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The History Of Tom Jones, A Foundling

In Four Volumes

Fielding, Henry London, 1750

Chap. III. The Departure of Jones from Upton, with what past between hin and Partridge, on the Road.

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fore he had first dispatched Part of his Retinue in quest of his Daughter, after whom he likewise fent a Volley of the most bitter Execrations which he could invent.

CHAP. III.

The Departure of Jones from Upton, with what paft between him and Partridge on the Road.

T length we are once more come to our Heroe; and to fay Truth, we have been obliged to part with him fo long, that confidering the Condition in which we left him, I apprehend many of our Readers have concluded we intended to abandon him for ever; he being at present in that Situation in which prudent People usually desist from enquiring any farther after their Friends, left they should be shocked by hearing fuch Friends had hanged themselves.

But, in reality, if we have not all the Virtues, I will boldly fay, neither have we all the Vices of a prudent Character; and tho' it is not easy to conceive Circumstances much more miserable than those of poor Jones at present, we shall return to him, and attend upon him with the same Diligence as if he was wantoning in the brightest

Beams of Fortune.

Mr. Jones then, and his Companion Partridge, left the Inn a few Minutes after the Departure of Squire Western, and pursued the same Road on Foot; for the Hoffler told them, that no Horses were by any Means to be at that Time procured at Upton. On they marched with heavy Hearts; for tho' their Disquiet proceeded from very different Reasons, yet displeased they were both;

and if Jones fighed bitterly, Partridge grunted

altogether as fadly at every Step.

When they came to the Cross-roads where the Squire had stopt to take Council, Jones stopt likewise, and turning to Partridge, asked his Opinion which Tract they should pursue. Ah, Sir!' answered Partridge, 'I wish your Ho-

" nour would follow my Advice.' Why should "I not?' replied Jones; "for it is now indif-

ferent to me whither I go, or what becomes of

" me?' ' My Advice then,' faid Partridge, ' is that you immediately face about and return

home: For who that hath fuch a Home to return to, as your Honour, would travel thus

about the Country like a Vagabond? I ask

· Pardon, sed vox ea sola reperta est.

'Alasl cries Jones, 'I have no Home to return to ;-but if my Friend, my Father would

receive me, could I bear the Country from

which Sophia is flown-Cruel Sophia! Cruel!

No. Let me blame myself-No, let me blame thee. D-nation seize thee, Fool, Blockhead!

thou hast undone me, and I will tear thy Soul

from thy Body.'-At which Words he laid violent Hands on the Collar of poor Partridge, and shook him more heartily than an Ague Fit, or

his own Fears had ever done before.

Partridge fell trembling on his Knees, and begged for Mercy, vowing he had meant no Harm-when Jones, after staring wildly on him for a Moment, quitted his Hold; and discharged a Rage on himself, that had it fallen on the other, would certainly have put an End to his Being, which indeed the very Apprehension of it had almost effected. We will the it was worth any preferr

We would bestow some Pains here in minutely describing all the mad Pranks which Jones played on this Occasion, could we be well affured that the Reader would take the fame Pains in perufing them; but as we are apprehensive that after all the Labour which we should employ in painting this Scene, the faid Reader would be very apt to skip it entirely over, we have faved ourself that Trouble. To fay the Truth, we have, from this Reason alone, often done great Violence to the Luxuriance of our Genius, and have left many excellent Descriptions out of our Work, which would otherwise have been in it. And this Suspicion, to be honest, arises, as is generally the Case, from our own wicked Heart; for we have, ourselves, been very often most horridly given to jumping, as we have run through the Pages of voluminous Historians.

Suffice it then fimply to fay, that Jones, after having played the Part of a Madman for many Minutes, came, by Degrees, to himfelf; which no fooner happened, than turning to Partridge, he very earneftly begged his Pardon for the Attack he had made on him in the Violence of his Paffion; but concluded, by defiring him never to mention his Return again; for he was refolved never to fee that Country any more.

Partridge easily forgave, and faithfully promifed to obey the Injunction now laid upon him. And then Jones very brifkly cried out: 'Since it' is absolutely impossible for me to pursue any

- farther the Steps of my Angel-I will purfue
- those of Glory. Come on, my brave Lad, now for the Army:—It is a glorious Cause,
- and I would willingly facrifice my Life in it,
- even tho' it was worth my preferving.' And

fo faying, he immediately struck into the different Road from that which the Squire had taken, and, by mere Chance, pursued the very same

thro' which Sophia had before paffed.

Our Travellers now marched a full Mile, without speaking a Syllable to each other, the fones, indeed, muttered many Things to himself. As to Partridge, he was profoundly silent: For he was not, perhaps, perfectly recovered from his former Fright; besides, he had Apprehensions of provoking his Friend to a second Fit of Wrath; especially as he now began to entertain a Conceit, which may not, perhaps, create any great Wonder in the Reader. In short, he began now to suspect that Jones was absolutely out of his Senses.

