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A Sentimental Journey Through France And Italy

Yorick, ...

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SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY

THROUGH

FRANCE AND ITALY.

BY

MR. YORICK.

VOL. II.

LONDON:

Printed for T. BECKET and P. A. DE HONDT, in the Strand. MDCCLXVIII.



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THE

FILLE DE CHAMBRE

PARIS.

HAT the old French officer had deliver'd upon travelling, bringing Polonius's advice to his fon upon the same subject into my head—and that bringing in Hamlet; and Hamlet, the rest of Shakespear's works, I stopp'd at the Quai de Conti in my return home, to purchase the whole set.

Vol. II. B The



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The bookfeller said he had not a fet in the world—Comment! said I; taking one up out of a set which lay upon the counter betwixt us.—He said, they were sent him only to be got bound, and were to be sent back to Versailles in the morning to the Count de B****

—And does the Count de B****
faid I, read Shakespear? C'est un
Esprit fort; replied the bookseller.—
He loves English books; and what
is more to his honour, Monsieur,
he love the English too. You speak
this so civilly, said I, that 'tis enough
to oblige an Englishman to lay out a
Louis d'or or two at your shop—the
bookseller made a bow, and was
going

going to fay fomething, when a young decent girl of about twenty, who by her air and drefs, feemed to be fille de chambre to fome devout woman of fashion, came into the shop and asked for Les Egamments du Cœur & de l'Esprit: the bookfeller gave her the book directly; she pulled out a little green sattin purse run round with a ribband of the same colour, and putting her singer and thumb into it, she took out the money, and paid for it. As I had nothing more to stay me in the shop, we both walked out at the door together.

And what have you to do, my dear, faid I, with The Wanderings of the Heart, who scarce know yet you have one? nor till love has B 2 first



first told you it, or some faithless shepherd has made it ache, can'st thou ever be sure it is so. — Le Dieu m'en guarde! said the girl. — With reason, said I — for is a good one, 'tis pity it should be stolen: 'tis a little treasure to thee, and gives a better air to your face, than if it was dress'd out with pearls.

The young girl liftened with a fubmiffive attention, holding her fattin purse by its ribband in her hand all the time—'Tis a very small one, said I, taking hold of the bottom of it—she held it towards me—and there is very little in it, my dear, said I; but be but as good as thou art hand-some, and heaven will fill it: I had a parcel

F 5]

parcel of crowns in my hand to pay for Shakespear; and as she had let go the purse intirely, I put a single one in; and tying up the ribband in a bow-knot, returned it to her.

The young girl made me more a humble courtefy than a low one—'twas one one of those quiet, thankful finkings where the spirit bows itself down—the body does no more than tell it. I never gave a girl a crown in my life which gave me half the pleasure.

My advice, my dear, would not have been worth a pin to you, faid I, if I had not given this along with it: but now, when you see the crown,

B 3 you'll





you'll remember it — so don't, my dear, lay it out in ribbands.

Upon my word, Sir, said the girl, earnestly, I am incapable—in saying which, as is usual in little bargains of honour, she gave me her hand—En verité, Monsieur, je mettrai cet argent apart, said she.

When a virtuous convention is made betwixt man and woman, it fanctifies their most private walks: fo notwithstanding it was dusky, yet as both our roads lay the same way, we made no scruple of walking along the Quai de Conti together.

She

[7]

She made me a fecond courtefy in fetting off, and before we got twenty yards from the door, as if she had not done enough before, she made a fort of a little stop to tell me again,—she thank'd me.

It was a small tribute, I told her, which I could not avoid paying to virtue, and would not be mistaken in the person I had been rendering it to for the world—but I see innocence, my dear, in your sace—and soul befal the man who ever lays a snare in its way!

The girl feem'd affected fome way or other with what I faid—she gave a low figh—I found I was not im-B 4 powered powered to enquire at all after it—so, faid nothing more till I got to the corner of the Rue de Nevers, where we were to part.

—But is this the way, my dear, faid I, to the hotel de Modene? she told me it was—or, that I might go by the Rue de Guineygaude, which was the next turn.—Then I'll go, my dear, by the Rue de Guineygaude, faid I, for two reasons; first I shall please myself, and next I shall give you the protection of my company as far on your way as I can. The girl was sensible I was civil—and said, she wish'd the hotel de Modene was in the Rue de St. Pierre——You live there? said I.—She told me she was fille de chambre to Madame.

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R****—Good God! faid I, 'tis the very lady for whom I have brought a letter from Amiens—The girl told me that Madame R****, fhe believed expected a stranger with a letter, and was impatient to see him—so I defired the girl to present my compliments to Madame R****, and say I would certainly wait upon her in the morning.

We flood still at the corner of the Rue de Nevers whilst this pass'd—We then stopp'd a moment whilst she disposed of her Egamments de Cœur, &cc. more commodiously than carrying them in her hand—they were two volumes; so I held the second for her whilst she put the first into her pocket; and then she

[10]

fhe held her pocket, and I put in the other after it.

'Tis fweet to feel by what fine-spun threads our affections are drawn together.

We fet off a-fresh, and as she took her third step, the girl put her hand within my arm—I was just bidding her—but she did it of herself with that undeliberating simplicity, which shew'd it was out of her head that she had never seen me before. For my own part, I felt the conviction of consanguinity so strongly, that I could not help turning half round to look in her face, and see if I could trace out any

[11]

any thing in it of a family likeness— Tut! faid I, are we not all relations?

When we arrived at the turning up of the Rue de Guineygaude, I stopp'd to bid her adieu for good an all: the girl would thank me again for my company and kindness—She bid me adieu twice—I repeated it as often; and so cordial was the parting between us, that had it happen'd any where else, I'm not sure but I should have signed it with a kiss of charity, as warm and holy as an apostle.

But in Paris, as none kiss each other but the men—I did, what amounted to the same thing—

-I bid God bless her.



[I2]

THE PASSPORT.

PARIS.

horel, La Fleur told me I had been enquired after by the Lieutenant de Police—The duce take it! faid I——I know the reason. It is time the reader should know it, for in the order of things in which it happened, it was omitted; not that it was out of my head; but that had I told it then, it might have been forgot now—and now is the time I want it.

I had left London with fo much precipitation, that it never enter'd my mind [13]

mind that we were at war with France; and had reach'd Dover, and look'd through my glass at the hills beyond Boulogne, before the idea presented itself; and with this in its train, that there was no getting there without a paffport. Go but to the end of a street, I have a mortal aversion for returning back no wifer than I fat out; and as this was one of the greateft efforts I had ever made for knowledge, I could less bear the thoughts of it: fo hearing the Count de **** had hired the packet, I begg'd he would take me in his fuite. The Count had fome little knowledge of me, fo made little or no difficultyonly faid, his inclination to ferve me could reach no further than Calais;



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as he was to return by way of Bruffels to Paris: however, when I had once pass'd there, I might get to Paris without interruption; but that in Paris I must make friends and shift for myself.—Let me get to Paris, Monsieur le Count, said I—and I shall do very well. So I embark'd, and never thought more of the matter.

When La Fleur told me the Lieutenant de Police had been enquiring after me—the thing inftantly recurred—and by the time La Fleur had well told me, the mafter of the hotel came into my room to tell me the fame thing, with this addition to it, that my paffport had been particu-

5 larly

[15]

larly ask'd after: the master of the hotel concluded with saying, He hoped I had one.—Not I, faith!

The master of the hotel retired three steps from me, as from an infected person, as I declared this—and poor La Fleur advanced three steps towards me, and with that fort of movement which a good soul makes to succour a distress'd one—the fellow won my heart by it; and from that single trait, I knew his character as persectly, and could rely upon it as firmly, as if he had served me with sidelity for seven years.

Mon

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Mon seignior! cried the master of the hotel-but recollecting himself as he made the exclamation, he in-Stantly changed the tone of it-If Monsieur, said he, has not a passport (apparament) in all likelihood he has friends in Paris who can procure him one .- Not that I know of, quoth I, with an air of indifference.-Then certes, replied he, you'll be fent to the Bastile or the Chatelet, au moins. Poo! faid I, the king of France is a good natured foul-he'll hurt no body .- Cela n'empeche pas, faid he-you will certainly be sent to the Bastile to-morrow morning.-But I've taken your lodgings for a month, answer'd I, and I'll not quit them a day before the time for all the kings of France in the world.

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world. La Fleur whisper'd in my ear, That no body could oppose the king of France.

Pardi! faid my host, ces Messieurs Anglois sont des gens trés extraordinaires—and having both said and sworn it—he went out.

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THE PASSPORT.

The Hotel at Paris.

To torture Là Fleur's with a serious look upon the subject of my embarrassiment, which was the reason I had treated it so cavalierly: and to shew him how light it lay upon my mind, I dropt the subject entirely; and whilst he waited upon me at supper, talk'd to him with more than usual gaiety about Paris, and of the opera comique.—Là Fleur had been there himself, and had sollowed me through the streets as far as the bookseller's shop; but seeing me come

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out with the young fille de chambre, and that we walk'd down the Quai de Conti together, Là Fleur deem'd it unneceffary to follow me a step further—so making his own reslections upon it, he took a shorter cut—and got to the hotel in time to be inform'd of the affair of the Police against my arrival.

As foon as the honest creature had taken away, and gone down to sup himself, I then began to think a little seriously about my situation.—

—And here, I know, Eugenius, thou wilt smile at the remembrance of a short dialogue which pass'd be-



[20]

twixt us the moment I was going to fet out—I must tell it here,

Eugenius, knowing that I was as little subject to be overburthen'd with money as thought, had drawn me aside to interrogate me how much I had taken care for; upon telling him the exact fum, Eugenius shook his head, and faid it would not do; fo pull'd out his purse in order to empty it into mine .- I've enough in conscience, Eugenius, said I .- Indeed, Yorick, you have not, replied Eugenius-I know France and Italy better than you. But you don't confider, Eugenius, faid I, refusing his offer, that before I have been three days in Paris, I shall take care

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to fay or do fomething or other for which I shall get clapp'd up into the Bastile, and that I shall live there a couple of months entirely at the king of France's expence.—I beg pardon, said Eugenius, drily: really, I had forgot that resource.

Now the event I treated gaily came feriously to my door.

Is it folly, or nonchalance, or philosophy, or pertinacity—or what is it in me, that, after all, when La Fleur had gone down ftairs, and I was quite alone, that I could not bring down my mind to think of it otherwise than I had then spoken of it to Eugenius?

C 3 —And



[22]

- And as for the Bastile! the terror is in the word-Make the most of it you can, faid I to myself, the Bastile is but another word for a tower - and a tower is but another word for a house you can't get out of -Mercy on the gouty! for they are in it twice a year-but with nine livres a day, and pen and ink and paper and patience, albeit a man can't get out, he may do very well within -at least for a month or fix weeks; at the end of which, if he is a harmless fellow his innocence appears, and he comes out a better and wifer man than he went in.

I had some occasion (I forget what)
to step into the court-yard, as I settled
this

this account; and remember I walk'd down stairs in no fmall triumph with the conceit of my reasoning - Beshrew the sombre pencil! faid I vauntingly-for I envy not its powers, which paints the evils of life with fo hard and deadly a colouring. mind fits terrified at the objects she has magnified herfelf, and blackened: reduce them to their proper fize and hue she overlooks them -'Tis true, faid I, correcting the proposition the Bastile is not an evil to be despised-but strip it of its towers-fill up the fossè-unbarricade the doorscall it fimply a confinement, and fuppose 'tis some tyrant of a diftemperand not of a man which holds you in



it—the evil vanishes, and you bear the other half without complaint.

