indeed, if it may not be called a Lapfe of the Tongue, it was a small Deviation from Politeness in Jones, and into which he scarce would have fallen, had not the Delight he felt in praising Sophia, hurried him out of all Reflection; for this Commendation of one Cousin was more than a tacit Repulse on the other.

tacit Rebuke on the other. ' Indeed, Sir,' answered the Lady, with some Warmth, 'I cannot think there is any thing ea-6 fier than to cheat an old Woman with a Profession of Love, when her Complexion is amorous; and tho' she is my Aunt, I must say there never was a more liquorish one than her Ladyship. Can't you pretend that the Despair of possessing her Niece, from her being promised to Blifil, has made you turn your Thoughts towards her? As to my Coufin Sophia, I can't 'imagine her to be fuch a Simpleton as to have the least Scruple on fuch an Account, or to conceive any harm in punishing one of these Haggs for the many Mischiefs they bring upon Families, by their tragi-comic Paffions; for which I think it is pity they are not punishable by Law. I had no fuch Scruple myfelf; and yet I hope my Coufin Sophia will not think it an Affront when I fay she cannot detest every real Species of Falshood more than her Coufin Fitzpatrick. To my Aunt indeed I pretend 184 The HISTORY of Book XVI.

ono Duty, nor doth she deserve any. However, Sir, I have given you my Advice, and if

you decline purfuing it, I shall have the less Opinion of your Understanding,—that's all.'

Jones now clearly faw the Error he had committed, and exerted his utmost Power to rectify it; but he only faultered and stuttered into Nonfense and Contradiction. To say the Truth, it is often safer to abide by the Consequences of the surface Blunder, than to endeavour to rectify it; for by such Endeavours, we generally plunge deeper instead of extricating ourselves; and sew Persons will on such Occasions have the good Nature, which Mrs. Fitzpatrick displayed to Jones, by saying, with a Smile, 'You need attempt no more Excuses; for I can easily forgive a real Lover, whatever is the Effect of Fondness for his Mistress.'

She then renewed her Propofal, and very fervently recommended it, omitting no Argument which her Invention could fuggest on the Subject; for she was so violently incensed against her Aunt, that scarce any Thing was capable of affording her equal Pleasure with exposing her; and like a true Woman, she would see no Difficulties

in the Execution of a favourite Scheme.

Jones however persisted in declining the Undertaking, which had not indeed the least Probability of Success. He easily perceived the Motives which induced Mrs. Fitzpatrick to be so eager in pressing her Advice. He said, he would not deny the tender and passionate Regard he had for Sophia; but was so conscious of the Inequality of their Situations, that he could never slatter himself so far as to hope that so divine a young Lady would condescend to think on so un-

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worthy a Man; nay he protested, he could scarce bring himself to wish she should. He concluded with a Profession of generous Sentiments, which

we have not at present Leisure to insert.

There are fome fine Women (for I dare not here speak in too general Terms) with whom Self is so predominant, that they never detach it from any Subject; and as Vanity is with them a ruling Principle, they are apt to lay hold of whatever Praise they meet with; and, though the Property of others, convey it to their own Use. In the Company of these Ladies it is impossible to say any Thing handsome of another Woman, which they will not apply to themselves; nay, they often improve the Praise they seize; as for Instance, if her Beauty, her Wit, her Gentility, her good Humour deserve so much Commendation, what do I deserve who possess those Qualities in so much more eminent a Degree?

To these Ladies a Man often recommends himself while he is commending another Woman; and while he is expressing Ardour and generous Sentiments for his Mistress, they are considering what a charming Lover this Man would make to them, who can feel all this Tenderness for an inferior Degree of Merit. Of this, strange as it may feem, I have seen many Instances besides Mrs. Fitzpatrick, to whom all this really happened, and who now began to feel a Somewhat for Mr. Jenes, the Symptoms of which she much sooner understood than poor Sophia had formerly

done.

To fay the Truth, perfect Beauty in both Sexes is a more irrefulfible Object than it is generally thought; for notwithstanding some of us are contented with more homely Lots, and learn by

Rote(as Children are to repeat what gives them no Idea) to despise Outside, and to value more solid Charms; yet I have always observed at the Approach of consummate Beauty, that these more solid Charms only shine with that Kind of Lustre which the Stars have after the Rising of the Sun.