At length, Fones being weary of Soliloquy, addressed himself to his Companion, and blamed him for his Taciturnity: For which the poor Man very honessly accounted, from his Fear of giving Offence. And now this Fear being pretty well removed, by the most absolute Promises of Indemnity, Partridge again took the Bridle from his Tongue; which, perhaps, rejoiced no less at regaining its Liberty, than a young Colt, when the Bridle is slipt from his Neck, and he is

turned loofe into the Pastures.

As Partridge was inhibited from that Topic which would have first suggested itself, he sell upon that which was next uppermost in his Mind, namely, the Man of the Hill. 'Certainly, Sir,' says he, 'that could never be a Man, who dresses himself, and lives after such a strange Manner,

- himself, and lives after such a strange Manner, and so unlike other Folks. Besides, his Diet,
- as the old Woman told me, is chiefly upon Herbs, which is a fitter Food for a Horse than
- a Christian: Nay, Landlord at Upton fays, that

the Neighbours thereabouts have very fearful Notions about him. It runs strangely in my Head, that it must have been some Spirit, who, perhaps, might be fent to forewarn us: 4 And who knows, but all that Matter which he told us, of his going to Fight, and of his being taken Prisoner, and of the great Danger he was in of being hanged, might be intended as a Warning to us, confidering what we are going about: Besides, I dreamt of nothing all last Night, but of Fighting; and methought the Blood ran out of my Nose, as Liquor out

of a Tap. Indeed, Sir, infandum, Regina, jubes s renovare Dolorem.

· Thy Story, Partridge,' answered Jones, 'is almost as ill applied as thy Latin. Nothing can be more likely to happen than Death to Men who go into Battle. Perhaps we shall both fall in it, -- and what then?' 'What then!' replied Partridge; 'Why then there is an End of us, is there not? When I am gone, all is over with me. What matters the Cause to me, or who gets the Victory, if I am killed? I shall never enjoy any Advantage from it. What are all the ringing of Bells, and Bonfires, to one that is fix Foot under Ground? There will be an End of poor Partridge.' And an End of poor Partridge,' cries Jones, 'there must be one Time or other. If you love Latin, I will repeat you some fine Lines out of Horace, which

would inspire Courage into a Coward.

Dulce & decorum est pro patria mori. Mors & fugacem persequitur virum Nec parcit imbellis juventæ Poplitibus, timidaque tergo. I wish you would confirue them, cries Partridge; for Horace is a hard Author, and I cannot understand as you repeat them.

'I will repeat you a bad Imitation, or rather Paraphrase of my own,' said Jones; 's for I

am but an indifferent Poet, ab anon a amol

- Who would not die in his dear Country's
- Since, if base Fear his dastard Step withdraws,

From Death he cannot fly:—One common Grave

6 Receives, at last, the Coward and the Brave.

That's very certain, cries Partridge. Ay, fure, Mors omnibus communis: But there is a great Difference between dying in one's Bed a great many Years hence, like a good Christian, with all our Friends crying about us, and being shot To-day or To-morrow, like a mad Dog; or, perhaps, hacked in twenty Pieces with a Sword, and that too before we have repented

of all our Sins. O Lord have Mercy upon us!
To be fure, the Soldiers are a wicked Kind of

People. I never loved to have any Thing to do with them. I could hardly bring myfelf

ever to look upon them as Christians. There is nothing but Curfing and Swearing among

them. I wish your Honour would repent: I heartily wish you would repent, before it is too

late; and not think of going among them.—

Evil Communication corrupts good Manners.
That is my principal Reason. For as for that
Matter, I am no more assaid than another

Man, not I; as to Matter of that. I know all Vol. III.

human Flesh must die; but yet a Man may c live many Years for all that. Why I am a middle-aged Man now, and yet I may live a great Number of Years. I have read of feveral who have lived to be above a hundred, and fome a great deal above a hundred. Not that I hope, I mean that I promise myself, to live to any fuch Age as that neither .- But if it be only to Eighty or Ninety: Heaven be praised, that is a great Ways off yet; and I am not afraid of dying then, no more than another Man: But, furely, to tempt Death before a Man's Time is come, feems to me downright Wickedness and Presumption. Besides, if it was to do any Good indeed; but let the Cause be what it will, what mighty Matter of Good can two People do? And, for my Part, I understand nothing of it. I never fired off a Gun 4 above ten Times in my Life; and then it was onot charged with Bullets. And for the Sword, I never learned to fence, and know nothing of the Matter. And then there are those Cannons, which certainly it must be thought the highest · Presumption to go in the Way of; and no-body but a Madman-I ask Pardon; upon my Soul, I meant no Harm: I beg I may not throw your

Honour into another Passion.'
Be under no Apprehension, Partridge,' cries Jones; I am now so well convinced of thy Cowardice, that thou couldst not provoke me on any Account.' Your Honour,' answered he, may call me Coward, or any thing else you please. If loving to sleep in a whole Skin makes a Man a Coward, non immunes ab illis malis sumus. I never read in my Grammar, that a Man can't be a good Man without fight-