I was interrupted in the hey-day of this foliloquy, with a voice which I took to be of a child, which complained "it could not get out."—I look'd up and down the passage, and seeing neither man, woman, or child, I went out without further, attention.

In my return back through the passage, I heard the same words repeated twice over; and looking up, I saw it was a starling hung in a little cage.—" I can't get out—I can't get out," said the starling.

I stood

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I stood looking at the bird: and to every person who came through the passage it ran fluttering to the side towards which they approach'd it, with the same lamentation of its captivity— "I can't get out", said the starling— God help thee! said I, but I'll let thee out, cost what it will; so I turn'd about the cage to get to the door; it was twisted and double twisted so fast with wire, there was no getting it open without pulling the cage to pieces— I took both hands to it.

The bird flew to the place where I was attempting his deliverance, and thrusting his head through the trellis, press'd his breast against it, as if impatient—I fear, poor creature! faid I,

5 I cannot

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I cannot fet thee at liberty—" No," faid the starling—" I can't get out "—I can't get out," faid the starling.

I vow, I never had my affections more tenderly awakened; or do I remember an incident in my life, where the diffipated spirits, to which my reason had been a bubble, were so suddenly call'd home. Mechanical as the notes were, yet so true in tune to nature were they chanted, that in one moment they overthrew all my systematic reasonings upon the Bastile; and I heavily walk'd up stairs, unsaying every word I had said in going down them.

Difguise

[27]

Difguise thyself as thou wilt, still flavery! faid I-fill thou art a bitter draught; and though thousands in all ages have been made to drink of thee, thou art no less bitter on that account .- 'tis thou, thrice fweet and gracious goddess, addressing myfelf to LIBERTY, whom all in public or in private worship, whose taste is grateful, and ever wilt be fo, till NATURE herself shall change-no tint of words can spot thy snowy mantle, or chymic power turn thy fceptre into iron-with thee to fmile upon him as he eats his cruft, the fwain is happier than his monarch, from whose court thou art exiled-Gracious heaven! cried I, kneeling down upon the last step but one in my ascentgrant

grant me but health, thou great Beflower of it, and give me but this
fair goddess as my companion—
and shower down thy mitres, if it
feems good unto thy divine providence, upon those heads which are
aching for them,

THE



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THE CAPTIVE.

PARIS.

HE bird in his cage pursued me into my room; I sat down close to my table, and leaning my head upon my hand, I begun to figure to myself the miseries of confinement. I was in a right frame for it, and so I gave full scope to my imagination.

I was going to begin with the millions of my fellow creatures born to no inheritance but flavery; but finding, however affecting the picture was, that I could not bring it near



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near me, and that the multitude of of fad groups in it did but distract me. —

—I took a fingle captive, and having first shut him up in his dungeon, I then look'd through the twilight of his grated door to take his picture.

I beheld his body half wasted away with long expectation and confinement, and felt what kind of sickness of the heart it was which arises from hope deferr'd. Upon looking nearer I saw him pale and severish: in thirty years the western breeze had not once fann'd his blood—he had seen no sun, no moon in all that time—nor had the voice

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voice of friend or kinfman breathed through his lattice—his children—

—But here my heart began to bleed —and I was forced to go on with another part of the portrait.

He was fitting upon the ground upon a little straw, in the furthest corner of his dungeon, which was alternately his chair and bed: a little calender of small sticks were laid at the head notch'd all over with the dismaldays and nights he had pass'd there—he had one of these little sticks in his hand, and with a rusty nail he was etching another day of misery to add to the heap. As I darkened the little light he had, he lifted up a hopeless

eye towards the door, then cast it down—shook his head, and went on with his work of affliction. I heard his chains upon his legs, as he turn'd his body to lay his little stick upon the bundle—He gave a deep sigh—I saw the iron enter into his soul—I burst into tears—I could not sustain the picture of consinement which my fancy had drawn—I startled up from my chair, and calling La Fleur, I bid him bespeak me a remise, and have it ready at the door of the hotel by nine in the morning.

—I'll go directly, faid I, myfelf to Monsieur Le Duke de Choiseul.

with a qui bould ad to a ad ad La

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La Fleur would have put me to bed; but not willing he should see any thing upon my cheek, which would cost the honest sellow a heart ache—I told him I would go to bed by himself—and bid him go do the same.

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Santagodial appearant in and started

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THE STARLING.

ROAD TO VERSAILLES.

I GOT into my remise the hour I proposed: La Fleur got up behind, and I bid the coachman make the best of his way to Verfailles.

As there was nothing in this road, or rather nothing which I look for in travelling, I cannot fill up the blank better than with a short history of this felf-same bird, which became the subject of the last chapter.

Whilst

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Whilft the Honourable Mr. ****
was waiting for a wind at Dover
it had been caught upon the cliffs before it could well fly, by an English
lad who was his groom; who not
caring to destroy it, had taken it in
his breast into the packet—and by
course of feeding it, and taking it
once under his protection, in a day
or two grew fond of it, and got it
safe along with him to Paris.

At Paris the lad had laid out a livre in a little cage for the starling, and as he had little to do better the five months his master stay'd there, he taught it in his mother's tongue the four simple words—(and no more)—

2 2 disput hom D 2 ad or all the

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to which I own'd myfelf fo much it's debtor.

Upon his master's going on for Italy—the lad had given it to the master of the hotel—But his little fong for liberty, being in an unknown language at Paris—the bird had little or no store set by him—so La Fleur bought both him and his cage for me for a bottle of Burgundy.

In my return from Italy I brought him with me to the country in whose language he had learn'd his notes—and telling the story of him to Lord A—Lord A begg'd the bird of me—in a week Lord A gave him to Lord B—Lord B made a present of him to Lord C—and Lord's C's gentle.

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gentleman fold him to Lord D's for a shilling—Lord D gave him to Lord E—and so on—half round the alphabet—From that rank he pass'd into the lower house, and pass'd the hands of as many commoners—But as all these wanted to get in—and my bird wanted to get out—he had almost as little store set by him in London as in Paris.

It is impossible but many of my readers must have heard of him; and if any by mere chance have ever seen him—I beg leave to inform them, that that bird was my bird—or some vile copy set up to represent him.

I have nothing further to add upon him, but that from that time to this,

D 3 I have



I have borne this poor starling as the crest to my arms.—Thus:



And let the heralds officers twift his neck about if they dare.

THE

THE ADDRESS.

VERSAILLES.

I SHOULD not like to have my enemy take a view of my mind, when I am going to ask protection of any man: for which reason I generally endeavour to protect myself; but this going to Monsieur Le Duc de C**** was an act of compulsion—had it been an act of choice, I should have done it, I suppose, like other people.

How many mean plans of dirty address, as I went along, did my D 4 fervile



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fervile heart form! I deserved the Bastile for every one of them.

Then nothing would ferve me, when I got within fight of Verfailles, but putting words and fentences together, and conceiving attitudes and tones to wreath myself into Monsieur LeDuc de C***** s good graces-This will do - faid I - Just as well, retorted I again, as a coat carried up to him by an adventurous teylor, without taking his measure-Fool! continued I-fee Monfieur Le Duc's face first-observe what character is written in it; take notice in what posture he stands to hear you mark the turns and expressions of his

T417.

his body and limbs—And for the tone—the first sound which comes from his lips will give it you; and from all these together you'll compound an address at once upon the spot, which cannot disgust the Duke—the ingredients are his own, and most likely to go down.

Well! faid I, I wish it well over—
Coward again! as if man to man was
not equal, throughout the whole furface of the globe; and if in the field
—why not face to face in the cabinet
too? And trust me, Yorick, whenever it is not so, man is false to himfels; and betrays his own succours
ten times, where nature does it once.

Gognad

[42]

Go to the Duc de C * * * * with the Bastile in thy looks—My life for it, thou wilt be sent back to Paris in half an hour, with an escort.

I believe so, said I—Then I'll go to the Duke, by heaven! with all the gaity and debonairness in the world.—

—And there you are wrong again, replied I—A heart at ease, Yorick, slies into no extremes—'tis ever on its center.—Well! well! cried I, as the coachman turn'd in at the gates—I find I shall do very well: and by the time he had wheel'd round the court, and brought me up to the door, I found myself so much the better for my own lecture, that I neither

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neither ascended the steps like a victim to justice, who was to part with life upon the topmost,—nor did I mount them with a skip and a couple of strides, as I do when I sty up, Eliza! to thee, to meet it.

As I enter'd the door of the saloon, I was met by a person who possibly might be the maitre d'hotel, but had more the air of one of the under secretaries, who told me the Duc de C**** was busy—I am utterly ignorant, said I, of the forms of obtaining an audience, being an absolute stranger, and what is worse in the present conjuncture of affairs, being an Englishman too.—He replied, that did not increase the difficulty.—I made

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him a flight bow, and told him, I had fomething of importance to fay to Monsieur Le Duc. The secretary look'd towards the stairs, as if he was about to leave me to carry up this account to fome one-But I must not mislead you, said I-for what I have to fay is of no manner of importance to Monsieur Le Duc de C**** -- but of great importance to myself .- C'est une autre affaire, replied he --- Not at all, faid I, to a man of gallantry.-But pray, good fir, continued I, when can a stranger hope to have accesse? In not less than two hours, faid he, looking at his watch. The number of equipages in the court-yard feem'd to justify the calculation, that I could have

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have no nearer a prospect—and as walking backwards and forwards in the saloon, without a soul to commune with, was for the time as bad as being in the Bastile itself, I instantly went back to my remise, and bid the coachman drive me to the cordon bleus, which was the nearest hotel.

I think there is a fatality in it—I feldom go to the place I fet out for.

le and the design of the Elevent LE

LE PATISSIER. VERSAILLES.

BEFORE I had got half-way down the street, I changed my mind: as I am at Versailles, thought I, I might as well take a view of the town; so I pull'd the cord, and ordered the coachman to drive round some of the principal streets—I suppose the town is not very large, said I.—The coachmen begg'd pardon for setting me right, and told me it was very superb, and that numbers of the first dukes and marquises and counts had hotels—The Count de B****, of whom

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whom the bookfeller at the Quai de Conti had spoke so handsomely the night before, came instantly into my mind .- And why should I not go, thought I, to the Count de B **** who has so high an idea of English books, and Englishmen - and tell him my ftory? fo I changed my mind a fecond time-In truth it was the third; for I had intended that day for Madame de R**** in the Rue St. Pierre, and had devoutly fent her word by her fille de chambre that I would affuredly wait upon her-but I am govern'd by circumstances-I cannot govern them: fo feeing a man flanding with a basket on the other fide of the street, as if he had something to fell, I bid La Fleur go up

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to him and enquire for the Count's hotel.

La Fleur return'd a little pale; and told me it was a Chevalier de St. Louis felling patès—It is impossible, La Fleur! said I.—La Fleur could no more account for the phenomenon than myself; but persisted in his story: he had seen the croix set in gold, with its red ribband, he said, tied to his button-hole—and had look'd into the basket and seen the patès which the Chevalier was selling; so could not be mistaken in that.

Such a reverse in man's life awakens a better principle than curiofity: I could not help looking for some time [49]

at him as I fat in the remise—the more I look'd at him—his croix and his basket, the stronger they wove themselves into my brain—I got out of the remise and went towards him.

He was begirt with a clean linen apron which fell below his knees, and with a fort of a bib went half way up his breaft; upon the top of this, but a little below the hem, hung his croix. His basket of little pates was cover'd over with a white damask napkin; another of the same kind was spread at the bottom; and there was a look of propreté and neatness throughout; that one might have bought his pates of him, as much from appetite as sentiment.