When Jones had finished his Exclamations, many of which would have become the Mouth of Orcondates himself, Mrs. Fitzpatrick heaved a deep Sigh, and taking her Eyes off from Jones, on whom they had been some Time fixed, and dropping them on the Ground, she cried, Indeed, Mr. Jones, I pity you; but it is the Curfe of such Tenderness to be thrown away on those who are insensible of it. I know my Cousing better than you, Mr. Jones, and I must say,

any Woman who makes no Return to fuch a Paffion, and fuch a Person, is unworthy of both.

Sure, Madam,' faid Yones, 'you can'te mean'--- Mean?' cries Mrs. Fitzpatrick, 'I know not what I mean; there is fomething, I think, in true Tenderness bewitching; few Women ever meet with it in Men, and fewer fill know how to value it when they do. I never heard such truly noble Sentiments, and I can't tell how it is, but you force one to believe you. Sure she must be the most contemptible of Women who can overlook such Merit.'

The Manner and Look with which all this was spoke, insufed a Suspicion into Jones, which we don't care to convey in direct Words to the Reader. Instead of making any Answer, he said, I am asraid, Madam, I have made too tiresome a Visit, and offered to take his Leave.

· Not

' Not at all, Sir,' answered Mrs. Fitzpatrick,

--Indeed I pity you, Mr. Jones; indeed I do:
But if you are going, confider of the Scheme I

have mentioned. I am convinced you will approve it, and let me fee you again as foon as

you can .-- To-morrow Morning if you will,

or at least some Time To-morrow. I shall be

at Home all Day.'

Jones then, after many Expressions of Thanks very respectfully retired; nor could Mrs. Fitzpatrick forbear making him a Present of a Look at Parting, by which if he had understood Nothing, he must have had no Understanding in the Language of the Eyes. In reality it confirmed his Resolution of returning to her no more; for faulty as he hath hitherto appeared in this History, his whole Thoughts were now so confined to his Sophia, that I believe no Woman upon Earth could have now drawn him into an Act of Inconstancy.

Fortune however, who was not his Friend, refolved, as he intended to give her no fecond Opportunity, to make the best of this; and accordingly produced the tragical Incident which we are

now in forrowful Notes to record.

CHAP. X.

The Consequence of the preceding Visit.

R. Fitzpātrick having received the Letter before-mentioned, from Mrs. Western, and being by that Means acquainted with the Place to which his Wife was retired, returned directly to Bath, and thence the Day after set forward to London.

The

The Reader hath been already often informed of the jealous Temper of this Gentleman. He may likewise be pleased to remember the Suspicion which he had conceived of fones at Upton, upon his finding him in the Room with Mrs. Waters; and though sufficient Reasons had afterwards appeared entirely to clear up that Sufpicion, yet now the reading fo handsome a Character of Mr. Jones from his Wife, caused him to reflect, that she likewise was in the Inn at the same Time, and jumbled together fuch a Confusion of Circumstances in a Head which was naturally none of the clearest, that the whole produced that green-eyel Monster mentioned by Shakespear in his Tragedy of Othello.

And now as he was enquiring in the Street after his Wife, and had just received Directions to the Door, unfortunately Mr. Jones was iffuing from it.

Fitzpatrick did not yet recollect the Face of Jones; however, feeing a young well-dreffed Fellow coming from his Wife, he made directly up to him, and asked him what he had been doing in that House: ' For I am sure,' said he, you must have been in it, as I saw you come out: of it.

Jones answered very modestly, 'That he had been visiting a Lady there.' To which Fitzpatrick replied, ' what Business have you with the Lady?' Upon which Jones, who now perfectly remembred the Voice, Features, and indeed Coat, of the Gentleman, cried out,-Ha, my good Friend! give me your Hand; I hope there is no ill Blood remaining between us, upon a small Mistake which happened so-

6 long ago.'

6. Upon

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" Upon my Soul, Sir, faid Fitzpatrick, I don't know your Name, nor your Face.' In-

deed, Sir,' faid Jones, e neither have I the 6 Pleasure of knowing your Name, but your

Face I very well remember to have feen before,

6 at Upton, where a foolish Quarrel happened be-

tween us, which, if it is not made up yet, we

will now make up over a Bottle.'