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He made an offer of them to neither; but stood still with them at the corner of a hotel, for those to buy who chose it, without solicitation.

He was about forty-eight—of a fedate look, fomething approaching to gravity. I did not wonder.—I went up rather to the basket than him, and having lifted up the napkin and taken one of his patès into my hand—I begg'd he would explain the appearance which affected me.

He told me in a few words, that the best part of his life had pass'd in the service, in which, after spending a small patrimony, he had obtain'd a company and the croix with it; but that at the conclusion of the last peace, his regiment being reformed, and the whole corps, with those of some other regiments, lest without any provision—he found himself in a wide world without friends, without a livre—and indeed, said he, without any thing but this—(pointing, as he said it, to his croix)—The poor chevalier won my pity, and he sinish'd the scene, with winning my esteem too.

The king, he faid, was the most generous of princes, but his generosity could neither relieve or reward every one, and it was only his mission fortune to be amongst the number. He had a little wife, he faid, whom

E 2 he

[52]

he loved, who did the patisferie; and added, he felt no dishonour in defending her and himself from want in this way—unless Providence had offer'd him a better.

It would be wicked to with-hold a pleasure from the good, in passing over what happen'd to this poor Chevalier of St. Louis about nine months after.

It feems he usually took his stand near the iron gates which lead up to the palace, and as his croix had eaught the eye of numbers, numbers had made the same enquiry which I had done—He had told them the same story, and always with

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fo much modesty and good sense, that it had reach'd at last the king's ears—who hearing the Chevalier had been a gallant officer, and respected by the whole regiment as a man of honour and integrity—he broke up his little trade by a pension of fisteen hundred livres a year.

As I have told this to please the reader, I beg he will allow me to relate another out of its order, to please myself—the two stories resect light upon each other,—and 'tis a pity they should be parted.

E

THE



THE SWORD. RENNES.

their periods of declension, and feel in their turns what distress and poverty is—I stop not to tell the causes which gradually brought the house d'E**** in Britany into decay. The Marquis d'E**** had sought up against his condition with great sirmness; wishing to preferve, and still shew to the world some little fragments of what his ancestors had been—their indiscretions had put it out of his power. There

2

was.

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was enough left for the little exigencies of obscurity—But he had two boys who look'd up to him for light—he thought they deserved it. He had tried his sword—it could not open the way—the mounting was too expensive—and simple economy was not a match for it—there was no refource but commerce.

In any other province in France, fave Britany, this was smiting the root for ever of the little tree his pride and affection wish'd to see re-blossom—But in Britany, there being a provision for this, he avail'd himself of it; and taking an occasion when the states were assembled at Rennes,

E 4 the

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the Marquis, attended with his two boys, enter'd the court; and having pleaded the right of an ancient law of the duchy, which, though feldom claim'd, he faid, was no less in force; he took his sword from his side—Here—faid he—take it; and be trusty guardians of it, till better times put me in condition to reclaim it.

The prefident accepted the Marquis's fword—he ftay'd a few minutes to fee it deposited in the archives of his house—and departed.

The Marquis and his whole family embarked the next day for Martinico, and in about nineteen or twenty years of fuccessful application to bufiness, [57]

finess, with some unlook'd for bequests from distant branches of his house—return'd home to reclaim his nobility and to support it.

It was an incident of good fortune which will never happen to any traveller, but a fentimental one, that I should be at Rennes at the very time of this solemn requisition: I call it solemn—it was so to me.

The Marquis enter'd the court with his whole family: he supported his lady—his eldest son supported his sister, and his youngest was at the other extreme of the line next his mother.
—he put his handkerchief to his face twice—

-There



-There was a dead filence. When the Marquis had approach'd within fix paces of the tribunal, he gave the Marchioness to his youngest son, and advancing three steps before his family-he reclaim'd his fword. His fword was given him, and the moment he got it into his hand he drew it almost out of the scabbard-'twas the thining face of a friend he had once given up-he look'd attentively along it, beginning at the hilt, as if to fee whether it was the fame-when obferving a little rust which it had contracted near the point, he brought it near his eye, and bending his head down over it-I think I faw a tear fall upon the place: I could not be deceived by what followed.

" I shall

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"I shall find, said he, some other "way, to get it off."

When the Marquis had faid this, he return'd his fword into its scabbard, made a bow to the guardians of it—and, with his wife and daughter and his two sons following him, walk'd out.

O how I envied him his feelings!

THE

THE PASSPORT.

VERSAILLES.

FOUND no difficulty in getting admittance to Monsieur Le Count de B ** ** The set of Shakefpears was laid upon the table, and he was tumbling them over. I walk'd up close to the table, and giving first such a look at the books as to make him conceive I knew what they were-I told him I had come without any one to prefent me, knowing I should meet with a friend in his apartment who, I trusted, would do it for me-it is my countryman

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the great Shakespear, said I, pointing to his works—et ayez la bonte, mon cher ami, apostrophizing his spirit, added I, de me faire cet honneur la.—

The Count smil'd at the singularity of the introduction; and seeing I look'd a little pale and sickly, insisted upon my taking an arm-chair: so I sat down; and to save him conjectures upon a visit so out of all rule, I told him simply of the incident in the bookseller's shop, and how that had impell'd me rather to go to him with the story of a little embarrassment I was under, than to any other man in France—And what

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is your embarrassment? let me hear it, faid the Count. So I told him the story just as I have told it the reader—

—And the master of my hotel, said I, as I concluded it, will needs have it, Monsieur le Count, that I shall be sent to the Bastile—but I have no apprehensions, continued I—for in falling into the hands of the most polish'd people in the world, and being conscious I was a true man, and not come to spy the nakedness of the land, I scarce thought I laid at their mercy.—It does not suit the gallantry of the French, Monsieur le Count, said I, to shew it against invalids.

An

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An animated blush came into the Count de B****'s cheeks, as I spoke this — Ne craignez rien—Don't fear, said he—Indeed I don't, replied I again—besides, continued I a little sportingly—I have come laughing all the way from London to Paris, and I do not think Monsieur le Duc de Choiseul is such an enemy to mirth, as to send me back crying for my pains.

My application to you, Monfieur le Compte de B**** (making him a low bow) is to defire he will not.

The Count heard me with great good nature, or I had not faid half

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as much—and once or twice faid— C'est bien dit. So I rested my cause there — and determined to say no more about it.

The Count led the discourse: we talk'd of indifferent things;—of books and politicks, and men—and then of women—God bless them all! said I, after much discourse about them—there is not a man upon earth who loves them so much as I do: after all the soibles I have seen, and all the satires I have read against them, still I love them; being firmly persuaded that a man who has not a fort of an affection for the whole sex, is incapable of ever loving a single one as he ought.

Heb



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Heb bien! Monsieur l'Anglois, said the Count, gaily — You are not come to spy the nakedness of the land — I believe you — ni encore, I dare say, that of our women—But permit me to conjecture — if, par bazard, they sell in your way—that the prospect would not affect you.

I have fomething within me which cannot bear the shock of the least indecent infinuation: in the sportability of chit-chat I have often endeavoured to conquer it, and with infinite pain have hazarded a thousand things to a dozen of the sex together—the least of which I could not venture to a single one, to gain heaven.

Vol. II. F Excuse

F 66 T

Excuse me, Monsieur Le Count, faid I-as for the nakedness of your land, if I faw it, I should cast my eyes over it with tears in them-and for that of your women (blushing at the idea he had excited in me) I am fo evangelical in this, and have fuch a fellow-feeling for what ever is weak about them, that I would cover it with a garment, if I knew how to throw it on-But I could wish, continued I, to spy the nakedness of their hearts, and through the different difguifes of cuftoms, climates, and religion, find out what is good in them, to fashion my own by-and therefore am I come.

It

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It is for this reason, Monsieur le Com te, continued I, that I have not seen the Palais royal—nor the Luxembourg — nor the Façade of the Louvre—nor have attempted to swell the catalogues we have of pictures, statues, and churches—I conceive every fair being as a temple, and would rather enter in, and see the original drawings and loose sketches hung up in it, than the transfiguration of Raphael itself.

The thirst of this, continued I, as impatient as that which inflames the breast of the connoisseur, has led me from my own home into France—and from France will lead me through Italy—'tis a quiet journey F 2 of

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of the heart in pursuit of NATURE, and those affections which rise out of her, which make us love each other—and the world, better than we do.

The Count said a great many civil things to me upon the occasion; and added very politely how much he stood obliged to Shakespear for making me known to him—but, a-propos, said he—Shakespear is full of great things—He forgot a small punctillio of announcing your name—it puts you under a necessity of doing it yourself.

THE



[69]

THE PASSPORT.

VERSAILLES.

THERE is not a more perplexing affair in life to me, than to fet about telling any one who I am—for there is fcarce any body I cannot give a better account of than of myfelf; and I have often wish'd I could do it in a single word—and have an end of it. It was the only time and occasion in my life, I could accomplish this to any purpose—for Shakespear lying upon the table, and recollecting I was in his books, I took up Hamlet, and turning immediately to the grave-diggers scene in the

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YORICK, and advancing the book to the Count, with my finger all the way over the name — Me, Voici ! faid I.

Now whether the idea of poor Yorick's skull was put out of the Count's mind, by the reality of my own, or by what magic he could drop a period of seven or eight hundred years, makes nothing in this account—'tis certain the French conceive better than they combine—I wonder at nothing in this world, and the less at this; inasmuch as one of the first of our own church, for whose candour and paternal sentiments I have the highest veneration, fell into

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into the fame mistake in the very same case,-" He could not bear, he faid, to look into fermons wrote by the king of Denmark's jefter." -Good, my lord! faid I-but there are two Yorick's. The Yorick your lordship thinks of, has been dead and buried eight hundred years ago; he flourish'din Horwendillus's courtthe other Yorick is myself, who have flourish'd my lord in no court-He shook his head-Good God! faid I, you might as well confound Alexander the Great, with Alexander the Copper-fmith, my lord-'Twas all one, he replied-

—If Alexander king of Macedon could have translated your lordship,



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faid I — I'm fure your Lordship would not have said so.

The poor Count de B**** fell but into the fame error—

— Et, Monsteur, est il Yorick? cried the Count.—Je le suis, said I.
—-Vous?—Moi—moi qui ai l'honneur de vous parler, Monsteur le Com te—Mon Dieu! said he, embracing me—
Vous etes Yorick.

The Count instantly put the Shakespear into his pocket—and left me alone in his room.

THE



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THE PASSPORT.

VERSAILLES.

COULD not conceive why the Count de B**** had gone fo abruptly out of the room, any more than I could conceive why he had put the Shakespear into his pocket—Mysteries which must explain themselves, are not worth the loss of time, which a conjecture about them takes up: 'twas better to read Shakespear; fo taking up, "Much Ado about Nothing," I transported myself instantly from the chair I sat in to Messina in Sicily, and got so busy with Don Pedro and Benedick



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nedick and Beatrice, that I thought not of Verfailles, the Count, or the Passport.

Sweet pliability of man's spirit, that can at once furrender itself to illusions, which cheat expectation and forrow of their weary moments !--long-long fince had ye number'd out my days, had I not trod fo great a part of them upon this enchanted ground: when my way is too rough for my feet, or too steep for my ftrength, I get off it, to some smooth velvet path which fancy has fcattered over with rofe-buds of delights; and having taken a few turns in it, come back strengthen'd and refresh'd-When evils prefs fore upon me, and there .

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world, then I take a new course—I leave it—and as I have a clearer idea of the elysian fields than I have of heaven, I force myself, like Eneas, into them —I see him meet the pensive shade of his forsaken Dido—and wish to recognize it—I see the injured spirit wave her head, and turn off silent from the author of her miseries and dishonours—I lose the feelings for myself in hers—and in those affections which were wont to make me mourn for her when I was at school.

Surely this is not walking in a vain fhadow—nor does man disquiet himself in vain, by it—he oftener does so in trusting



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trusting the issue of his commotions to reason only.—I can safely say for myself, I was never able to conquer any one single bad sensation in my heart so decisively, as by beating up as fast as I could for some kindly and gentle sensation, to sight it upon its own ground.

When I had got to the end of the third act, the Count de B **** entered with my Passport in his hand. Mons. le Duc de C ****, said the Count, is as good a prophet, I dare say, as he is a statesman—Un homme qui rit, said the duke, ne sera jamais dangereux.—Had it been for any one but the king's jester, added the Count, I could

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could not have got it these two hours. — Pardonnez moi, Mons. Le Compte, said I—I am not the king's jester. —But you are Yorick? —Yes. — Et vous plaisantez? —I answered, Indeed I did jest—but was not paid for it—'twas entirely at my own expence.

We have no jefter at court, Monf. Le Compte, faid I, the last we had was in the licentious reign of Charles the IId—fince which time our manners have been so gradually refining, that our court at present is so full of patriots, who wish for nothing but the honours and wealth of their country—and our ladies are all so chaste, so spoot, so good, so devout

-there



—there is nothing for a jefter to make a jeft of—

Voila un persissage! cried the Count.

THE

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THE PASSPORT.

VERSAILLES.

As the Passport was directed to all lieutenant governors, governors, and commandants of cities, generals of armies, justiciaries, and all officers of justice, to let Mr. Yorick, the king's jester, and his baggage, travel quietly along—I own the triumph of obtaining the Passport was not a little tarnish'd by the figure I cut in it—But there is nothing unmixt in this world; and some of the gravest of our divines have carried it so far as to affirm, that enjoyment it-

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felf was attended even with a figh—and that the greatest they know of, terminated in a general way, in little better than a convulsion.

I remember the grave and learned Bevoriskius, in his commentary upon the generations from Adam, very naturally breaks off in the middle of a note to give an account to the world of a couple of sparrows upon the out-edge of his window, which had incommoded him all the time he wrote, and at last had entirely taken him off from his genealogy.

-'Tis strange! writes Bevoriskius; but the facts are certain, for I have had [81]

had the curiofity to mark them down one by one with my pen—but the cock-sparrow during the little time that I could have finished the other half this note, has actually interrupted me with the reiteration of his caresses three and twenty times and a half.

How merciful, adds Bevorifkius, is heaven to his creatures!

Ill fated Yorick! that the gravest of thy brethren should be able to write that to the world, which stains thy face with crimson, to copy in even thy study.

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But this is nothing to my travels
—So I twice—twice beg pardon
for it.

CHA

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CHARACTER.

VERSAILLES.

ND how do you find the French? faid the Count de B****, after he had given me the Passport.

The reader may suppose that after so obliging a proof of courtesy, I could not be at a loss to say something handsome to the enquiry.

—Mais passe, pour cela—Speak frankly, said he; do you find all the urbanity in the French which the G 2 world world give us the honour of?—I had found every thing, I faid, which confirmed it—Vraiment, faid the count.
—Les François sont polis—To an excess, replied I.

The count took notice of the word excesse; and would have it I meant more than I said. I defended myself a long time as well as I could against it—he insisted I had a reserve, and that I would speak my opinion frankly.

I believe, Monf. Le Compte, faid I, that man has a certain compass, as well as an instrument; and that the social and other calls have occasion by turns for every key in him; so that

that if you begin a note too high or too low, there must be a want either in the upper or under part, to fill up the system of harmony. -The Count de B ** * * did not understand music, so desired me to explain it some other way. A polish'd nation, my dear Count, faid I, makes every one its debtor; and besides urbanity itself, like the fair fex, has fo many charms; it goes against the the heart to fay it can do ill; and yet, I believe, there is but a certain line of perfection, that man, take him altogether, is empower'd to arrive at -if he gets beyond, he rather exchanges qualities, than gets them. I must not presume to say, how far this has affected the French in the fub-

G 3 ject

ject we are speaking of — but should it ever be the case of the English, in the progress of their resentments, to arrive at the same polish which distinguishes the French, if we did not lose the politese de caur, which inclines men more to human actions, than courteous ones—we should at least lose that distinct variety and originality of character, which distinguishes them, not only from each other, but from all the world besides.

I had a few king William's shillings as smooth as glass in my pocket; and foreseeing they would be of use in the illustration of my hypothesis,

I had

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I had got them into my hand, when I had proceeded fo far—

See, Mons. Le Compte, said I, rising up, and laying them before him upon the table—by jingling and ribbing one against another for seventy years together in one body's pocket or another's, they are become so much alike, you can scarce distinguish one shilling from another.

The English, like antient medals, kept more apart, and passing but few peoples hands, preserve the first sharpnesses which the fine hand of nature has given them—they are not so pleasant to feel—but in return, G 4

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the legend is so visible, that at the first look you see whose image and superscription they bear.—But the French, Mons. Le Compte, added I, wishing to soften what I had said, have so many excellencies, they can the better spare this—they are a loyal, a gallant, a generous, an ingenious, and good temper'd people as is under heaven—if they have a fault—they are too serious.

Mon Dieu! cried the Count, rifing out of his chair.

Mais vous plaisantez, said he, correcting his exclamation.—I laid my brand upon my breast, and with earnest [89]

nest gravity affured him, it was my most settled opinion.

The Count said he was mortified, he could not stay to hear my reafons, being engaged to go that moment to dine with the Duc de C****

But if it is not too far to come to Verfailles to eat your foup with me, I beg, before you leave France, I may have the pleafure of knowing you retract your opinion—or, in what manner you support it.—But if you do support it, Mons. L'Anglois, said he, you must do it with all your powers, because you have the whole world



world against you.—I promised the Count I would do myself the honour of dining with him before I set out for Italy—so took my leave.

THE

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THE TEMPTATION.

PARIS.

the porter told me a young woman with a band-box had been that moment enquiring for me.—I do not know, faid the porter, whether she is gone away or no. I took the key of my chamber of him, and went up stairs; and when I had got within ten steps of the top of the landing before my door, I met her coming easily down.

It was the fair fille de chambre I had walked along the Quai de Conti with:



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with: Madame de R **** had fent her upon some commissions to a marchande de modes within a step or two of the hotel de Modene; and as I had fail'd in waiting upon her, had bid her enquire if I had lest Paris; and if so, whether I had not lest a letter address'd to her.

As the fair fille de chambre was fo near my door she turned back, and went into the room with me for a moment or two whilst I wrote a card.

It was a fine still evening in the latter end of the month of May—the crimson window curtains (which were of the same colour of those of the

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the bed) were drawn close—the sun was setting and reslected through them so warm a tint into the fair fille de chambre's sace—I thought she blush'd—the idea of it made me blush myself—we were quite alone; and that super-induced a second blush before the first could get off.

There is a fort of a pleasing half guilty blush, where the blood is more in fault than the man—'tis sent impetuous from the heart, and virtue slies after it—not to call it back, but to make the sensation of it more delicious to the nerves—'tis associated.—

But



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But I'll not describe it.—I felt something at first within me which was not in strict unison with the lesson of virtue I had given her the night before—I sought sive minutes for a card—I knew I had not one.—I took up a pen—I laid it down again—my hand trembled—the devil was in me.

I know as well as any one, he is an adverfary, whom if we relift, he will fly from us—but I feldom relift him at all; from a terror, that though I may conquer, I may still get a hurt in the combat—fo I give up the triumph, for security; and instead of thinking to make him sly, I generally sly myself.

The

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The fair fille de chambre came close up to the bureau where I was looking for a card—took up first the pen I cast down, then offered to hold me the ink: she offer'd it so sweetly, I was going to accept it—but I durst not—I have nothing, my dear, said I, to write upon.—Write it, said she, simply, upon any thing.—

I was just going to cry out, Then I will write it, fair girl! upon thy lips.—

If I do, faid I, I shall perish—
fo I took her by the hand, and led
her to the door, and begg'd she would
not forget the lesson I had given her
—She faid, Indeed she would not—
and

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and as she utter'd it with some earnessness, she turned about, and gave me both her hands, closed together, into mine—it was impossible not to compress them in that situation—I wish'd to let them go; and all the time I held them, I kept arguing within myself against it—and still I held them on.—In two minutes I found I had all the battle to sight over again—and I felt my legs and every limb about me tremble at the idea.

The foot of the bed was within a yard and a half of the place where we were standing—I had still hold of her hands—and how it happened I can give no account, but I neither ask'd

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ask'd her-nor drew her-nor did I think of the bed-but fo it did happen, we both fat down.

I'll just shew you, said the fair fille de chambre, the little purse I have been making to-day to hold your crown. So the put her hand into her right pocket, which was next me, and felt for it for fometime-then into into the left-" She had loft it."-I never bore expectation more quietly -it was in her right pocket at lastfhe pulled it out; it was of green taffeta, lined with a little bit of white quilted fattin, and just big enough to hold the crown-she put it into my hand - it was pretty; and I held it ten minutes with the back of my hand Vol. II. H resting

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refting upon her lap—looking fometimes at the purfe, fometimes on one fide of it.

A stitch or two had broke out in the gathers of my stock—the fair fille de chambre, without saying a word, took out her little hussive, threaded a small needle, and sew'd it up—I foresaw it would hazard the glory of the day; and as she passed her hand in silence across and across my neck in the manœuvre, I felt the laurels shake which fancy had wreath'd about my head.

A strap had given way in her walk, and the buckle of her shoe was just falling off—See, said the fille de chambre,

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chambre, holding up her foot—I could not for my foul but fasten the buckle in return, and putting in the strap—and lifting up the other foot with it, when I had done, to see both were right—in doing it too suddenly—it unavoidably threw the fair fille de chambre off her center—and then—

H₂ THE

Toring grow greaters;

and took stilled to revisit

[100]

THE CONQUEST.

YES—and then—Ye whose clay-cold heads and luke-warm hearts can argue down or mask your passions—tell me, what trespass is it that man should have them? or how his spirit stands answerable, to the father of spirits, but for his conduct under them?

If nature has fo wove her web of kindness, that some threads of love and desire are entangled with the piece—must the whole web be rent in drawing them out?—Whip me such stoics, great governor of nature!

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faid I to myself—Wherever thy providence shall place me for the trials of my virtue—whatever is my danger—whatever is my situation—let me feel the movements which rise out of it, and which belong to me as a man—and if I govern them as a good one—I will trust the issues to thy justice, for thou hast made us—and not we ourselves.

As I finish'd my address, I raised the fair fille de chambre up by the hand, and led her out of the room—she stood by me till I lock'd the door and put the key in my pocket—and then—the victory being quite decisive—and not till then, I

H 3 press'd

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press'd my lips to her cheek, and, taking her by the hand again, led her safe to the gate of the hotel.

nace a en todios

THE

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THE MYSTERY.

PARIS.

IF a man knows the heart, he will know it was impossible to go back instantly to my chamber—it was touching a cold key with a flat third to it, upon the close of a piece of musick, which had call'd forth my affections—therefore, when I let go the hand of the fille de chambre, I remain'd at the gate of the hotel for some time, looking at every one who pass'd by, and forming conjectures upon them, till my attention got fix'd H 4 upon

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upon a fingle object which confounded all kind of reasoning upon him.