" At Upton!' cried the other. - " Ha! upon my Soul, I believe your Name is Jones.' Indeed,' answered he, 'it is.'- O, upon my

Soul, cries Fitzpatrick, you are the very

6 Man I wanted to meet .- Upon my Soul I will 6 drink a Bottle with you prefently; but first I

will give you a great Knock over the Pate.

'There is for you, you Rascal. Upon my Soul, ' if you do not give me Satisfaction for that Blow,

'I will give you another.' And then drawing his Sword put himself in a Posture of Defence,

which was the only Science he understood.

Jones was a little staggered by the Blow which came fomewhat unexpectedly; but prefently recovering himself he also drew, and though he understood nothing of Fencing, prest on fo boldly upon Fitzpatrick, that he beat down his Guard, and sheathed one Half of his Sword in the Body of the faid Gentleman, who had no fooner received it, than he ftept backwards, dropt the Point of his Sword, and leaning upon it, cried, 'I have Satisfaction enough: I am a 6 dead Man.

'I hope not,' cries Jones, 'but whatever be the Consequence, you must be sensible you ' have drawn it upon yourfelf.' At this Instant a Number of Fellows rushed in and seized Jones, who told them, he should make no Resistance,

and begged fome of them at least would take

care of the wounded Gentleman.

Ay,' cries one of the Fellows, 'the wounded Gentleman will be taken Care enough of;
for I suppose he hath not many Hours to live.
As for you, Sir, you have a Month at least
good yet.' D—n me, Jack,' said another,
he hath prevented his Voyage; he's bound to
another Port now;' and many other such Jests
was our poor Jones made the Subject of, by these
Fellows, who were indeed the Gang employed
by Lord Fellamar, and had dogged him into the
House of Mrs. Fitzpatrick, waiting for him at
the Corner of the Street when this unfortunate
Accident happened.

The Officer who commanded this Gang very wifely concluded, that his Business was now to deliver his Prisoner into the Hands of the Civil Magistrate. He ordered him therefore to be carried to a public House, where having fent for a Constable, he delivered him to his Custody.

The Constable seeing Mr. Jones very well drest, and hearing that the Accident had happened in a Duel, treated his Prisoner with great Civility, and, at his Request, dispatched a Messenger to enquire after the wounded Gentleman, who was now at a Tavern under the Surgeon's Hands. The Report brought back was, that the Wound was certainly mortal, and there were no Hopes of Life. Upon which the Constable informed Jones, that he must go before a Justice. He answered, "Wherever you please: I am indifferent as to

what happens to me; for though I am convinced

' I am not guilty of Murder in the Eye of the Law, yet the Weight of Blood I find intolera-

6 ble upon my Mind.'

Fones

Jones was now conducted before the Juffice, where the Surgeon who dreffed Mr. Fitzpatrick appeared, and deposed, that he believed the Wound to be mortal; upon which the Prisoner was committed to the Gate-house. It was very late at Night, so that Joney would not send for Partridge till the next Morning; and as he never shut his Eyes till seven, so it was near twelve before the poor Fellow, who was greatly frightned at not hearing from his Master so long, received a Message which almost deprived him of his Being, when he heard it.

He went to the Gate-bouse with trembling Knees and a beating Heart, and was no sooner arrived in the Presence of Jones, than he lamented the Missortune that had befallen him, with many Tears, looking all the while frequently about him in great Terror; for as the News now arrived that Mr. Fitzpatrick was dead, the poor Fellow apprehended every Minute that his Ghost would enter the Room. At last he delivered him a Letter, which he had like to have forgot, and which came from Sophia by the Hands of black George.

Jones presently dispatched every one out of the Room, and having eagerly broke open the Let-

ter, read as follows.

'You owe the hearing from me again to an Accident which I own furprizes me. My

Aunt hath just now shewn me a Letter from you to Lady Bellaston, which contains a Pro-

pola of Marriage. I am convinced it is your

own Hand; and what more furprizes me, is, that it is dated at the very Time when you

would have me imagine you was under fuch

Concern

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- Concern on my Account. I leave you to com-
- ment on this Fact. All I defire is, that your

Name may never more be mentioned to

6 S. W.

Of the present Situation of Mr. Jones's Mind, and of the Pangs with which he was now tormented, we cannot give the Reader a better Idea, than by faying, his Misery was such, that even Thwackum would almost have pitted him. But bad as it is, we shall at present leave him in it, as his good Genius (if he really had any) seems to have done. And here we put an End to the fixteenth Book of our History.