It was a tall figure of a philosophic ferious, adust look, which pass'd and repass'd sedately along the ffreet, making a turn of about fixty paces on each fide of the gate of the hotel-the man was about fifty-two -had a small cane under his armwas drefs'd in a dark drab-colour'd coat, waiftcoat, and breeches, which feem'd to have feen some years fervice-they were still clean, and there was a little air of frugal proprete throughout him. By his pulling off his hat, and his attitude of accosting a good many in his way, I faw he was asking charity; fo I got a sous or

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two out of my pocket ready to give him, as he took me in his turn-he pass'd by me without asking any thing-and yet did not go five steps further before he ask'd charity of a little woman - I was much more likely to have given of the two-He had fcarce done with the woman, when he pull'd off his hat to another who was coming the same way.-An ancient gentleman came flowly-and, after him, a young fmart one-He let them both pass, and ask'd nothing: I stood observing him half an hour, in which time he had made a dozen turns backwards and forwards, and found that he invariably purfued the fame plan.

There



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There were two things very fingular in this, which fet my brain to work, and to no purpose—the first was, why the man should only tell his story to the sex—and secondly what kind of story it was, and what species of eloquence it could be, which soften'd the hearts of the women, which he knew 'twas to no purpose to practise upon the men.

There were two other circumstances which entangled this mystery
— the one was, he told every woman
what he had to say in her ear, and in
a way which had much more the air
of a secret than a petition— the
other was, it was always successful
—he never stopp'd a woman, but she
pull'd

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pull'd out her purse, and immediately gave him something.

I could form no fystem to explain the phenomenon.

I had got a riddle to amuse me for the rest of the evening, so I walk'd up stairs to my chamber.

es that a company and to The

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THE CASE OF CONSCIENCE.

PARIS.

by the mafter of the hotel, who came into my room to tell me I must provide lodgings else where.—How so, friend? said I.—He answer'd, I had had a young woman lock'd up with me two hours that evening in my bed-chamber, and 'twas against the rules of his house.—Very well, said I, we'll all part friends then—for the girl is no worse—and I am no worse—and you will be just as I found you.—It was enough, he said, to overthrow

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overthrow the credit of his hotel.—
Voyez vous, Monsieur, said he, pointing to the foot of the bed we had been sitting upon.—I own it had something of the appearance of an evidence; but my pride not suffering me to enter into any detail of the case, I exhorted him to let his soul sleep in peace, as I resolved to let mine do that night, and that I would discharge what I owed him at breakfast.

I should not have minded, Monsieur, faid he, if you had had twenty girls—'Tis a score more, replied I, interrupting him, than I ever reckon'd upon—Provided, added he, it had been

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been but in a morning .- And does the difference of the time of the day at Paris make a difference in the fin? -It made a difference, he faid, in the scandal.—I like a good distinction in my heart; and cannot fay I was intolerably out of temper with the man .- I own it is necessary, re-assumed the mafter of the hotel, that a stranger at Paris should have the opportunities presented to him of buying lace and filk stockings and ruffles, et tout cela-and 'tis nothing if a woman comes with a band box .-- O' my conscience, said I, she had one; but I never look'd into it .- Then, Monsieur, said he, has bought nothing .- Not one earthly thing, replied I .- Because, faid he, I could recommend

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mend one to you who would use you en conscience.—But I must see her this night, said I.—He made me a low bow and walk'd down.

Now shall I triumph over this maitre d'hotel, cried I—and what then?—Then I shall let him see I know he is a dirty fellow.—And what then?—What then!—I was too near myself to say it was for the sake of others.—I had no good answer left—there was more of spleen than principle in my project, and I was sick of it before the execution.

In a few minutes the Griffet came in with her box of lace—I'll buy nothing.



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nothing however, faid I, within my-

The Griffet would fhew me every thing—I was hard to please: she would not seem to see it; she open'd her little magazine, laid all her laces one after another before me—unfolded and folded them up again one by one with the most patient sweetness—I might buy—or not—she would let me have every thing at my own price—the poor creature seem'd anxious to get a penny; and laid herself out to win me, and not so much in a manner which seem'd artful, as in one I felt simple and carefsing.

[113]

If there is not a fund of honest cullibility in man, so much the worse—my heart relented, and I gave up my second resolution as quietly as the first—Why should I chastise one for the trespass of another? if thou art tributary to this tyrant of an host, thought I, looking up in her face, so much harder is thy bread.

If I had not had more than four Louis d'ors in my purse, there was no such thing as rising up and shewing her the door, till I had first laid three of them out in a pair of russes.

— The master of the hotel will share the profit with her—no mat-Vol. II. I ter



[114] ter-then I have only paid as many a poor foul has paid before me for an act he could not do, or think of. THE

THE RIDDLE.

PARIS.

WHEN La Fleur came up to wait upon me at supper, he told me how forry the master of the hotel was for his affront to me in bidding me change my lodgings.

A man who values a good night's rest will not lay down with enmity in his heart if he can help it—So I bid La Fleur tell the master of the hotel, that I was forry on my side for the occasion I had given him—

I 2 and

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and you may tell him, if you will, La Fleur, added I, that if the young woman should call again, I shall not see her.

This was a facrifice not to him, but myfelf, having refolved, after fo narrow an escape, to run no more risks, but to leave Paris, if it was possible, with all the virtue I enter'd in.

Cest deroger àlanoblesse, Monsieur, faid La Fleur, making me a bow down to the ground as he said it—Et encore Monsieur, said he, may change his sentiments—and if (par hazard) he should like to amuse himsels—

I find

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I find no amusement in it, said I, interrupting him-

Mon Dieu! faid La Fleur-and took away.

In an hour's time he came to put me to bed, and was more than commonly officious — fomething hung upon his lips to fay to me, or afk me, which he could not get off: I could not conceive what it was; and indeed gave myself little trouble to find it out, as I had another riddle fo much more interesting upon my mind, which was that of the man's asking charity before the door of the hotel —I would have given any thing to have got to the bottom of it; and

I 3 that,

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that, not out of curiofity—'tis follow a principle of enquiry, in general, I would not purchase the gratification of it with a two-sous piece—but a secret, I thought, which so soon and so certainly soften'd the heart of every woman you came near, was a secret at least equal to the philosopher's stone: had I had both the Indies, I would have given up one to have been master of it.

I toss'd and turn'd it almost all night long in my brains to no manner of purpose; and when I awoke in the morning, I found my spirit as much troubled with my dreams, as ever the king of Babylon had been with

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with his; and I will not hefitate to affirm, it would have puzzled all the wife men of Paris, as much as those of Chaldea, to have given its interpretation.

14

THE

LE DIMANCHE.

PARIS.

I T was Sunday; and when La Fleur came in, in the morning, with my coffee and role and butter, he had got himself so gallantly array'd, I scarce knew him.

I had covenanted at Montretal to give him a new hat with a filver button and loop, and four Louis d'ors pour s'adonifer, when we got to Paris; and the poor fellow, to do him justice, had done wonders with it.

He

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He had bought a bright, clean, good scarlet coat and a pair of breeches of the same—They were not a crown worse, he said, for the wearing—I wish'd him hang'd for telling me—they look'd so fresh, that tho' I knew the thing could not be done, yet I would rather have imposed upon my sancy with thinking I had bought them new for the fellow, than that they had come out of the Rue de friperie.

This is a nicety which makes not the heart fore at Paris.

He had purchased moreover a handsome blue sattin waistcoat, fancifully enough embroidered—this was



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was indeed fomething the worfe for the fervices it had done, but 'twas clean fcour'd - the gold had been touch'd up, and upon the whole was rather showy than otherwise-and as the blue was not violent, it fuited with the coat and breeches very well: he had fqueez'd out of the money, moreover, a new bag and a folitaire; and had infifted with the fripier, upon a gold pair of garters to his breeches knees-He had purchased muslin ruffles, bien brodées, with four livres of his own money-and a pair of white filk stockings for five more -and, to top all, nature had given him a handsome figure, without cofting him a fous.

He

[123]

He enter'd the room thus fet off, with his hair dress'd in the first stile, and with a handsome bouquet in his breast-in a word, there was that look of festivity in every thing about him, which at once put me in mind it was Sunday - and by combining both together, it instantly struck me, that the favour he wish'd to ask of me the night before, was to fpend the day, as every body in Paris spent it, besides. I had scarce made the conjecture, when La Fleur, with infinite humility, but with a look of truft, as if I should not refuse him, begg'd I would grant him the day, pour faire le galant vis à vis de sa maitresse.

Now.



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Now it was the very thing I intended to do myself vis à vis Madame de R ****—I had retain'd the remise on purpose for it, and it would not have mortissed my vanity to have had a servant so well dress'd as La Fleur was to have got up behind it: I never could have worse spared him.

But we must feel, not argue in these embarrassments—the sons and daughters of service part with liberty, but not with Nature in their contracts; they are sless and blood, and have their little vanities and wishes in the midst of the house of bondage, as well as their task-masters

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—no doubt, they have fet their felfdenials at a price — and their expectations are fo unreasonable, that I would often disappoint them, but that their condition puts it so much in my power to do it.

Behold! — Behold, I am thy fervant—difarms me at once of the powers of a master—

-Thou shalt go, La Fleur!

—And what mistress, La Fleur, said I, canst thou have pick'd up in so little a time at Paris? La Fleur laid his hand upon his breast, and said 'twas a petite

T 126]

a petite demoiselle at Monsieur Le Compte de B * * * * 's. - La Fleur had a heart made for society; and, to speak the truth of him let as few occasions slip him as his master-so that fome how or other; but howheaven knows-he had connected himself with the demoiselle upon the landing of the stair-case, during the time I was taken up with my Paffport; and as there was time enough for me to win the Count to my inteterest, La Fleur had contrived to make it do to win the maid to his -the family, it feems, was to be at Paris that day, and he had made a party with her, and two or three more of the Count's houshold, upon the boulevards.

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Happy people! that once a week at least are sure to lay down all your cares together; and dance and sing and sport away the weights of grievance, which bow down the spirit of other nations to the earth.

THE



THE FRAGMENT.

PARIS.

A Fleur had left me fomething to amuse myself with for the day more than I had bargain'd for, or could have enter'd either into his head or mine.

He had brought the little print of butter upon a currant leaf; and as the morning was warm, and he had a good step to bring it, he had begg'd a sheet of waste paper to put betwixt the currant leaf and his hand—As that was plate sufficient, I bad him lay it upon the table as it was,

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and as I resolved to stay within all day I ordered him to call upon the traiteur to bespeak my dinner, and leave me to breakfast by myself.

When I had finish'd the butter, I threw the currant leaf out of the window, and was going to do the same by the waste paper—but stopping to read a line first, and that drawing me on to a second and third—I thought it better worth; so I shut the window, and drawing a chair up to it, I sat down to read it.

It was in the old French of Rabelais's time, and for ought I know might have been wrote by him—it was moreover in a Gothic letter, and that Vol. II. K

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fo faded and gone off by damps and length of time, it cost me infinite trouble to make any thing of it—
I threw it down; and then wrote a letter to Eugenius—then I took it up again, and embroiled my patience with it afresh—and then to cure that, I wrote a letter to Eliza.—Still it kept hold of me; and the difficulty of understanding it increased but the desire.

I got my dinner; and after I had enlightened my mind with a bottle of Burgundy, I at it again—and after two or three hours poring upon it, with almost as deep attention as ever Gruter or Jacob Spon did upon a nonsensical inscription, I thought I made

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made sense of it; but to make sure of it, the best way, I imagined, was to turn it into English, and fee how it would look then - fo I went on leifurely, as a triffing man does, fometimes writing a fentence-then taking a turn or two-and then looking how the world went, out of the window; fo that it was nine o'clock at night before I had done it-I then begun and read it as follows.

gro especial manage has the to was vers and centain each single only story

THE

THE FRAGMENT.

PARIS.

Now as the notary's wife disputed the point with the notary with too much heat—I wish, faid the notary, throwing down the parchment, that there was another notary here only to set down and attest all this—

—And what would you do then,
Monsieur? faid she, rising hastily up—
the notary's wife was a little sume of
a woman, and the notary thought it
well

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well to avoid a hurricane by a mild reply—I would go, answer'd he, to bed.—You may go to the devil, answer'd the notary's wife.

Now there happening to be but one bed in the house, the other two rooms being unfurnish'd, as is the custom at Paris, and the notary not caring to lie in the same bed with a woman who had but that moment sent him pell-mell to the devil, went forth with his hat and cane and short cloak, the night being very windy, and walk'd out ill at ease towards the pont neuf.

Of all the bridges which ever were built, the whole world who have K 3 pass'd



F 134]

pass'd over the pont neuf, must own, that it is the noblest—the finest—the grandest—the lightest—the longest—the broadest that ever conjoin'd land and land together upon the face of the terraqueous globe—

By this, it seems, as if the author of the fragment had not been a Frenchman,

The worst fault which divines and the doctors of the Sorbonne can allege against it, is, that if there is but a cap-full of wind in or about Paris, 'tis more blasphemously facre Dieu'd there than in any other aperture of the whole city—and with reafon,

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fon, good and cogent Messieurs; for it comes against you without crying garde d'eau, and with fuch unpremeditable puffs, that of the few who crofs it with their hats on, not one in fifty but hazards two livres and a half, which is its full worth.

The poor notary, just as he was passing by the sentry, instinctively clapp'd his cane to the fide of it, but in raifing it up the point of his cane catching hold of the loop of the fentinel's hat hoisted it over the spikes of the ballustrade clear into the Seine-

WEST AND THE PERSON OF THE PER

bas solo K 4

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—'Tis an ill wind, faid a boatfman, who catch'd it, which blows no body any good.

The fentry being a gascon incontinently twirl'd up his whiskers, and levell'd his harquebuss.

Harquebuffes in those days went off with matches; and an old woman's paper lanthorn at the end of the bridge happening to be blown out, she had borrow'd the sentry's match to light it—it gave a moment's time for the gascon's blood to run cool, and turn the accident better to his advantage—'Tis an ill wind, said he, catching off the notary's castor, and legi-

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legitimating the capture with the boatman's adage.

The poor notary cross'd the bridge, and passing along the rue de Dauphine into the fauxbourgs of St. Germain, lamented himself as he walk'd along in this manner:

Luckless man! that I am, said the notary, to be the sport of hurricanes all my days—to be born to have the storm of ill language levell'd against me and my profession wherever I go—to be forced into marriage by the thunder of the church to a tempest of a woman—to be driven forth out of my house by domestic

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domestic winds, and despoil'd of my castor by pontisic ones—to be here, bare-headed, in a windy night at the mercy of the ebbs and slows of accidents—where I am to lay my head?—miserable man! what wind in the two-and-thirty points of the whole compass can blow unto thee, as it does to the rest of thy fellow creatures, good!

As the notary was passing on by a dark passage, complaining in this fort, a voice call'd out to a girl, to bid her run for the next notary—now the notary being the next, and availing himself of his situation, walk'd up the passage to the door, and pass-

ing



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ing through an old fort of a faloon, was usher'd into a large chamber dismantled of every thing but a long military pike—a breast plate—a rusty old sword, and bandoleer, hung up equi-distant in four different places against the wall.

An old personage, who had heretofore been a gentleman, and unless decay of fortune taints the blood along
with it was a gentleman at that time,
lay supporting his head upon his hand
in his bed; a little table with a taper
burning was set close beside it, and
close by the table was placed a chair
— the notary sat him down in it; and
pulling out his ink-horn and a sheet
or two of paper which he had in his
pocket,

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pocket, he placed them before him. and dipping his pen in his ink, and leaning his breaft over the table, he disposed every thing to make the gentleman's last will and testament. and miss and their mental man

Alas! Monsieur le Notaire, faid the gentleman, raifing himfelf up a little, I have nothing to bequeath which will pay the expence of bequeathing, except the history of myfelf, which, I could not die in peace unless I left it as a legacy to the world; the profits arifing out of it, I bequeath to you for the pains of taking it from me-it is a story so uncommon, it must be read by all 4

man-

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mankind-it will make the fortunes of your house-the notary dipp'd his pen into his ink-horn-Almighty director of every event in my life! faid the old gentleman, looking up earneftly and raifing his hands towards heaven - thou whose hand has led me on through fuch a labyrinth of strange passages down into this scene of defolation, affift the decaying memory of an old, infirm, and brokenhearted man-direct my tongue, by the spirit of thy eternal truth, that this stranger may set down naught but what is written in that Book, from whose records, faid he, clasping his hands together, I am to be condemn'd or acquitted! - the notary held up

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the point of his pen betwixt the taper and his eye—

—It is a ftory, Monsieur le Notaire, said the gentleman, which will rouse up every affection in nature it will kill the humane, and touch the heart of cruelty herself with pity—

The notary was inflamed with a defire to begin, and put his pen a third time into his ink-horn—and the old gentleman turning a little more towards the notary, began to dictate his story in these words—

- And



—And where is the rest of it, La Fleur? said I, as he just then enter'd the room.

THE



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THE FRAGMENT AND THE *BOUQUET.

PARIS.

HEN La Fleur came up close to the table, and was made to comprehend what I wanted, he told me there were only two other sheets of it which he had wrapt round the stalks of a bouquet to keep it together, which he had presented to the demoiselle upon the boulevards—Then,

* Nofegay.

prithee,



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prithee, La Fleur, said I, step back to her to the Count de B ** ** s hotel, and fee if you canst get-There is no doubt of it, said La Fleur-and away he flew. Sairs ! avoiding wold --

-How calcery! fact. In a very little time the poor fellow came back quite out of breath, with deeper marks of disappointment in his looks than could arise from the fimple irreparability of the fragment - Juste ciel! in less than two minutes that the poor fellow had taken his last tender farewel of her-his faithless mistress had given his gage d'amour to one of the Count's footmen-the footman to a young fempstress-and the sempstress to a fiddler, with my fragment at the end of it-Vol. II. I. Our

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Our misfortunes were involved together—I gave a figh—and La Fleur echo'd it back again to my ear—

- How perfidious! cried La Fleur -How unlucky! faid I.—

—I should not have been mortified, Monsieur, quoth La Fleur, if she had lost it—Nor I, La Fleur, said I, had I found it.

Whether I did or no, will be feen hereafter.

THE



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THE ACT OF CHARITY.

PARIS.

HE man who either disdains or fears to walk up a dark entry may be an excellent good man, and fit for a hundred things; but he will not do to make a good fentimental traveller. I count little of the many things I see pass at broad noon day, in large and open streets. - Nature is fhy, and hates to act before spectators; but in fuch an unobferved corner, you fometimes fee a fingle fhort scene of her's worth all the fentiments of a dozen French plays compounded together-and yet I. 2 they

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they are absolutely fine;—and whenever I have a more brilliant affair upon my hands than common, as they suit a preacher just as well as a hero, I generally make my fer mon out of 'em—and for the text—" Ca-" padosia, Pontus and Asia, Phrygia and Pamphilia'—is as good as any one in the Bible.

There is a long dark passage issuing out from the opera comique into a narrow street; 'tis trod by a few who humbly wait for a fiacre*, or wish to get off quietly o'foot when the opera is done. At the end of it, towards the theatre,'tis lighted by a small candle,

the

^{*} Hackney-coach.

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the light of which is almost lost before you get half-way down, but near the door—'tis more for ornament than use: you see it as a fix'd star of the least magnitude; it burns—but does little good to the world, that we know of.

In returning along this passage, I discern'd, as I approach'd within five or six paces of the door, two ladies standing arm in arm, with their backs against the wall, waiting, as I imagined, for a stace—as they were next the door, I thought they had a prior right; so edged myself up within a yard or little more of them, and quietly took my stand—I was in black, and scarce seen.

L 3

The

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The lady next me was a tall lean figure of a woman of about thirty-fix; the other of the fame fize and make, of about forty; there was no mark of wife or widow in any one part of either of them—they feem'd to be two upright veftal fifters, unfapp'd by careffes, unbroke in upon by tender falutations: I could have wish'd to have made them happy—their happiness was destin'd, that night, to come from another quarter.

A low voice, with a good turn of expression, and sweet cadence at the end of it, begg'd for a twelve-sous piece betwixt them, for the love of heaven. I thought it singular, that a beggar

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a beggar should fix the quota of an alms—and that the sum should be twelve times as much as what is usually given in the dark. They both seemed astonish'd at it as much as myself.—Twelve sous! said one—a twelve-sous piece! said the other—and made no reply.

The poor man faid, He knew not how to ask less of ladies of their rank; and bow'd down his head to the ground.

Poo! faid they — we have no money.

The beggar remained filent for a moment or two, and renew'd his supplication.

L 4

Do



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Do not, my fair young ladies, faid he, stop your good ears against me—Upon my word, honest man! faid the younger, we have no change—Then God bless you, faid the poor man, and multiply those joys which you can give to others without change!—I observed the elder sister put her hand into her pocket—I'll see, said she, if I have a sous.—A sous! give twelve, said the supplicant; Nature has been bountiful to you, be bountiful to a poor man.

I would, friend, with all my heart, faid the younger, if I had it.

My fair charitable! faid he, addressing himself to the elder—What



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What is it but your goodness and humanity which makes your bright eyes so sweet, that they outshine the the morning even in this dark passage? and what was it which made the Marquis de Santerre and his brother say so much of you both as they just pass'd by?

The two ladies feemed much affected; and impulfively at the fame time they both put their hands into their pocket, and each took out a twelve-fous piece.

The contest betwixt them and the poor supplicant was no more—it was continued betwixt themselves, which of

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of the two should give the twelvefous piece in charity—and to end the dispute, they both gave it together, and the man went away.

THE

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THE RIDDLE EXPLAINED.

PARIS.

I Stepp'd hastily after him: it was the very man whose success in asking charity of the women before the door of the hotel had so puzzled me—and I found at once his secret, or at least the basis of it—'twas stattery.

Delicious effence! how refreshing art thou to nature! how strongly are all its powers and all its weaknesses on thy side! how sweetly dost thou mix with the blood, and help it through the most difficult and tortuous passages to the heart!

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The poor man, as he was not straighten'd for time, had given it here in a larger dose: 'tis certain he had a way of bringing it into less form, for the many sudden cases he had to do with in the streets; but how he contrived to correct, sweeten, concentre, and qualify it—I vex not my spirit with the inquiry—it is enough, the beggar gain'd two twelve-fous pieces—and they can best tell the rest, who have gain'd much greater matters by it.

PARIS.



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PARIS.

E get forwards in the world not fo much by doing fervices, as receiving them: you take a withering twig, and put it in the ground; and then you water it, because you have planted it,

Monf. Le Compte de B****, merely because he had done me one kindness in the affair of my passiport, would go on and do me another, the few days he was at Paris, in making me known to a few people of rank; and they were to present me to others, and so on.

6 I had



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I had got master of my fecret, just in time to turn these honours to some little account; otherwise, as is commonly the case, I should have din'd or supp'd a single time or two round, and then by translating French looks and attitudes into plain English, I should presently have seen, that I had got hold of the couvert* of some more entertaining guest; and in course, should have resigned all my places one after another, merely upon the principle that I could not keep them.—As it was, things did not go much amis.

I had the honour of being introduced to the old Marquis de B****:

in



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^{*} Plate, napkin, knife, fork, and fpoon.

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in days of yore he had fignaliz'd himself by some small feats of chivalry in the Cour d'amour, and had dress'd himself out to the idea of tilts and tournaments ever since—the Marquis de B ** ** wish'd to have it thought the affair was somewhere else than in his brain. "He could "like to take a trip to England," and ask'd much of the English ladies. Stay where you are, I besech you, Mons. le Marquis, said I—Les Messrs. Anglois can scarce get a kind look from them as it is.—The Marquis invited me to supper.

Monf. P**** the farmer-general was just as inquisitive about our taxes.—They were very considerable,

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he heard—If we knew but how to collect them, faid I, making him a low bow.

I could never have been invited to Monf. P****'s concerts upon any other terms.

I had been misrepresented to Madame de Q* * * as an esprit—Madam de Q*** was an esprit herself; she burnt with impatience to see me, and hear me talk. I had not taken my seat, before I saw she did not care a sous whether I had any wit or no—I was let in, to be convinced she had.—I call heaven to witness I never once open'd the door of my lips.

Madame

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Madame de Q * * * vow d to every creature she met, " She had never had a more improving conver- fation with a man in her life."

There are three epochas in the empire of a French-woman — She is coquette — then deist — then devôte: the empire during these is never lost — she only changes her subjects: when thirty-sive years and more have unpeopled her dominions of the slaves of love, she re-peoples it with slaves of insidelity — and then with the slaves of the Church.

Madame de V * * * was vibrating betwixt the first of these epochas: the colour of the rose was shading Vol. II. M fast

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fast away—she ought to have been a deist five years before the time I had the honour to pay my first visit.

She placed me upon the fame fopha with her, for the fake of disputing the point of religion more closely. —In short, Madame de V *** told me she believed nothing.

I told Madame de V *** it might be her principle; but I was fure it could not be her interest to level the outworks, without which I could not conceive how such a citadel as hers could be defended—that there was not a more dangerous thing in the world, than for a beauty to be a deist—that it was a debt I owed my creed,

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creed, not to conceal it from her that I had not been five minutes fat upon the fopha befides her, but I had begun to form defigns—and what is it, but the fentiments of religion, and the perfuasion they had existed in her breast, which could have check'd them as they rose up.

We are not adamant, faid I, taking hold of her hand—and there is need of all reftraints, till age in her own time steals in and lays them on us—but, my dear lady, faid I, kissing her hand—'tis too—too soon—

I declare I had the credit all over Paris of unperverting Madame de V***. — She affirmed to Monf.

M 2

D***

[164]

D*** and the Abbe M * * *, that in one half hour I had faid more for revealed religion, than all their Encyclopedia had faid against it—I was lifted directly into Madame de V***'s Coterie—and she put off the epocha of deism for two years.

I remember it was in this Coterie, in the middle of a discourse, in which I was shewing the necessity of a first cause, that the young Count de Faineant took me by the hand to the furthest corner of the room, to tell me my solitaire was pinn'd too strait about my neck—It should be plus badinant, said the Count, looking down upon his own—but a word, Mons. Yorick, to the wise—

2

And

F 165 7

- And from the wife, Monf. Le Compte, replied I, making him a bow-is enough.

The Count de Faineant embraced me with more ardour than ever I was embraced by mortal man.

For three weeks together, I was of every man's opinion I met. -Pardi! ce Mons. Yorick a autant d'esprit que nous autres. - Il raisonne bien, said another. - C'est un bon enfant, faid a third. - And at this price I could have eaten and drank and been merry all the days of my life at Paris; but 'twas a dishonest reckoning-I grew ashamed of it-it was the gain of a flave-M 3

T 166 7

every fentiment of honour revolted against it—the higher I got, the more was I forced upon my beggarly system—the better the Coterie—the more children of Art—I languish'd for those of Nature: and one night, after a most vile prostitution of myfelf to half a dozen different people, I grew sick—went to bed—order'd La Fleur to get me horses in the morning to set out for Italy.

Township of the Spirit of the Second of the

MARIA

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MARIA:

MOULINES

Plenty was in any one shape till now—to travel it through the Bourbonnois, the sweetest part of France—in the hey-day of the vintage, when Nature is pouring her abundance into every one's lap, and every eye is lifted up—a journey through each step of which music beats time to Labour, and all her children are rejoicing as they carry in their clusters—to pass through this with my affections slying out, and kindling at every M 4 group

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group before me—and every one of 'em was pregnant with adventures.

Just heaven!—it would fill up twenty volumes—and alas! I have but a few small pages left of this to croud it into—and half of these must be taken up with the poor Maria my friend, Mr. Shandy, met with near Moulines.

The ftory he had told of that diforder'd maid affect'd me not a little in the reading; but when I got within the neighbourhood where she lived, it returned so strong into my mind, that I could not resist an impulse which prompted me to go half a league out of the road to the village where [169]

where her parents dwelt to enquire after her.

'Tis going, I own, like the Knight of the Woeful Countenance, in quest of melancholy adventures — but I know not how it is, but I am never so perfectly conscious of the existence of a soul within me, as when I am entangled in them.

The old mother came to the door, her looks told me the story before she open'd her mouth—She had lost her husband; he had died, she said, of anguish, for the loss of Maria's senses about a month before. — She had feared at first, she added, that it would have plunder'd her poor girl of

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of what little understanding was left—but, on the contrary, it had brought her more to herfelf—still she could not rest—her poor daughter, she said, crying, was wandering somewhere about the road—

—Why does my pulse beat languid as I write this? and what made La Fleur, whose heart feem'd only to be tuned to joy, to pass the back of his hand twice across his eyes, as the woman stood and told it? I beckon'd to the postilion to turn back into the road.

When we had got within half a league of Moulines, at a little opening in the road leading to a thicket, I discovered

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discovered poor Maria sitting under a poplar—she was sitting with her elbow in her lap, and her head leaning on one side within her hand—a small brook ran at the soot of the tree.

I bid the possilion go on with the chaise to Moulines—and La Fleur to bespeak my supper—and that I would walk after him.

She was dress'd in white, and much as my friend described her, except that her hair hung loose, which before was twisted within a filk net.—She had, superadded likewise to her jacket, a pale green ribband which fell across her shoulder to the waist; at the end of

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of which hung her pipe.—Her goat had been as faithless as her lover; and she had got a little dog in lieu of him, which she had kept tied by a string to her girdle; as I look'd at her dog, she drew him towards her with the string.—"Thou shalt not leave me, Sylvio," faid she. I look'd in Maria's eyes, and saw she was thinking more of her father than of her lover or her little goat; for as she utter'd them the tears trickled down ther cheeks.

I fat down close by her; and Maria let me wipe them away as they fell with my handkerchief.—I then fleep'd it in my own—and then in hers—and then in mine—and then I wip'd

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I wip'd hers again — and as I did it, I felt fuch undescribable emotions within me, as I am fure could not be accounted for from any combinations of matter and motion.

I am positive I have a soul; nor can all the books with which materialists have pester'd the world ever convince me of the contrary.

MARIA.

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MARIA.

7 HEN Maria had come a little to herself, I ask'd her if she remember'd a pale thin person of a man who had fat down betwixt her and her goat about two years before? She faid, the was unfettled much at that time, but remember'd it upon two accounts-that ill as the was the faw the perfon pitied her; and next, that her goat had stolen his handkerchief, and she had beat him for the theft-she had wash'd it, she said, in the brook, and kept it ever fince in her pocket to restore it to him in case she should ever see him again, which, The

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she added, he had half promised her. As she told methis, she took the hand-kerchief out of her pocket to let me see it; she had folded it up neatly in a couple of vine leaves, tied round with a tendril—on opening it, I saw an S mark'd in one of the corners.

She had fince that, she told me, stray'd as far as Rome, and walk'd round St Peter's once—and return'd back—that she found her way alone across the Apennines—had travell'd over all Lombardy without money—and through the slinty roads of Savoy without shoes—how she had borne it, and how she had got supported, she could not tell—but God

tempers

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tempers the wind, faid Maria, to the shorn lamb.

Shorn indeed! and to the quick, faid I; and wast thou in my own land, where I have a cottage, I would take thee to it and shelter thee: thou shouldst eat of my own bread, and drink of my own cup-I would be kind to thy Sylvio-in all thy weaknesses and wanderings I would feek after thee and bring thee back -when the fun went down I would fay my prayers, and when I had done thou fhouldst play thy evening fong upon thy pipe, nor would the incense of my facrifice be worfe accepted for entering heaven along with that of a broken heart.

Nature

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Nature melted within me, as I utter'd this; and Maria observing, as I took out my handkerchief, that it was steep'd to much already to be of use, would needs go wash it in the stream.—And where will you dry it, Maria? faid I—I'll dry it in my bosom, said she—'twill do me good.

And is your heart still so warni, Maria? said I.

I touch'd upon the string on which hung all her forrows—she look'd with wistful disorder for some time in my face; and then, without saying any thing, took her pipe, and play'd her service to the Virgin — The string I had touch'd ceased to vibrate—in a Vol. II. N moment

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moment or two Maria returned to herself—let her pipe fall—and rose up.

And where are you going, Maria? faid I.—She faid to Moulines.—
Let us go, faid I, together.—Maria put her arm within mine, and lengthening the ftring, to let the dog follow—in that order we entered Moulines.

MARIA.

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MARIA.

MOULINES.

THO' I hate falutations and greetings in the market-place, yet when we got into the middle of this, I ftopp'd to take my last look and last farewel of Maria.

Maria, tho' not tall, was nevertheless of the first order of fine forms
—affliction had touch'd her looks
with something that was scarce earthly
—still she was feminine—and so much
was there about her of all that the

N 2 heart

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heart wishes, or the eye looks for in woman, that could the traces be ever worn out of her brain, and those of Eliza's out of mine, she should not only eat of my bread and drink of my own cup, but Maria should lay in my bosom, and be unto me as a daughter.

Adieu, poor luckless maiden!—imbibe the oil and wine which the compassion of a stranger, as he journieth on his way, now pours into thy wounds—the being who has twice bruised thee can only bind them up for ever.

THE

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THE BOURBONNOIS.

Which I had painted out for myself so joyous a riot of the affections, as in this journey in the vintage, through this part of France; but pressing through this gate of forrow to it, my sufferings has totally unsitted me: in every scene of sestivity I saw Maria in the back-ground of the piece, sitting pensive under her poplar; and I had got almost to Lyons before I was able to cast a shade across her—

N.3 Dear

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-Dear fenfibility! fource inexhausted of all that's precious in our joys, or coftly in our forrows! thou chainest thy martyr down upon his bed of straw-and 'tis thou who lifts him up to Heaven-eternal fountain of our feelings !- 'tis here I trace theeand this is thy divinity which ftirs within me-not, that in fome fad and fickening moments, " my foul s sprinks back upon berself, and startles " at destruction" - mere pomp of words!-but that I feel fome generous joys and generous cares beyond myfelf-all comes from thee, greatgreat SENSORIUM of the world! which vibrates, if a hair of our heads but falls upon the ground, in the remotest

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with thee, Eugenius draws my curtain when I languish—hears my tale of symptoms, and blames the weather for the disorder of his nerves. Thou giv'st a portion of it sometimes to the roughest peasant who traverses the bleakest mountains—he finds the lacerated lamb of another's slock—This moment I beheld him leaning with his head against his crook, with piteous inclination looking down upon it—Oh! had I come one moment some !—it bleeds to death—his gentle heart bleeds with it—

Peace to thee, generous fwain!—

I fee thou walkest off with anguish

N 4 —but

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but thy joys shall balance it—for happy is thy cottage—and happy is the sharer of it—and happy are the lambs which sport about you.

THE



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THE SUPPER.

A SHOE coming loose from the fore-foot of the thill-horse, at the beginning of the ascent of mount Taurira, the postilion dismounted, twisted the shoe off, and put it in his pocket; as the ascent was of sive or six miles, and that horse our main dependence, I made a point of having the shoe fasten'd on again, as well as we could; but the postilion had thrown away the nails, and the hammer in the chaise-box, being of no great use without them, I submitted to go on.

He

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He had not mounted half a mile higher, when coming to a flinty piece of road, the poor devil lost a fecond shoe, and from off his other fore-foot; I then got out of the chaife in good earnest; and feeing a house about a quarter of a mile to the left-hand, with a great deal to do, I prevailed upon the postilion to turn up to it. The look of the house, and of every thing about it, as we drew nearer, foon reconciled me to the difafter. - It was a little farm-house surrounded with about twenty acres of vineyard, about as much corn-and close to the house, on one fide, was a potagerie of an acre and a half, full of every thing which

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which could make plenty in a French peasant's house—and on the other side was a little wood which furnished wherewithal to dress it. It was about eight in the evening when I got to the house—so I lest the postilion to manage his point as he could—and for mine, I walk'd directly into the house.

The family confifted of an old grey-headed man and his wife, with five or fix fons and fons-in-law and their feveral wives, and a joyous genealogy out of 'em.

They were all fitting down together to their lentil-foup; a large wheaten loaf was in the middle of the table;



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table; and a flaggon of wine at each end of it promifed joy thro' the flages of the repast—'twas a feast of love.

The old man rose up to meet me, and with a respectful cordiality would have me fit down at the table; my heart was sat down the moment I enter'd the room; so I sat down at once like a son of the samily; and to invest myself in the character as speedily as I could, I instantly borrowed the old man's knife, and taking up the loas cut myself a hearty luncheon; and as I did it I saw a testimony in every eye, not only of an honest welcome, but of a welcome mix'd with thanks that I had not seem'd to doubt it.

4

Was

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Was it this; or tell me, Nature, what else it was which made this morfel so sweet—and to what magick I owe it, that the draught I took of their slaggon was so delicious with it, that they remain upon my palate to this hour?

If the supper was to my taste the grace which follow'd it was much more so.

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THE GRACE.

7 HEN supper was over, the old man gave a knock upon the table with the haft of his knife -to bid them prepare for the dance: the moment the fignal was given, the women and girls ran all together into a back apartment to tye up their hair-and the young men to the door to wash their faces, and change their fabots; and in three minutes every foul was ready upon a little esplanade before the house to begin-The old man and his wife came out last, and, placing me betwixt them, fat down upon a fopha of turf by the door. The

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The old man had some fifty years ago been no mean performer upon the vielle—and at the age he was then of, touch'd it well enough for the purpose. His wife sung now-and-then a little to the tune—then intermitted—and joined her old man again as their children and grand-children danced before them.

It was not till the middle of the fecond dance, when, from some pauses in the movement wherein they all seemed to look up, I fancied I could distinguish an elevation of spirit different from that which is the cause or the effect of simple jollity.—In a word, I thought I beheld Religion mixing in the dance—but as I had never seen

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her fo engaged, I should have look'd upon it now, as one of the illusions of an imagination which is eternally misleading me, had not the old man, as soon as the dance ended, said, that this was their constant way; and that all his life long he had made it a rule, after supper was over, to call out his family to dance and rejoice; believing, he said, that a chearful and contented mind was the best fort of thanks to heaven that an illiterate peasant could pay—

--Or a learned prelate either, faid I.

THE

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THE CASE OF DELICACY.

WHEN you have gained the top of mount Taurira, you run presently down to Lyons—adieu then to all rapid movements! 'Tis a journey of caution; and it fares better with sentiments, not to be in a hurry with them; so I contracted with a Voiturin to take his time with a couple of mules, and convey me in my own chaise safe to Turin through Savoy.

Poor, patient, quiet, honest people! fear not; your poverty, the treasury of your simple virtues, will Vol. II. O not



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not be envied you by the world, nor will your vallies be invaded by it.—Nature! in the midft of thy diforders, thou art still friendly to the scantiness thou hast created—with all thy great works about thee, little hast thou left to give, either to the scithe or to the sickle—but to that little, thou grantest safety and protection; and sweet are the dwellings which stand so shelter'd.

Let the way-worn traveller vent his complaints upon the fudden turns and dangers of your roads—your rocks—your precipices—the difficulties of getting up—the horrors of getting down—mountains impracticable—and cataracts, which roll down great ftones

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stones from their summits, and block his up road.—The peafants had been allday at work in removing a fragment of this kind between St. Michael and Madane; and by the time my Voiturin got to the place, it wanted full two hours of compleating before a paffage could any how be gain'd: there was nothing but to wait with patience-'twas a wet and tempestuous night; so that by the delay, and that together, the Voiturin found himself obliged to take up five miles short of his stage at a little decent kind of an inn by the road fide.

I forthwith took possession of my bed-chamber—got a good fire—or-O 2 der'd



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der'd supper; and was thanking heaven it was no worse -when a voiture arrived with a lady in it and her fervant-maid.

As there was no other bed-chamber in the house, the hostess, without much nicety, led them into mine, telling them, as fhe usher'd them in, that there was no body in it but an English gentleman-that there were two good beds, in it and a closet within the room which held another -the accent in which she spoke of this third bed did not fay much for it-however, she faid, there were three beds, and but three people-and she durst fay, the gentleman would do

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any thing to accommodate matters.—
I left not the lady a moment to make
a conjecture about it—fo inftantly
made a declaration I would do any
thing in my power.

As this did not amount to an abfolute furrender of my bed-chamber,

I still felt myself so much the proprietor, as to have a right to do the
honours of it—so I desired the lady to
sit down—pressed her into the warmest
seat—call'd for more wood—desired
the hostess to enlarge the plan of the
supper, and to favour us with the very
best wine.

The lady had scarce warm'd herfelf five minutes at the fire, before O 3 she



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she began to turn her head back, and give alook at the beds; and the oftener she cast her eyes that way, the more they return'd perplex'd—I felt for her—and for myself; for in a few minutes, what by her looks, and the case itself, I found myself as much embarrassed as it was possible the lady could be herself.

That the beds we were to lay in were in one and the same room, was enough simply by itself to have excited all this—but the position of them, for they stood parallel, and so very close to each other as only to allow space for a small wicker chair betwixt them, render'd the affair still

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still more oppressive to us-they were fixed up moreover near the fire, and the projection of the chimney on one fide, and a large beam which cross'd the room on the other, form'd a kind of recess for them that was no way favourable to the nicety of our fenfations - if any thing could have added to it, it was, that the two beds were both of 'em fo very fmall, as to cut us off from every idea of the lady and the maid lying together; which in either of them, could it have been feafible, my lying besides them, the' a thing not to be wish'd, yet there was nothing in it fo terrible which the imagination might not have pass'd over without torment.

0 4

As

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As for the little room within, it offer'd little or no confolation to us; 'twas a damp cold closet, with a half difmantled window shutter, and with a window which had neither glass or oil paper in it to keep out the tempest of the night. I did not endeavour to stifle my cough when the lady gave a peep into it; fo it reduced the case in course to this alternative - that the lady should facrifice her health to her feelings, and take up with the closet herself, and abandon the bed next mine to her maid - or that the girl fhould take the closet, &c. &c.

The lady was a Piedmontese of about thirty, with a glow of health in

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In her cheeks.—The maid was a Lyonoise of twenty, and as brisk and lively a French girl as ever moved.—
There were difficulties every way—and the obstacle of the stone in the road, which brought us into the distress, great as it appeared whilst the peasants were removing it, was but a pebble to what lay in our ways now—I have only to add, that it did not lessen the weight which hung upon our spirits, that we were both too delicate to communicate what we felt to each other upon the occasion.

We fat down to supper; and had we not had more generous wine to it than a little inn in Savoy could have furnish'd,

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furnish'd, our tongues had been tied up, till necessity herfelf had fet them at liberty-but the lady having a few bottles of Burgundy in her voiture fent down her Fille de Chambre for a couple of them; fo that by the time supper was over, and we were left alone, we felt ourselves inspired with a strength of mind sufficient to talk, at least, without referve upon our fituation. We turn'd it every way, and debated and confidered it in all kind of lights in the course of a two hours negociation; at the end of which the articles were fettled finally betwixt us, and stipulated for in form and manner of a treaty of peace-and I believe with as much religion

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religion and good faith on both fides, as in any treaty which as yet had the honour of being handed down to pofterity.

They were as follows:

First. As the right of the bedchamber is in Monsieur — and he thinking the bed next to the fire to be the warmest, he insists upon the concession on the lady's side of taking up with it.

Granted, on the part of Madame; with a proviso, That as the curtains of that bed are of a flimsy transparent cotton, and appear likewise too scanty to draw close, that the Fille

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Fille de Chambre, shall fasten up the opening, either by corking pins, or needle and thread, in such manner as shall be deemed a sufficient barrier on the side of Monsieur.

2dly. It is required on the part of Madame, that Monsieur shall lay the whole night through in his robe de chambre.

Rejected: inafmuch Monfieur is not worth a robe de chambre; he having nothing in his portmanteau but fix shirts and a black filk pair of breeches.

The mentioning the filk pair of breeches made an entire change of the article—for the breeches were accepted

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cepted as an equivalent for the robe de chambre, and so it was stipulated and agreed upon that I should lay in my black filk breeches all night.

3dly. It was infifted upon, and stipulated for by the lady, that after Monsieur was got to bed, and the candle and fire extinguished, that Monfieur should not speak one fingle word the whole night.

Granted; provided Monsieur's saying his prayers might not be deem'd an infraction of the treaty.

There was but one point forgot in this treaty, and that was the manner in which the lady and myfelf should be



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be obliged to undress and get to bed—there was but one way of doing it, and that I leave to the reader to devise; protesting as I do it, that if it is not the most delicate in nature, 'tis the fault of his own imagination—against which this is not my first complaint.

Now when we were got to bed, whether it was the novelty of the fituation, or what it was, I know not; but so it was, I could not shut my eyes; I tried this side and that, and turn'd and turn'd again, till a full hour after midnight; when Nature and patience both wearing out—O my God! said I—

—You have broke the treaty, Monsieur, faid the lady, who had no more

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more flept than myself.—I begg'd a thousand pardons—but insisted it was no more than an ejaculation—she maintain'd 'twas an entire infraction of the treaty—I maintain'd it was provided for in the clause of the third article.

The lady would by no means give up her point, tho' she weakened her barrier by it; for in the warmth of the dispute, I could hear two or three corking pins fall out of the curtain to the ground.

Upon my word and honour, Madame, faid I — stretching my arm out of bed, by way affeveration—

—(I was



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—(I was going to have added, that I would not have trespass'd against the remotest idea of decorum for the world)—

—But the Fille de Chambre hearing there were words between us, and fearing that hostilities would ensue in course, had crept filently out of her closet, and it being totally dark, had stolen so close to our beds, that she had got herself into the narrow passage which separated them, and had advanc'd so far up as to be in a line betwixt her mistress and me—

So that when I stretch'd out my hand, I caught hold of the Fille de Chambre's

END OF VOL. II.























